CITY OF NAPLES, FLORIDA

AGREEMENT (PROFESSIONAL SERVICES)

Bid/Proposal 013-13

Contract No. $\frac{3-000}{2}$

Project Name Well Head Improvements

THIS AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is made and entered into this between the City of Naples, a Florida municipal corporation, (the "CITY") and Youngquist Brothers, Inc a Florida corporation, located at 15465 Pine Ridge Road, Fort Myers, FL 33908 (the "CONTRACTOR").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the CITY desires to obtain the services of the CONTRACTOR concerning certain services specified in this Agreement (referred to as the "Project"); and

WHEREAS, the CONTRACTOR has submitted a proposal for provision of those services; and

WHEREAS, the CONTRACTOR represents that it has expertise in the type of professional services that will be required for the Project.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and provisions contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE ONE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

- 1.1. The Services to be performed by CONTRACTOR are generally described as the removal of existing piping, pumps, meters, fittings, and valves; the furnishing and installation of new well head piping, fittings, and valves; the reinstallation of existing items to be reused (pumps, meters, and check valves); and well and piping testing to 6 (six) wells, and may be more fully described in the Scope of Services, attached as **EXHIBIT A** and made a part of this Agreement.
- 1.2. The CONTRACTOR agrees to obtain and maintain throughout the period of this Agreement all such licenses as are required to do business in the State of Florida, the City of Naples, and in Collier County, Florida, including, but not limited to, all licenses required by the respective state boards and other governmental agencies responsible for regulating and licensing the professional services to be provided and performed by the CONTRACTOR pursuant to this Agreement.
- 1.3. The CONTRACTOR agrees that, when the services to be provided hereunder relate to a professional service which, under Florida Statutes, requires a license, certificate of authorization or other form of legal entitlement to practice such services, it shall employ or retain only qualified personnel to provide such services.
- 1.4. CONTRACTOR agrees to employ and designate, in writing, within 5 calendar days after receiving its

Notice to Proceed, or other directive from the CITY, a qualified licensed professional to serve as the CONTRACTOR's project manager (the "Project Manager"). The Project Manager shall be authorized and responsible to act on behalf of the CONTRACTOR with respect to directing, coordinating and administering all aspects of the services to be provided and performed under this Agreement.

- 1.5. The CONTRACTOR has represented to the CITY that it has expertise in the type of professional services that will be required for the Project. The CONTRACTOR agrees that all services to be provided by CONTRACTOR pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to the CITY's review and approval and shall be in accordance with the generally accepted standards of professional practice in the State of Florida, as may be applied to the type of services to be rendered, as well as in accordance with all published laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules, regulations and requirements of any governmental agencies which regulate or have jurisdiction over the Project or the services to be provided and performed by CONTRACTOR. In the event of any conflicts in these requirements, the CONTRACTOR shall notify the CITY of such conflict and utilize its best professional judgment to advise CITY regarding resolution of the conflict.
- 1.6. The CONTRACTOR agrees not to divulge, furnish or make available to any third person, firm or organization, without CITY's prior written consent, or unless incident to the proper performance of the CONTRACTOR's obligations hereunder, or in the course of judicial or legislative proceedings where such information has been properly subpoenaed, any non-public information concerning the services to be rendered by CONTRACTOR hereunder, and CONTRACTOR shall require all of its employees, agents, subconsultants and subcontractors to comply with the provisions of this paragraph. However, the CONTRACTOR shall comply with the Florida Public Records laws.
- 1.7 The CONTRACTOR agrees not to employ or offer to employ any Elected Officer or City Managerial Employee of the CITY who in any way deals with, coordinates on, or assists with, the professional services provided in this Agreement, for a period of 2 years after termination of all provisions of this Agreement. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "Elected Officer" shall mean any member of the City Council. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "City Managerial Employee" shall mean the City Manager, the Assistant City Manager, the City Clerk, and any City department head or director. If the CONTRACTOR violates the provisions of this paragraph, the CONTRACTOR shall be required to pay damages to the CITY in an amount equal to any and all compensation which is received by the former Elected Officer or City Managerial Employee of the CITY from or on behalf of the contracting person or entity, or an amount equal to the former Elected Officer's or City Managerial Employee's last 2 years of gross compensation from the CITY, whichever is greater.
- 1.8 The CONTRACTOR agrees not to provide services for compensation to any other party other than the CITY on the same subject matter, same project, or scope of services as set forth in this Agreement without approval from the City Council of the CITY.
- 1.9. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, the CONTRACTOR agrees not to disclose or use any information not available to members of the general public and gained by reason of the CONTRACTOR's contractual relationship with the CITY for the special gain or benefit of the CONTRACTOR or for the special gain or benefit of any other person or entity.

ARTICLE TWO CITY'S RESPONSIBILITIES

2.1. The CITY shall designate in writing a project coordinator to act as the CITY's representative with respect to the services to be rendered under this Agreement (the "Project Coordinator"). The Project Coordinator shall have authority to transmit instructions, receive information, interpret and define the CITY's policies and decisions with respect to the CONTRACTOR's services for the Project. However, the Project Coordinator is not

authorized to issue any verbal or written orders or instructions to the CONTRACTOR that would have the effect, or be interpreted to have the effect, of modifying or changing in any way whatever:

- (a) The scope of services to be provided and performed by the CONTRACTOR;
- (b) The time the CONTRACTOR is obligated to commence and complete all such services; or
- (c) The amount of compensation the CITY is obligated or committed to pay the CONTRACTOR.

Any such modifications or changes ((a) (b) or (c)) shall only be made by or upon the authorization of the CITY's city manager as authorized by city council in the enabling legislation or in the CITY's procurement policies.

- 2.2. The Project Coordinator shall:
- (a) Review and make appropriate recommendations on all requests submitted by the CONTRACTOR for payment for services and work provided and performed in accordance with this Agreement;
- (b) Arrange for access to and make all provisions for the CONTRACTOR to enter the Project site to perform the services to be provided by the CONTRACTOR under this Agreement; and
- (c) Provide notice to the CONTRACTOR of any deficiencies or defects discovered by the CITY with respect to the services to be rendered by the CONTRACTOR hereunder.
- 2.3. The CONTRACTOR acknowledges that access to the Project Site, to be arranged by the CITY for the CONTRACTOR, may be provided during times that are not the normal business hours of the CONTRACTOR.

ARTICLE THREE TIME

- 3.1. Services to be rendered by the CONTRACTOR shall be commenced subsequent to the execution of this Agreement upon written Notice to Proceed from the CITY for all or any designated portion of the Project and shall be performed and completed by within 120 calendar days after the date of this Notice to Proceed, and shall be finally completed within 30 calendar days after the date of substantial completion. Time is of the essence with respect to the performance of this Agreement.
- 3.2. Should the CONTRACTOR be obstructed or delayed in the prosecution or completion of its services as a result of unforeseeable causes beyond the control of the CONTRACTOR, and not due to its own fault or neglect, including but not restricted to acts of God or of public enemy, acts of government or of the CITY, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine regulations, strikes or lock-outs, then the CONTRACTOR shall notify the CITY in writing within 5 working days after commencement of such delay, stating the cause or causes thereof, or be deemed to have waived any right which the CONTRACTOR may have had to request a time extension.
- 3.3. No interruption, interference, inefficiency, suspension or delay in the commencement or progress of the CONTRACTOR's services from any cause whatsoever, including those for which the CITY may be responsible in whole or in part, shall relieve the CONTRACTOR of its duty to perform or give rise to any right to damages or additional compensation from the CITY. The CONTRACTOR's sole remedy against the CITY will be the right to seek an extension of time to its schedule. This paragraph shall expressly apply to claims for early completion, as well as claims based on late completion.
- 3.4. Should the CONTRACTOR fail to commence, provide, perform or complete any of the services to be

provided hereunder in a timely and reasonable manner, in addition to any other rights or remedies available to the CITY hereunder, the CITY at its sole discretion and option may withhold any and all payments due and owing to the CONTRACTOR until such time as the CONTRACTOR resumes performance of its obligations hereunder in such a manner so as to reasonably establish to the CITY's satisfaction that the CONTRACTOR's performance is or will shortly be back on schedule.

ARTICLE FOUR COMPENSATION

4.1. The total compensation to be paid the CONTRACTOR by the CITY for all Services shall not exceed \$109,876.54 and shall be paid in the manner set forth in the "Basis of Compensation", which is attached as **EXHIBIT B** and made a part of this Agreement.

ARTICLE FIVE MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS

5.1. The CONTRACTOR will keep adequate records and supporting documentation which concern or reflect its services hereunder. The records and documentation will be retained by the CONTRACTOR for a minimum of five 5 years from the date of termination of this Agreement or the date the Project is completed, whichever is later. The CITY, or any duly authorized agents or representatives of the CITY, shall have the right to audit, inspect and copy all such records and documentation as often as they deem necessary during the period of this Agreement and during the 5 year period noted above; provided, however, such activity shall be conducted only during normal business hours. If the CONTRACTOR desires to destroy records prior to the minimum period, it shall first obtain permission from the CITY in accordance with the Florida Public Records laws.

ARTICLE SIX INDEMNIFICATION

6.1. The CONTRACTOR agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the City from liabilities, damages, losses and costs, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, to the extent caused by the negligence, recklessness, or intentional wrongful misconduct of the CONTRACTOR and persons employer or utilized by the CONTRACTOR in the performance of the Contract.

ARTICLE SEVEN INSURANCE

7.1. CONTRACTOR shall obtain and carry, at all times during its performance under this Agreement, insurance of the types and in the amounts set forth in the document titled General Insurance Requirements, which is attached as **EXHIBIT** C and made a part of this Agreement.

ARTICLE EIGHT SERVICES BY CONTRACTOR'S OWN STAFF

8.1. The services to be performed hereunder shall be performed by the CONTRACTOR's own staff, unless otherwise authorized in writing by the CITY. The employment of, contract with, or use of the services of any other person or firm by the CONTRACTOR, as independent contractor or otherwise, shall be subject to the prior written approval of the CITY. No provision of this Agreement shall, however, be construed as constituting an agreement between the CITY and any such other person or firm. Nor shall anything contained in this Agreement be deemed to give any such party or any third party any claim or right of action against the CITY beyond such as may otherwise exist without regard to this Agreement.

ARTICLE NINE WAIVER OF CLAIMS

9.1. The CONTRACTOR's acceptance of final payment shall constitute a full waiver of any and all claims, except for insurance company subrogation claims, by it against the CITY arising out of this Agreement or otherwise related to the Project, except those previously made in writing and identified by the CONTRACTOR as unsettled at the time of the final payment. Neither the acceptance of the CONTRACTOR's services nor payment by the CITY shall be deemed to be a waiver of any of the CITY's rights against the CONTRACTOR.

ARTICLE TEN TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION

- 10.1. The CONTRACTOR shall be considered in material default of this Agreement and such default will be considered cause for the CITY to terminate this Agreement, in whole or in part, as further set forth in this section, for any of the following reasons: (a) failure to begin work under the Agreement within the times specified under the Notice(s) to Proceed, or (b) failure to properly and timely perform the services to be provided hereunder or as directed by the CITY, or (c) the bankruptcy or insolvency or a general assignment for the benefit of creditors by the CONTRACTOR or by any of the CONTRACTOR's principals, officers or directors, or (d) failure to obey laws, ordinances, regulations or other codes of conduct, or (e) failure to perform or abide by the terms or spirit of this Agreement, or (f) for any other just cause. The CITY may so terminate this Agreement, in whole or in part, by giving the CONTRACTOR at least 3 calendar days' written notice.
- 10.2. If, after notice of termination of this Agreement as provided for in paragraph 10.1 above, it is determined for any reason that the CONTRACTOR was not in default, or that its default was excusable, or that the CITY otherwise was not entitled to the remedy against the CONTRACTOR provided for in paragraph 10.1, then the notice of termination given pursuant to paragraph 10.1 shall be deemed to be the notice of termination provided for in paragraph 10.3 below and the CONTRACTOR's remedies against the CITY shall be the same as and limited to those afforded the CONTRACTOR under paragraph 10.3 below.
- 10.3. The CITY shall have the right to terminate this Agreement, in whole or in part, without cause upon 7 calendar day's written notice to the CONTRACTOR. In the event of such termination for convenience, the CONTRACTOR's recovery against the CITY shall be limited to that portion of the fee earned through the date of termination, together with any retainage withheld and any costs reasonably incurred by the CONTRACTOR that are directly attributable to the termination, but the CONTRACTOR shall not be entitled to any other or further recovery against the CITY, including, but not limited to, anticipated fees or profits on work not required to be performed.

ARTICLE ELEVEN CONFLICT OF INTEREST

11.1. The CONTRACTOR represents that it presently has no interest and shall acquire no interest, either direct or indirect, which would conflict in any manner with the performance of services required hereunder. The CONTRACTOR further represents that no persons having any such interest shall be employed to perform those services.

ARTICLE TWELVE MODIFICATION

12.1. No modification or change in this Agreement shall be valid or binding upon the parties unless in writing and executed by the party or parties intended to be bound by it.

ARTICLE THIRTEEN NOTICES AND ADDRESS OF RECORD

13.1. All notices required or made pursuant to this Agreement to be given by the CONTRACTOR to the CITY shall be in writing and shall be delivered by hand or by United States Postal Service Department, first class mail service, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, addressed to the following CITY's address of record:

City of Naples 735 Eighth Street South Naples, Florida 34102-3796

Attention: A. William Moss, City Manager

13.2. All notices required or made pursuant to this Agreement to be given by the CITY to the CONTRACTOR shall be made in writing and shall be delivered by hand or by the United States Postal Service Department, first class mail service, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, addressed to the following CONTRACTOR's address of record:

Youngquist Brothers, Inc. 15465 Pine Ridge Road Fort Myers, FL 33908

Attention: C.W. "Bill" Musselwhite, Vice President

13.3. Either party may change its address of record by written notice to the other party given in accordance with requirements of this Article.

ARTICLE FOURTEEN MISCELLANEOUS

- 14.1. The CONTRACTOR, in representing the CITY, shall promote the best interest of the CITY and assume towards the CITY a duty of the highest trust, confidence, and fair dealing.
- 14.2. No modification, waiver, suspension or termination of the Agreement or of any terms thereof shall impair the rights or liabilities of either party.
- 14.3. This Agreement is not assignable, in whole or in part, by the CONTRACTOR without the prior written consent of the CITY.
- 14.4. Waiver by either party of a breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not be deemed to be a waiver of any other breach and shall not be construed to be a modification of the terms of this Agreement.
- 14.5. The headings of the Articles, Exhibits, Parts and Attachments as contained in this Agreement are for the purpose of convenience only and shall not be deemed to expand, limit or change the provisions in such Articles, Exhibits, Parts and Attachments.
- 14.6. This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the parties hereto and shall supersede, replace and nullify any and all prior agreements or understandings, written or oral, relating to the matter set forth herein, and any such prior agreements or understanding shall have no force or effect whatever on this Agreement.

14. 7. The CONTRACTOR shall comply fully with all provisions of state and federal law, including without limitation all provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 ("IRCA") as amended, as well as all related immigration laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to proper employee work authorization in the United States. The CONTRACTOR shall execute the Certification of Compliance with Immigration Laws, attached hereto as **EXHIBIT D.**

ARTICLE FIFTEEN APPLICABLE LAW

15.1. Unless otherwise specified, this Agreement shall be governed by the laws, rules, and regulations of the State of Florida, and by the laws, rules and regulations of the United States when providing services funded by the United States government. Any suit or action brought by either party to this Agreement against the other party relating to or arising out of this Agreement must be brought in the appropriate Florida state court in Collier County, Florida.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement for the day and year first written above.

written above. ATTEST: CITY: CITY OF NAPLES, FLORIDA, A Municipal Corporation A. William Moss, City Manager Approved as to form and legal sufficiency: **CONTRACTOR:** Youngquist Brothers, Inc.

A Florida Corporation

By By

Its VICE PRESIDE

(CORPORATE SEAL)

General Contract (not Architects/Engineers)

EXHIBIT A

SCOPE OF SERVICES

The City of Naples' Golden Gate Well Field consists of 24 submersible production wells. The production wells vary in age from approximately 30 years old to 4 years old. The City has identified six (6) of the production wells that are in need of well head improvements. This project involves the removal of existing piping, pumps, meters, fittings, and valves; the furnishing and installation of new well head piping, fittings, and valves; the reinstallation of existing items to be reused (pumps, meters, and check valves); and well and piping testing.

The work to be performed under this contract shall be commenced within ten (10) calendar days after date of Notice to Proceed and shall be substantially completed within 120 calendar days after the date of this Notice to Proceed, and shall be finally completed within 30 calendar days after the date of substantial completion.





SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS MANUAL

SEPTEMBER 2010

INTRODUCTION

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INTRODUCTION AND TABLE OF CONTENTS

This Utilities Manual has been prepared to guide the design and construction of potable water, non-potable irrigation water (including reclaimed and reuse water), and wastewater system extensions to City of Naples (City or CITY) utilities; the Manual applies to utilities in new and existing developments in the City, as well as City Projects involving utilities.

In general, the CITY owns and maintains all potable water, non-potable irrigation water, and wastewater facilities within the public rights-of-way and CITY utility easements. As Owner of these public utilities, and as authorized by Federal, State, County, and City statutes and ordinances, the CITY reviews, approves and inspects all new construction of facilities to extend or supplement the existing systems.

The following standards shall be included in the design and preparation of plans and specifications for all utilities construction projects for the City of Naples, including utilities connected to the CITY's utilities systems or constructed for future transfer of ownership to the CITY. These standards are provided for uniformity in utilities construction within the City service areas, and represent MINIMUM standards acceptable to the CITY. They are not intended to eliminate, but shall supplement and direct the preparation of technical specifications by private developers (Developer) and their engineering consultants (Engineer).

The Technical Specifications included in these standards utilize the Construction Specifications Institute (CSI) Section Format[™] and numbering system to present acceptable construction methods and materials.

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Go to the CITY website below for the latest revision of the Design Criteria:

http://www.naplesgov.com

SECTION 1

DESIGN CRITERIA FOR POTABLE WATER, NON-POTABLE IRRIGATION WATER, AND WASTEWATER FACILITIES

PART 1 POTABLE WATER AND NON-POTABLE IRRIGATION WATER SYSTEMS

All potable water, non-potable irrigation (including reclaimed or reuse) water and raw water pipe, material, equipment and appurtenances shall be new, and shall conform to Section 2, Technical Specifications and Section 3, Utilities Detail Drawings. All material and equipment designed or used in connection with a potable (drinking) water system shall conform to the requirements of the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF) Standard 61, "Drinking Water System Components – Health Effects."

1.1 Pipe and Fitting Material

Potable water and non-potable irrigation water pipelines and fittings, except for service piping, shall be a minimum of six inches (6") in diameter, and have a minimum depth of thirty-inches (30") and a maximum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below finished grade. All potable water or non-potable irrigation water pipelines between six and fourteen inches (6"-14") in diameter shall be constructed of PVC or HDPE pipe, and shall utilize pipe meeting the requirements of the Technical Specifications. Water pipelines between sixteen inches and twenty-four inches (16"-24") in diameter may be constructed of ductile iron, HDPE, or PVC pipe. Water pipelines larger than twenty-four inches (24") in diameter shall be constructed of ductile iron pipe.

All pipe and pipe fittings shall contain no more than eight percent (8.0%) lead, and any solder or flux used shall contain no more than two-tenths of a percent (0.2%) lead. All pipe and pipe fittings installed shall be color coded or marked in accordance with F.A.C. 62-555.320(21)(b)3.

All HDPE and PVC buried pipelines shall be color-coded as described in the Technical Specifications. Potable water pipelines shall be Federal Safety Blue in color. Raw water pipelines shall be white in color. Non-potable irrigation, reclaimed and reuse water pipelines shall be pantone purple 522C in color.

All Ductile Iron, metal and concrete buried water main pipelines shall have blue stripes applied to the pipe wall. Pipes striped during manufacturing of the pipe shall have continuous stripes that run parallel to the axis of the pipe, that are located at no greater than 90 degree intervals around the pipe, and that will remain intact during and after installation of the pipe. If tape or paint is used to stripe pipe during installation, the tape or paint shall be applied in a continuous line that runs parallel to the axis of the pipe and that is located along the top of the pipe.

All buried water pipelines and mains, except those installed by horizontal directional drilling or jack-and-bore methods, shall be marked using plastic locator tape impregnated with metallic filings for HDPE and PVC pipe and non-magnetic for ductile iron pipe. The locator tape shall be placed in the pipe trench two feet (2') below grade or one-half the pipe's bury, whichever is less, and labeled "potable water" or "non-potable water" as applicable. Horizontal directional drilling shall include installation of locating tone wire as described in the Technical Specifications.

All water main aerial crossings shall be Pressure Class 350 flanged ductile iron pipe and shall be coated on the exterior using a suitable grade of appropriately colored, field applied (or factory applied with field touch-up as required) epoxy coating. Potable water mains shall be painted Federal Safety Blue. Raw water mains shall be painted white. Non-potable irrigation, reclaimed and reuse water mains shall be painted Pantone Purple 522C. Specific colors shall be subject to approval of the CITY Manager or designee. All nuts and bolts used in aerial crossings shall be 316 stainless steel. All canal, river or creek crossings shall be aerial, unless otherwise approved by the CITY Manager or designee. Aerial crossings shall be designed to incorporate valves or other flow regulation devices in accordance with F.A.C. 62-555.320(21)(b). Aerial crossings shall be designed to maintain existing or required navigational capabilities within the waterway and to reserve riparian rights of adjacent property Owners. Submit aerial pipe and flange computations, including support and anchor design, for review. The submittal must be signed and sealed by a Florida registered Professional Engineer. See also Section 02650 3.2.Q for more information.

1.2 Design of Pipeline Size and Location

1.2.1 Water Pipeline Sizing Criteria

All water mains to be maintained by the CITY shall be a minimum of six (6) inches in diameter. For dead end mains on short (300' or less) single family residential cul-de-sacs, hydraulic calculations shall show the capability of maintaining 750 gpm fire flow plus potable demand.

Water systems shall be designed to maintain adequate flows and pressures and water quality standards as established by Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP), using the following criteria:

- A. Designs shall assume: 1) a minimum CITY source pressure under peak hourly flow conditions of 40 PSI, or system available pressure if less than 40 PSI, or developer shall make improvements/water main additions to get adequate pressure delivered from the closest CITY transmission main to the project.; and 2) a minimum CITY source pressure with fire flow under maximum day conditions of 40 PSI, or system available pressure if less than 40 PSI, or developer shall make improvements to get adequate fire flow and pressure delivered from the closest CITY transmission main to the project. Minimum residual node pressure within a proposed project system shall be 20 psi under peak hourly flow and maximum day with fire flow conditions.
- B. The design Engineer shall model the proposed system, including all dead ends, for chlorine dissipation assuming a chloramine residual of 2.0 mg/l at the entrance point to the project.

The following criteria shall be used to analyze model chloramine dissipation unless otherwise approved by the Public Utilities Water Director upon the submittal of specific case data:

- a) Occupancy of fifty percent (50%) to account for seasonal variations with the load evenly distributed throughout the project.
- b) Average occupancy per dwelling of 1.81 for single family and 1.42 for multi-family as established by the Water Master Plan as amended and adjusted for peak with a factor of 1.2 or 2.2 shall be used when modeling system performance.
- c) Consumption rate of 154 gallons per capita for single family and multi-family shall be used when establishing loading rates for system performance models.

- d) Systems that are proposed to use or will use alternate irrigation sources shall use fifty percent (50%) of the loading rates for modeling chlorine/chloramine dissipation.
- e) The standard decay rate is 0.012 ppm per hour. The analysis assumes a static chlorine level of 2.0 ppm at the tapping point in front of a project. Using the decay rate and solving for the elapsed time from the initial chlorine level to the minimum chlorine level residual of 0.6 ppm in the following: 0.6 ppm = 2.0 ppm x e(-1=0.012 ppm x #hours) => time = 100.33 hours.

The Project Engineer shall submit an analysis letter to Community Development and Environmental Services as part of the review package, certifying that all points within the proposed system shall maintain a minimum level of 0.6 mg/l chlorine/chloramine residual under the conditions listed above.

Systems unable to meet minimum design requirements or maintain minimum chlorine residual levels shall not be eligible for ownership and maintenance by the CITY.

Water mains not designed to carry fire flows shall not have fire hydrants connected to them.

1.2.2 Distribution System Layout

Water distribution systems shall be designed so that all systems are located adjacent to, and are accessible from, paved or unpaved roadways so as to allow access for short and long term maintenance, repair and/or replacement of such system. Water mains shall not be placed beneath any existing or proposed building structure.

Generally, new potable water distribution systems shall be designed as "looped" systems to avoid dead ends. If changes in design during construction result in dead ends to any new or relocated water mains (except those serving a cul-de-sac), such dead ends shall be connected to the nearest water main. In cases where no nearby water main is available, dead end mains shall not exceed 300 feet in length and shall terminate temporarily in a blow-off, be full-bore flushed, then permanently ended with a hydrant or other flushing device approved by the Engineer of Record in accordance with F.A.C. Chapter 62-555.

All commercial facilities must be metered separately from residential facilities with the exception of those commercial facilities that are within a master metered residential development and designed for the exclusive use of the residents within such development. Master meters (for domestic or reuse purposes) and the first gate valve after the master meter (the valve between the meter and the backflow assembly or pressure reducing valve) shall be located within a minimum 15'X15' CITY Utility Easement (CUE), which shall be located outside of, but contiguous to, the road right-of-way (ROW). Any single residential unit domestic or reuse meter that is not in the ROW shall be located within a minimum 12'X12' CITY Utility Easement (CUE), which shall be located outside of, but contiguous to, the ROW. For any 3" and larger combination fire and domestic meter assembly and 3" and larger compound meter assembly, the meter and the valve after the meter (the valve between the meter and the backflow assembly) shall be dedicated to and owned by the CITY, and shall be located within a minimum 15'X15' City Utility Easement (CUE), which shall be located outside of, but contiguous to, the ROW. Any fire system detector check assembly on a for-fire-only dedicated line shall have an isolation valve at the City water main, plus an isolation valve in the ground just preceding the aboveground detector assembly, and such valves, if not located in the ROW, shall be located within a minimum 15'X15' City Utility Easement (CUE), which shall be located outside of, but contiguous to, the ROW, and which shall encompass the detector assembly as well; the City shall own up until the valve in the ground preceding the fire system detector check assembly, and the fire detector check assembly shall be owned by the developer.

Water mains shall have a minimum setback of seven feet and six inches (7'6") from the centerline of the pipe to residential roadways, curb and gutters, permanent structures, or planting not specifically allowed by ordinance.

Water mains shall be designed parallel to accessible roadways and within the setbacks established herein above. Deviations from these design parameters shall only be approved in cases where such installations can be shown to be necessary in order to comply with minimum chlorine residuals or other FDEP quality parameters, unless otherwise approved by the CITY Manager or designee. In such cases, the water main shall be located within a separate tract of land or CUE dedicated to the City. Such tracts shall be delineated with fencing, landscaping, signage, pavement, or other methods determined to be acceptable to the City. All such installations shall require approval from the City. In addition, an agreement shall be provided authorizing the CITY to traverse all private property outside of the CUE for the purpose of access, maintenance, repair and/or replacement of such main. The agreement shall also hold the CITY harmless for any damage to the private property resulting from the CITY's maintenance, repair and/or replacement activities within or outside of the CUE.

1.2.3 Pipeline Separation Criteria

Potable water pipelines shall be separated from wastewater lines and /or stormwater lines by a minimum clear vertical distance of eighteen inches (18") and a horizontal distance of ten feet (10') in accordance with F.A.C. 62-555.314(5). The eighteen inches (18") minimum vertical separation distance does not apply to separations of sewer laterals and potable water pipeline installations. 57 stone shall be utilized for separation between wastewater lines and stormwater lines. Non-potable irrigation water pipelines 2" and larger shall be separated from potable water mains, wastewater lines and/or stormwater lines by a minimum clear vertical distance of eighteen inches (18") and a horizontal distance of five feet (5') as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings. Wastewater lines shall be separated from stormwater lines by a minimum clear vertical distance of eighteen inches (18") and a horizontal distance of five feet (5'). Water mains shall preferably pass above storm lines, with an 18" minimum clearance, in which case water main shall be DR-14 PVC pipe, extended a minimum of 10' either side of storm line center, or 15' each side of storm drainage structure center. Any water main that must go under a storm line shall be ductile iron pipe Class 52 pipe, extended a minimum of 10' to each side of storm line center, or 15' to each side of a storm drainage structure center. All pipeline crossings with vertical clearance less than eighteen inches (18") shall be made using a full 20-foot (20') length of thickness Class 200 AWWA C900 PVC pipe, Class 235 AWWA C905 PVC pipe, or, if necessary, Pressure Class 250 ductile iron pipe centered on the crossing. The sewer pipe in these locations shall be back-filled with bedding stone or sand to a height six inches (6") above the crown of the pipe. When this standard cannot be maintained, the sewer line shall be concrete encased for a distance of ten feet (10') each way from the water line and any other conduit, with a minimum vertical clearance of twelve inches (12") being provided at all times. If a water line is under a wastewater line, an eighteen inch (18") minimum separation must be kept (see Cross Over Detail Drawing). All pipelines shall be successfully pressure tested to 150 psi after the concrete has properly cured.

Also see the separation requirements in Section 01045,1.3.F (City Damage Prevention Policy separation distance from existing CITY Utilities), Section 02650, 3.2.P (Separation from Other

Pipe Systems), and Detail Drawings. If these separation criteria cannot be met, use FDEP 62-555.314.

Potable water, non-potable irrigation water, and wastewater pipelines shall be separated from telephone, power, cable and gas sleeves/lines and any other underground utilities by a minimum clear vertical distance of eighteen inches (18") and horizontal distance of five feet (5').

Potable water, non-potable irrigation water, and wastewater lines shall be separated from raw water mains by a clear vertical distance of eighteen inches (18") and a horizontal distance of ten feet (10'). Stormwater lines shall be separated from raw water mains by a clear vertical distance of eighteen inches (18") and a horizontal distance of five feet (5').

Wastewater lines shall be separated from public drinking water supply wells by a horizontal distance of 100 feet. Wastewater lines shall be separated from private drinking water supply wells by a horizontal distance of 75 feet. CITY approval will be required if the separation distance cannot be maintained.

Stormwater retention/detention ponds with a bottom elevation lower than the wet weather season water table shall be located a minimum of 300' away from raw water wells.

The encasement of potable water mains in concrete shall only be made after review and approval by the CITY Manager or designee.

1.2.4 Valve Locations

Valves shall be provided at all intersections and branches in sufficient numbers as to allow for zone isolation of distribution areas in order to limit impacts of line breaks and service disruptions to customers. In-line gate valves shall be provided in accordance with AWWA requirements and at no greater than one thousand foot (1000') intervals when no other valves exist within internal distribution systems. All gate valves 20-inches (20") and smaller shall be of the resilient-seated wedge type, conforming to AWWA C509 or C515, or latest revisions thereof. All valves shall be furnished with valve boxes extending to finished grade as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings.

1.3 Conflict Crossings

All storm sewer, non-potable irrigation mains and wastewater transmission system conflicts with water systems or portion(s) thereof that must be crossed shall be performed using AWWA C900 Class 200 or C905 Class 235 PVC with ductile iron fittings. All fittings shall be adequately restrained using retainer glands, stainless steel rods, EBAA Iron Sales "Megalug," "Uni-flange," Romac Industries "Grip Ring," or Star restraint. Transitional fittings, when approved by the Engineer of Record, shall be located as close to the point of conflict as possible. Air release assemblies shall be provided as specified in Subsection 1.7 herein, below. Gradual deflection of the water line in lieu of using fittings to clear the conflict shall not be permitted if cover exceeds five feet (5'-0"). A minimum vertical clearance of eighteen inches (18") shall be provided between the water main and bottom of conflict. Wherever the eighteen-inch (18") minimum vertical clearance cannot be provided, CITY approval will be required. (City approval will not be required for separation of sewer laterals and potable water pipeline.)

1.3.1 Subaqueous Canal Crossings

Potable and non-potable subaqueous crossings shall be designed to a minimum depth of thirty-six inches (36") below the design or actual bottom, whichever is deeper, of a canal and other dredged waterway or the natural bottom of streams, rivers, estuaries, bays, and other natural water bodies. If not practicable to design the project with a minimum thirty-six inch (36") cover, alternative construction features must be installed to ensure adequate protection of the pipeline. Wherever the thirty-six inch (36") minimum vertical clearance cannot be provided, CITY approval will be required.

All subaqueous crossings must be introduced/discussed at a plan Pre-Submittal Conference. It is important that representatives from the Utilities Department be present for approval at the plan Pre-Submittal Conference.

A permanent easement is needed when there is no room available in the right-of-way.

When crossing watercourses, the following shall be provided:

- a) The pipe shall be of special construction (HDPE), having welded (butt fusion) watertight joints:
- b) Valves shall be provided at both ends of the subaqueous crossing for isolation, testing or repair of the line. The valves shall be easily accessible and not subject to flooding. The valve closest to the supply source shall be in a below grade vault as per FDEP requirements and constructed to meet FDOT standards. All welding shall be done above ground. Water, reclaimed water and wastewater lines shall have two (2) air release valves between the two valves;
- c) Permanent taps shall be made on each side of the valve within the manhole to allow insertion of a small meter to determine leakage and for sampling purposes. The taps will allow for a 3/4" meter to be attached;
- d) The HPDE pipe shall be encased in HDPE DR11 casing;
- e) Pressure test according to Section 02676;
- f) Conform to HDPE Specifications, Section 02620.

Warning signs shall be placed along the banks of canals, streams, and rivers clearly identifying the nature and location of subaqueous crossings. The signs shall state the type of pipeline and the depth of pipeline below design or natural bottom of the water body. Warning sign shall be aluminum and have minimum dimensions of 4' wide by 2' high with a minimum of 2" lettering.

1.4 Fire Service Systems

All private fire service systems for sprinkler systems, wet standpipe systems and privately-owned or controlled distribution systems shall be metered and shall be installed with an appropriate back flow prevention device; these systems include any extensions to a development's existing fire system, any modifications to any outside of building part of an existing fire system, as well as any new lines going to new/existing development buildings. Metering requirements shall be classified by the type of development requiring fire service. The type of metering device will be specified in the following subsections, shall be sized by the Developer's Engineer and shall be purchased, owned and maintained by the private service owner. The CITY requires all privately-owned backflow devices to be certified at the time of installation and on an annual basis by a Certified Back Flow Tester (University of Florida, TREEO Center, or equivalent certification program). The results shall be submitted to the CITY Manager or designee. The CITY Manager or designee will require all privately owned metering devices to be certified for accuracy at the time of installation. Fire meter devices using a three quarter to two inch (3/4" to 2") metering device shall be re-calibrated or replaced every ten (10)

years or replaced immediately upon meter failure. Fire meter devices greater than two inches (2") shall be re-calibrated to manufacturers specifications every ten (10) years or replaced immediately upon meter failure. The CITY Manager or designee will inform the owner by mail prior to the due date. Private owner(s) shall submit certification results to the CITY Manager or designee within sixty (60) days of the due date. All equipment and items downstream of the backflow device shall be tested for ownership and maintenance by the appropriate Fire District, and a letter of approval from the Fire District given by the developer to the City, before the City or County issues a C.O. for the property.

1.4.1 Fire Service Meters for Residential Systems

Residential projects such as, but not limited to, single family, multi-family condominiums, trailer parks, mobile home parks, etc. utilizing a master meter shall pass all fire flow through such meter. The meter shall be sized to pass the domestic coincident draft plus rated fire flow at the AWWA pressure loss specifications. On dual water systems with fire and domestic flows in separate pipelines downstream of the master meter, the fire line shall have a Fire Service rated meter, approved by the CITY Manager or designee, with appropriate backflow protection.

1.4.2 Fire Service Meters for Commercial and Other Non-Residential Systems

Commercial projects such as, but not limited to, shopping centers, malls, retail, airport airplane hangers, and industrial buildings, but not including parks, shall have a separate fire service connection to the water distribution main. A Fire Service rated meter, approved by the CITY Manager or designee, with appropriate backflow protection shall be installed on the fire line. The Fire Service meter and isolation valves shall be extended above final grade as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings. For meter reading purposes, metering devices shall lie within a CITY Utility Easement (CUE) that shall be dedicated separately to the City in conjunction with the easements for any on-site utility system(s).

The Owner shall purchase and install an approved AMR meter and an approved backflow assembly at no expense to the City.

1.5 Connections to CITY Facilities

Connections to existing CITY water mains shall be constructed as described in Section 2, Technical Specifications and shown in Section 3, Utilities Detail Drawings. These details shall apply to all connections to existing systems including, but not limited to, hot taps and extensions from existing dead end systems. A section of pipe shall be inserted into the gap to connect the new construction to the existing systems for the purpose of accomplishing line flushing. Immediately upon completion of the flush, the connection shall be removed. The jumper shall be replaced and in place until final connection is authorized by the CITY Manager or designee and approved by the FDEP at the completion of construction and after satisfactory completion of all test procedures and bacterial clearance of the new water system or portion(s) thereof.

Steam condensate, cooling water from engine jackets, or water used in conjunction with heat exchangers shall not be returned to potable water mains.

1.6 Water Services

1.6.1 Service Pipelines

All building lots and parcels of land within a development on the opposite side of the roadway from a water main, or that do not have an accessible water main fronting the location of the proposed meter location, shall be provided with a means for water service by the developer. Accessibility to these lands shall be provided by the installation of water service conduits. Conduits shall be a minimum of four-inch (4") diameter PVC, with a minimum cover of 24 inches. Such pipelines shall extend at least five (5) feet past the edge of pavement, sidewalk, bike path or any other improvement and shall run from lot corners on one (1) side of the street to a lot corner on the opposite side and shall be capped and marked with a magnetic marker. Markers shall be 3M markers or Engineer of Record approved equivalent. Service pipelines shall be polyethylene of a minimum diameter of two inches (2") long-side and one-and-one-half inches (1 ½") short-side.

1.6.2 Water Meters

All water meters larger than two inches (2") shall be installed above ground. These meters shall be equipped with a backflow preventer and installed by the Contractor at his expense. The type of backflow device utilized shall be as shown on the Detail Drawing.

All large potable meters shall be purchased by the owner and installed by the Developer's Contractor. The systems' master meter assemblies shall be built in accordance with the current design details shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings. Alternate designs may be permitted upon submission of design details for review and approval. The location of all meters (potable and non-potable) shall be clearly shown on the construction plans.

All potable water and/or non-potable irrigation water meters shall be equipped to accept the CITY's Automatic Meter Reading (AMR) units shown on the Utilities Detail Drawings. Two-inch (2") and smaller meter units will be installed by the CITY. On meters 3-inches and larger contact the CITY at (239) 213-4717 to determine the necessary AMR equipment for the meters. All meters shall be turned over to the technician performing the full bore flush prior to the acceptance of the meter.

Temporary meters may be applied for by phoning or visiting the City Permit Building between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, under the conditions provided by the ordinance.

Temporary meters shall be installed for the purpose of supplying construction water to meet the CITY requirement for new water line construction as listed below and require a minimum of forty eight (48) hours advance notice. All backflow devices shall be reduced pressure type and shall be certified as required by the ordinance, provided by the Contractor, and be of an approved type.

Temporary meters shall be installed as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings.

1.6.3 Reclaimed Irrigation Water Hose Bibs

Any hose bibs connected to the City of Naples reclaimed irrigation water system, whether within a development or in the ROW, shall have a counter-sunk square nut (FDEP regulation) to open or close the valve, be a minimum of twelve inches (12") above grade, and be in accordance with all FDEP regulations concerning this subject. There shall be a warning sign nearby, preferably purple, warning hose bib users not to drink the reclaimed irrigation water – the sign shall state "Do not drink – reuse/recycled/non-potable [use any of these preceding words] water – No

Beber," with an international symbol of a cup with a diagonal slash through it. Examples of signs can be found at safety-signs.compliancesigns.com at telephone number 1(800)578-1245.

1.7 Air Release Assemblies

Air release assemblies shall be installed at all high points on transmission mains where air will not be released through service lines, and on both sides of conflict crossings (unless it can be demonstrated by hydraulic analysis that air pockets will not accumulate at individual high points). In cases where reversal of flow is not expected, the air release assembly shall be provided at high points and on the upstream side of conflict crossings. A high point is defined by the hydraulic gradient and is considered the upper end of any pipe segment that slopes up to the hydraulic gradient or runs parallel to it. The design engineer shall review and apply the pertinent provisions of AWWA-C512 and AWWA Manual of Water Supply Practices M51, "Air-Release, Air Vacuum, and Combination Air Valves." For potable water or non-potable irrigation water mains sixteen inches (16") and greater, the design engineer shall be responsible for air valve selection and sizing. An isolating valve shall be provided below the air valve to allow removal of the valve assembly. All air release assemblies shall be installed as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings.

1.8 Concrete Collars

All gate valve boxes, air release assembly and permanent sample points outside paved surfaces shall be provided with a concrete collar set to finish grade. Such collar(s) shall have a minimum thickness of six inches (6") and the outside dimension of the pad and the reinforcement shall be as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings. Concrete shall have minimum compression strength of 3000 psi at twenty eight (28) days.

1.9 Testing and Clearance Procedures

All water systems or portion(s) thereof shall be subjected to pressure testing and disinfection conforming to the AWWA Standards C600, C602, C605 and C606, or latest revision(s) thereof.

Under no circumstances shall any person other than an authorized CITY Water Department employee operate valves, make service taps or otherwise tamper with CITY Distribution system or portion(s) thereof. Failure to comply with these requirements will place such individual in jeopardy of legal action by the CITY pursuant to U.S. Code, CITY Ordinances and/or Resolutions in effect at the time of the violation.

1.9.1 Pigging

All lines larger than twelve inches (12") in diameter shall be pigged with a new pig to clear debris prior to flushing. Refer to specifications section 02675, 3.1.

1.9.2 Flushing

Flushing shall be coordinated with CITY Water Distribution personnel and shall require forty eight (48) hour notice to Water Distribution prior to performance. During flushing the Contractor will be permitted to install a spool piece to close the gap specified in the jumper as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings. Flush velocity shall be at least 2.5 feet per second, with a maximum of

4.0 feet per second. Upon completion of such flushing, connection to the CITY's systems or portion(s) thereof shall be returned to the configuration shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings.

1.9.3 Line Filling

Lines under construction shall be filled utilizing water supplied by the temporary meter and such filling shall be performed by the Contractor in accordance with required procedures including those outlined herein below.

1.9.4 Chlorination

Line chlorination shall be performed utilizing water supplied by the temporary meter for the purpose of chlorinating newly constructed potable water lines. Such procedure shall be performed by the Contractor, and shall require forty eight (48) hour notice to Water Distribution prior to performance.

1.9.5 Post-Chlorination Flushes

The Contractor using the temporary construction meter shall perform Post Chlorination Flushes. All chlorine injected into the system for disinfection shall be flushed from the system at least twenty four (24) hours prior to collection of Bacteriological samples.

The initial flush volume equal to the volume of water main being flushed shall be captured and properly disposed of, such that no chlorinated water enters into a storm water system and/or is discharged to the ground; all regulatory requirements for the protection of the environment shall be met.

1.9.6 Bacteriological Samples

Bacteriological sample collection shall be performed utilizing water supplied by the temporary meter in order to supply pressure during sample collection of newly constructed potable water lines. Such procedure shall require forty eight (48) hour notice to Water Distribution prior to performance. These procedures shall be performed on Monday through Thursday, excluding holidays, unless otherwise directed by the CITY Manager or designee.

1.10 Laboratory Testing and Sample Collection

All new potable and raw water systems shall be subject to bacteriological sample collection and testing. Sample collection and laboratory analyses shall be performed by CITY certified laboratory technicians only. The Contractor or his agent shall provide the equipment required in Section 2, Technical Specifications, to supply a continuous sample at the points indicated on the engineer's construction drawings. Sample points having a one (1) day total of two hundred (200) non-coliform bacteria or greater shall be considered as failed samples. Samples containing one (1) coliform bacteria or greater shall be considered as a failed sample. All potable water systems shall pass bacteriological tests within thirty (30) days prior to being placed in service.

Sample collection and sample laboratory analyses costs shall be borne by the developer. For Utilities Capital Projects that are run by the CITY for the CITY, one set of tests (including water costs) are provided by the CITY free of charge and the contractor shall pay for any additional tests.

PART 2 WASTEWATER COLLECTION AND TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

All wastewater pipe, material, equipment and appurtenances shall be new, and shall conform to Section 2, Technical Specifications and Section 3, Utilities Detail Drawings.

Wastewater systems shall be designed to maintain adequate flows and pressures and water quality standards as established by Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP).

All wastewater projects shall be designed to preclude the deliberate introduction of storm water, surface water, groundwater, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, swimming pool drainage, air conditioning system condensate water, non-contact cooling water and sources of uncontaminated wastewater as specified in F.A.C. Chapter 62-610.

2.1 Gravity Sewer Systems

2.1.1 Pipe and Fitting Materials

Gravity sewer pipe and materials shall conform to Technical Specifications for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe and fittings. All pipelines shall be green in color.

2.1.2 Design of Pipeline Size, Depth and Location

All gravity sewer mains constructed shall be a minimum of eight inches (8") in diameter. The minimum depth of cover over all gravity sewers shall be thirty-six inches (36"). All gravity sewer designs shall consider buoyancy of sewers, and appropriate construction techniques to prevent floatation of the pipe where high groundwater conditions are anticipated.

All gravity mains eight inches (8") or larger are allowed to be core bored into existing manholes. The manhole must be restored as per Section 02607. An inspector from the Wastewater Collections Department must be present during manhole restoration. Drop connections will be required if the invert elevation is greater than two feet (2').

Hydraulic Design Requirements - All gravity sewers shall be designed to give mean velocities, when flowing full or half-full of not less than two feet (2.0') per second, based on Manning's formula. When calculating full-flow velocity, use a Manning's Roughness Coefficient of n=0.013. Design wastewater system with uniform slope between manholes. The following are the minimum allowable design slopes that may be provided for each pipe size listed:

Minimum Slope in Feet per One Hundred Feet (ft/100'):

Sewer Size	Slope (ft/100 ft)	Sewer Size	Slope (ft/100 ft)
8 inch	0.40	18 inch	0.12
10 inch	0.28	21 inch	0.10
12 inch	0.22	24 inch	0.08
15 inch	0.15		

Special attention shall be given to gravity lines that receive flows from wastewater transmission or re-pumping facilities. Due care shall be taken in these cases to ensure that no surcharge

conditions occur downstream due to excessive flow rates. Under no conditions shall pipe of a diameter larger than that necessary for proper hydraulic design as determined by the CITY Community Development and Environmental Services Division or Public Utilities Engineering Department be permitted for use on any project.

Sewers to be located on 20% slopes or greater shall be designed with anchors secured into concrete with anchors spaced as follows:

Grade Range	Anchor Spacing
20% - 35%	36 feet center to center
35% - 50%	24 feet center to center
50% and higher	16 feet center to center

Pipeline separation criteria and conflict crossings criteria shall conform to the requirements described in Part 1, Sections 1.2.3 and 1.3.

All sewers shall be designed to prevent superimposed loads.

2.1.3 Gravity Sewer Main Extension Stubs

All main-line extension stubs to future developments and/or parcels shall terminate in a stub-out if it is part of a phased project. The stub-out shall end with a bell.

2.1.4 Gravity Sewer Laterals

Laterals shall be extended to the property line or easement limit for all installations. New laterals are required for new houses or duplexes that are replacing an existing house or duplex, and any type of residential, commercial, or industrial development with existing laterals made of cast iron, asbestos cement, or material other than PVC.

Laterals shall be a minimum of six inches (6") in diameter, except for houses, which shall be a minimum of 4" in diameter. Service lines shall be installed at such grades as will adequately serve the properties, with a minimum of 1% slope for 6" laterals, and 2.1% for 4" diameter laterals. Lateral shall have a minimum depth of thirty-inches (30") and a maximum depth of forty-eight inches (48") below finished grade. In locations where a minimum depth of thirty inches (30") cannot be provided, laterals shall be ductile iron pipe unless the length of lateral is thirty feet (30') or less. In such cases the lateral shall be C900, DR 14 PVC pipe. At no time shall the depth of a lateral be less than twenty-four inches (24"). At no time shall a lateral be core bored into manholes. Upon installation, all lateral ends shall be plugged. A 6" minimum cleanout shall be provided at the end of each lateral prior to the end plug. Typical lateral and cleanout standards are shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings. The cleanout riser and cap shall be set twenty-four inches (24") above finished grade. All sewer lateral ends shall be provided with a 3M or Engineer of Record approved equal magnetic marker. Magnetic markers shall be secured to top of lateral about twenty-four inches (24") underground, near cleanout, for CITY inspector to see during final plumbing tie-in inspection. At no time shall the connection to the lateral be made to the cleanout riser or any part of the vertical assembly. A single lateral shall be provided to each billable entity or a single lateral with a double wye shall be provided to each billable entity.

2.1.5 Manholes

Manholes shall be installed at the end of each wastewater main, at all changes in grade, size, or horizontal alignment, and at all main pipe intersections, shall be spaced at distances not greater than four hundred feet (400') and shall be placed in roads. For sanitary sewers with a diameter greater than fifteen inches (15"), the recommended maximum distance between manholes is four hundred fifty feet (450'). All gravity collection mains shall terminate in a precast manhole.

Minimum inside diameter of all manholes shall be four feet and zero inches (4'-0"). A drop pipe shall be provided for a sewer entering a manhole at an elevation of twenty-four inches (24") or more above the manhole invert. Drop manholes shall be constructed with an outside drop connection encased in concrete, as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings. See FDEP Wastewater Checklist Form 62-604.300(8)(a), "Manholes" section, for further design requirements, as well as Specification Section 02607 and the Detail Drawings.

A master manhole shall be required when constructing a wastewater pumping/lift station. This manhole shall have only one effluent pipe to the pumping/lift station.

2.2. Force Mains

2.2.1 Pipe and Fitting Materials

Force main pipelines and fittings shall be a minimum of four inches (4") in diameter. All force mains between four and fourteen inches (4"-14") in diameter shall be constructed of PVC or HDPE pipe and shall utilize pipe meeting the requirements of the Technical Specifications. Force mains between sixteen inches and twenty-four inches (16" - 24") in diameter shall be constructed of ductile iron, HDPE, or PVC pipe. Force mains larger than twenty-four inches (24") in diameter shall be constructed of ductile iron pipe.

Deviations from the minimum 4" diameter pipeline design parameters shall only be approved in cases where such installations are necessary in order to comply with minimum FDEP velocity requirements. Whenever the minimum 4" diameter pipeline cannot be provided, CITY approval will be required. The Owner shall be responsible for maintaining 700 feet of the smaller diameter force main located within the CITY right of way. No check valve will be required.

Due to minimum velocity requirements as set forth by the FDEP, 1-1/2" diameter force mains may be required. If so, force mains shall conform to Section 2, Technical Specifications. All HDPE and PVC buried pipelines shall be color-coded as described in the Technical Specifications. Force main pipelines shall be green in color.

Buried force mains, except those installed by directional drill or jack-and-bore methods, shall be marked using plastic locator tape, impregnated with metallic filings for PVC pipe and non-magnetic for ductile iron pipe. The locator tape shall be placed in the pipe trench at two feet (2') below grade or one-half the depth of the pipe's bury, whichever is less, and labeled "WASTEWATER FORCE MAIN." 3M Brand full range wastewater magnetic markers or Engineer of Record approved equivalent shall be secured onto top of force main no greater than every two hundred fifty feet (250') and at all fittings and at any change of direction.

All force main aerial crossings shall be Pressure Class 350 flanged ductile iron pipe and shall be coated on the exterior using a suitable grade of Safety Green colored, field applied (or factory applied with field touch-up as required) epoxy coating. Specific color shall be subject to approval of the CITY Manager or designee. All nuts and bolts used in aerial crossings shall be stainless steel. All canal, river or creek crossings shall be aerial, unless otherwise approved by

the CITY Manager or designee. Aerial crossings shall be designed to incorporate valves or other flow regulation devices in accordance with F.A.C. 62-604.400(2)(k)5. Aerial crossings shall be designed to maintain existing or required navigational capabilities within the waterway and to reserve riparian rights of adjacent property Owners. Submit aerial pipe and flange computations, including support and anchor design, for review. The submittal must be signed and sealed by a Florida registered Professional Engineer.

2.2.2 Design of Pipeline Size and Location

Force mains shall be sized to provide a desired flushing velocity of two and one-half feet (2.5') per second with a minimum allowable velocity of two feet (2') per second. The minimum size force main conveyed to the City shall be four inches (4") in diameter. When the Hazen-Williams formula is used to calculate friction losses through the force main, the value for "C" is 100 for unlined iron or steel pipes. For other smooth pipe materials, such as PVC, HDPE and lined ductile iron, the value for "C" shall not exceed 120.

Minimum cover for force mains shall be thirty inches (30"). Maximum cover shall be forty-eight inches (48") after final project grading is complete except when dipping under conflicts in which case the force main shall be returned to normal depth within ten feet (10') on either side of the conflict or as soon as possible using a fitting of forty-five degrees (45°) or less.

Force mains shall be interconnected with a gravity sewer system, for transmission purposes through that system, as shown in the Utility Standard Drawings, unless the connection is made directly in a terminus, upstream manhole at the manhole invert and the Engineer of Record has hydraulically demonstrated that connection to an in-line manhole will not cause a surge condition or disruption to the flow within the gravity sewer system. Connections to any manhole shall be made using a flexible boot with stainless steel strap. Thrust restraint transitioning to the manhole shall be designed by the Engineer and detailed on the construction drawings. No force main laterals shall be core bored into manholes.

Pipeline separation criteria and conflict crossings criteria shall conform to the requirements described in Part 1, Sections 1.2.3 and 1.3. Force mains shall not be placed beneath any existing or proposed building structure.

2.2.3 Valves

All connections of privately-owned and maintained wastewater force mains to the Wastewater Department's force mains shall be connected through a check valve housed in a structure as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings which shall allow performance of required maintenance, and shall be owned and maintained by the property owner.

Sufficient plug valves shall be provided to allow for zone isolation of wastewater transmission areas in order to limit the impact of line breaks. In-line gate valves shall be provided at no greater than one thousand foot (1,000') intervals per CITY requirements.

2.2.4 Force Main Extension Stubs

All main-line extension stubs to future developments and/or parcels shall terminate in a stub-out if it is part of a phased project. The stub-out shall end with a valve.

2.2.5 Air Release Assemblies

Air release assemblies shall be provided at all high points and on the upstream side of conflict crossings at which the force main passes under the conflict (unless it can be demonstrated by hydraulic analysis that air pockets will not accumulate at individual high points). A high point is defined by the hydraulic gradient and is considered the upper end of any pipe segment that slopes up to the hydraulic gradient or runs parallel to it. Air valves utilized on raw sewage facilities shall be designed and manufactured specifically for use with domestic sewage. The design engineer shall review and apply the pertinent provisions of AWWA-C512 and AWWA Manual of Water Supply Practices M51, "Air-Release, Air Vacuum, and Combination Air Valves". When installed, the air valve shall be provided with a shut-off valve to allow isolation and removal of the valve assembly. All air release assemblies shall be installed as shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings.

2.3 Pumping Stations

Wastewater pumping stations shall be designed and constructed in accordance with accepted engineering practices, regulatory requirements, Section 2 Technical Specifications, National Electrical Code (NEC) Requirements, and in the Utilities Detail Drawings.

Pumping Station sites located within high water tables shall be designed to withstand floatation forces when empty. The design shall consider the potential for damage or interruption of operation because of flooding. Pump station structures and electrical and mechanical equipment shall be designed to be protected from physical damage by the 100-year flood. Pump stations shall be designed to remain fully operational and accessible during the 25-year flood unless lesser flood levels are appropriate based on local considerations, but not less than the 10-year flood.

Pump stations shall be designed to be readily accessible by maintenance vehicles during all weather conditions. Pump stations shall be designed and located on the site to minimize adverse effects from odors, noise and lighting.

Pump stations shall be designed to avoid operational problems from the accumulation of grit.

The effective volume of wet wells shall be based on design average flows and a filling time not to exceed 30 minutes unless the facility is designed to provide flow equalization. The pump manufacturer's duty cycle recommendations shall be utilized in selecting the minimum cycling time.

2.4 Connections to CITY Facilities

Connections to existing CITY wastewater mains shall be constructed as described in the Technical Specifications and shown in the Utilities Detail Drawings. These details shall apply to all connections to existing systems.

All projects shall be designed with no physical connections between a public or private potable water supply system and a sewer or force main and with no water mains passing through or coming into contact with any part of a sewer manhole.

2.5 Tests and Inspections

Tests and inspections of all wastewater systems or portion(s) thereof shall be performed in accordance with the Technical Specifications before acceptance of the systems or portions thereof by CITY.

END OF SECTION

CITY OF NAPLES UTILITIES STANDARDS MANUAL

SECTION 2

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SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
 - A. Description of Work
 - B. CONTRACTOR's Use of Site
 - C. Work Sequence
 - D. City Occupancy

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. General: The Work to be done under this Contract is shown on the drawings and specified in Contract Documents. This project is for the refurbishment of City of Naples potable water production wells and shall consist, but not be limited to, the following:
 - Two wells may be taken out of service at a time. Once two wells have been taken out of service for refurbishment, authorization to start on the next well will not be granted by the City until a well is accepted by the City and has passed all testing required. No more than two wells may be out of service at a time.
 - 2. Seal tight to junction boxes and control panels. Electrical disconnections and reconnections (by the City).
 - 3. Well pump and piping removal and reinstallation, as required.
 - 4. Well pump and piping storage in accordance with AWWA standards (City to provide secure location, Contractor is responsible for transportation to/from).
 - 5. Plugging of well and discharge piping. Well plug shall be tested and approved by the City, prior to beginning work.
 - 6. Disposal of removed items per local, state, and federal guidelines. The City retains the option to keep any removed items.
 - 7. Concrete work.
 - 8. Piping modifications.
 - 9. Piping installation.
 - 10. Bacteriological (piping and well) and pressure testing (as applicable for piping) per AWWA standards.
 - 11. Record drawings.

B. The Work includes:

- Furnishing of all labor, material, superintendence, plant, power, light, heat, fuel, water, tools, appliances, equipment, supplies, services and other means of construction necessary or proper for performing and completing the Work.
- 2. Sole responsibility for adequacy of plant and equipment.
- 3. Maintaining the Work area and site in a clean and acceptable manner.
- 4. Maintaining existing facilities in service at all times.
- 5. Protection of finished and unfinished Work.
- 6. Repair and restoration of Work or existing facilities damaged during construction.
- 7. Furnishing, as necessary, proper equipment and machinery, of a sufficient capacity, to facilitate the Work and to handle all emergencies normally encountered in Work of this character.
- 8. Furnishing, installing, and protecting all necessary guides, track rails, bearing plates, anchor and attachment bolts, and all other appurtenances needed for the installation of the devices included in the equipment specified. Make anchor bolts of appropriate size, strength and material for the purpose intended. Furnish substantial templates and shop drawings for installation.
- C. Implied and Normally Required Work: It is the intent of these Specifications to provide the City with complete operable systems, subsystems and other items of Work. Any part or item of Work, which is reasonably implied or normally required to make each installation satisfactorily and completely operable, is deemed to be included in the Work and the Contract Amount. All miscellaneous appurtenances and other items of Work incidental to meeting the intent of these Specifications are included in the Work and the Contract Amount even though these appurtenances may not be specifically called for in these Specifications.
- D. Quality of Work: Regard the apparent silence of the Contract Documents as to any detail, or the apparent omission from them of a detailed description concerning any Work to be done and materials to be furnished as meaning that only the best general practice is to prevail and that only materials and workmanship of the best quality are to be used. Interpretation of these specifications will be made upon this basis.

1.3 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF SITE

- A. In addition to the requirements of the Supplemental Terms and Conditions, limit use of site and premises for work and storage to allow for the following:
 - Coordination of the Work under this CONTRACT with the work of the other contractors where Work under this CONTRACT encroaches on the Work of other contractors.
 - 2. City occupancy and access to operate existing facilities.
 - Coordination of site use with ENGINEER.
 - Responsibility for protection and safekeeping of products under this CONTRACT.
 - 5. Providing additional off site storage at no additional cost to the City as needed.
- B. Use of Premises: Contractor shall confine all construction equipment, the storage of materials and equipment and the operations of workers to the Project Site and land and areas identified in and permitted by the Contract Documents and other lands and areas permitted by law, rights of way, permits and easements, and shall not unreasonably encumber the Project site with construction equipment or other material or equipment. Contractor shall assume full responsibility for any damage to any such land or area, or to the owner or occupant thereof, or any land or areas contiguous thereto, resulting from the performance of the Work.

1.4 WORK SEQUENCE

- A. Construct Work in stages to accommodate the City's use of premises during construction period and in accordance with the limitations on the sequence of construction specified. Coordinate construction schedules and operations with ENGINEER. The Contractor shall not open up work to conflict with work already in progress. The Engineer may, however require the Contractor to finish a section on which work is in progress prior to starting another section.
- B. Coordinate Work of all subcontractors.

1.5 CITY OCCUPANCY

- A. The City will occupy premises during entire period of construction in order to maintain normal operations. Cooperate with the City in all construction operations to minimize conflict, and to facilitate City usage.
- B. Conduct operations with the least inconvenience to the general public.

1.6 PROTECTION OF EXISTING UTILITIES

A. In case of damage to existing utilities caused by construction activities, contact the owner of the utility or appropriate City department (Water or Wastewater) immediately. Repair any damage to existing utilities caused by construction activities in coordination with or as directed by the owner of the utility.

Contractor shall locate all existing roadways, railways, drainage facilities and utility services above, upon, or under the Project site, said roadways, railways, drainage facilities and utilities being referred to in this Section as the "utilities". Contractor shall contact the owners of all Utilities to determine the necessity for relocating or temporarily interrupting any Utilities during the construction of the Project. Contractor shall schedule and coordinate its Work around any such relocation or temporary service interruption. Contractor shall be responsible for properly shoring, supporting and protecting all Utilities at all times during the course of the Work. The Contractor shall conduct his work at all times such that adequate drainage is provided and shall not interfere with or block existing drainage facilities such as gutters, ditches, storm drains, or other drainage appurtenances. Existing fire hydrants adjacent to the project shall be kept accessible for fire apparatus at all times and no material or equipment shall be placed within 25 feet of any hydrant.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

- A. Starting Work: Start Work within 10 days following the date stated in the Notice to Proceed and execute with such progress as may be required to prevent delay to other contractors or to the general completion of the project. Execute Work at such items and in or on such parts of the project, and with such forces, material and equipment, as to complete the Work in the time established by the Contract. At all times, schedule and direct the Work so that it provides an orderly progression to completion within the specified time for completion. The Contractor shall obtain all necessary building permits prior to commencement of work. The Contractor shall become totally familiar with the requirements of all permits prior to start of work.
- B. Intent of Contract Documents: It is the intent of the Contract Documents to describe a functionally complete project (or portion thereof) to be constructed in accordance with the Contract Documents. Any work, materials or equipment that may reasonably be inferred from the Contract Documents as being required to produce the intended result shall be supplied whether or not specifically called for. When words which have a well known technical or trade meaning are used to describe work, materials or equipment, such works shall be interpreted in accordance with that meaning. Reference to standards specifications, manuals or

codes of any technical society, organization or association or to the laws or regulations of any governmental authority having jurisdiction over the Project, whether such reference be specific or by implication, shall mean the latest standard specification, manual, code, law or regulation in affect at the time the Work is performed, except as may be otherwise specifically stated herein.

If before or during the performance of the Work Contractor discovers a conflict, error or discrepancy in the Contract Documents, Contractor immediately shall report same to the Engineer in writing and before proceeding with the Work affected thereby shall obtain a written interpretation or clarification from the Engineer. Contractor shall take field measurements and verify field conditions and shall carefully compare such field measurements and conditions and other information known to Contractor with the Contract Documents before commencing any portion of the Work.

Drawings are intended to show general arrangements, design and extent of work and are not intended to serve as shop drawings. Specifications are separated into divisions for convenience of reference only and shall not be interpreted as establishing divisions for the Work, trades, subcontracts, or extent of any part of the Work. In the event of a discrepancy between or among the drawings, specifications or other Contract Document provisions, Contractor shall be required to comply with the provision which is the more restrictive or stringent requirement upon the Contractor, as determined by the Engineer. Unless otherwise specifically mentioned, all anchors, bolts, screws, fittings, fillers, hardware, accessories, trim and other parts required in connection with any portion of the Work to make a complete, serviceable, finished and first quality installation shall be furnished and installed as part of the Work, whether or not called for by the Contract Documents.

- B. Investigation and Utilities: Contractor shall have the sole responsibility of satisfying itself concerning the nature and location of the Work and the general and local conditions, and particularly, but without limitation, with respect to the following: those affecting transportation, access, disposal, handling and storage of materials; availability and quality of labor; water and electric power; availability and condition of roads; work area; living facilities; climatic conditions and seasons; physical conditions at the work-site and the project area as a whole; topography and ground surface conditions; nature and quantity of the surface materials to be encountered; subsurface conditions; equipment and facilities needed preliminary to and during performance of the Work; and all other costs associated with such performance. The failure of Contractor to acquaint itself with any applicable conditions shall not relieve Contractor from any of its responsibilities to perform under the Contract Documents, nor shall it be considered the basis for any claim for additional time or compensation.
- C. Schedule: The Contractor, within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of the Notice of Award, shall prepare and submit to the Engineer, for review and 01010 Summary of Work.doc 5 of 15

approval, a progress schedule for the Project (herein "Progress Schedule"). The Progress Schedule shall relate to all Work required by the Contract Documents and shall provide for expeditious and practicable execution of the Work within the Contract Time. The Progress Schedule shall indicate the dates for starting and completing the various stages of the Work.

The Progress Schedule shall be updated monthly by the Contractor. All monthly updates to the Progress Schedule shall be subject to the Engineer's review and approval. Contractor shall submit the updates to the Progress Schedule with its monthly Applications for Payment noted below. The Engineer's review and approval of the submitted Progress Schedule updates shall be a condition precedent to the City's obligation to pay Contractor.

D. Submittals and Substitutions: Contractor shall carefully examine the Contract Documents for all requirements for approval of materials to be submitted such as shop drawings, data, test results, schedules and samples. Contractor shall submit all such materials at its own expense and in such form as required by the Contract Documents in sufficient time to prevent any delay in the delivery of such materials and the installation thereof.

Whenever materials or equipment are specified or described in the Contract Documents by using the name of a proprietary item or the name of a particular supplier, the naming of the item is intended to establish the type, function and quality required. Unless the name is followed by words indicating that no substitution is permitted, materials or equipment of other suppliers may be accepted by the City if sufficient information is submitted by Contractor to allow the City to determine that the material or equipment proposed is equivalent or equal to that named. Requests for review of substitute items of material and equipment will not be accepted by the City from anyone other than Contractor and all such request must be submitted by Contractor to the Engineer within thirty (30) calendar days after Notice of Award is received by Contractor.

If Contractor wishes to furnish or use a substitute item of material or equipment, Contractor shall make application to the Engineer for acceptance thereof, certifying that the proposed substitute shall perform adequately the functions and achieve the results called for by the general design, be similar and of equal substance to that specified and be suited to the same use as that specified. The application shall state that the evaluation and acceptance of the proposed substitute will not prejudice Contractor's achievement of substantial completion on time, whether or not acceptance of the substitute for use in the Work will require a change in any of the Contract Documents (or in the provisions of any other direct contract with the City for the Project) to adapt the design to the proposed substitute and whether or not the incorporation or use by the substitute in connection with the Work is subject to payment of any license fee or royalty. All variations of the proposed substitute from that specified will be identified in the application and available maintenance, repair and replacement service shall be indicated. The application also shall contain an itemized estimate of all costs that will result directly or indirectly from acceptance of such substitute, including costs for redesign and claims of other contractors affected by the resulting change, all of

which shall be considered by the Engineer in evaluating the proposed substitute. The Engineer may require Contractor to furnish at Contractor's expense additional data about the proposed substitute.

If a specific means, method, technique, sequence or procedure of construction is indicated in or required by the Contract Documents, Contractor may furnish or utilize a substitute means, method, sequence, technique or procedure of construction acceptable to the Engineer, if Contractor submits sufficient information to allow the Engineer to determine that the substitute proposed is equivalent to that indicated or required by the Contract Documents. The procedures for submission to and review by the Engineer shall be the same as those provided herein for substitute materials and equipment.

The Engineer shall be allowed a reasonable time within which to evaluate each proposed substitute. The Engineer shall be the sole judge of acceptability, and no substitute will be ordered, installed or utilized without the Engineer's and the City's prior written acceptance which shall be evidenced by either a Change Order or an approved Shop Drawing. The City may require Contractor to furnish at Contractor's expense a special performance guarantee or other surety with respect to any substitute.

- I. Daily Reports, As-Builts and Meetings: Unless waived in writing, the Contractor shall complete and submit to the Engineer on a weekly basis a daily log of the Contractors work for the preceding week in a format approved by the Engineer. The daily log shall document all activities of Contractor at the Project site including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Weather conditions showing the high and low temperatures during work hours, the amount of precipitation received on the Project site, and any other weather conditions which adversely affect the Work:
 - 2. Soil conditions which adversely affect the Work;
 - 3. The hours of operation by Contractor's and subcontractor's personnel;
 - 4. The number of Contractor's and subcontractor's personnel present and working at the Project site, by subcontract and trade;
 - 5. All equipment present at the Project site, description of equipment use and designation of time equipment was used (specifically indicating any down time):
 - 6. Description of Work being performed at the Project site;
 - 7. Any unusual or special occurrences at the Project site;
 - 8. Materials received at the Project site:
 - 9. A list of all visitors to the Project site; and
 - 10. Any problems that might impact either the cost or quality of the Work or the time of performance.

The daily log shall not constitute nor take the place of any notice required to be given by Contractor to the City pursuant to the Contract Documents.

Contractor shall maintain in a safe place at the Project site one record copy of the Contract Documents, including, but not limited to, all drawings, specifications,

addenda, amendments, Change Orders, Work Directive Changes and Field Orders, as well as all written interpretations and clarifications issued by the Engineer, in good order and annotated to show all changes made during construction. The annotated drawings shall be continuously updated by the Contractor throughout the prosecution of the Work to accurately reflect all field changes that are made to adapt the Work to field conditions, changes resulting from Change Orders, Work Directive Changes and Field Orders, and all concealed and buried installations of piping, conduit and utility services. All buried and concealed items, both inside and outside the Project site, shall be accurately located on the annotated drawings as to depth and in relationship to not less than two (2) permanent features (e.g. interior or exterior wall faces). The annotated drawings shall be clean and all changes, corrections and dimensions shall be given in a neat and legible manner in a contrasting color. The "As-Built" record documents, together with all approved samples and a counterpart of all approved shop drawings shall be available to the Engineer for reference. Upon completion of the Work and as a condition precedent to the Contractor's entitlement to final payment, these "As-Built" record documents, samples and shop drawings shall be delivered to the Engineer by Contractor.

Contractor shall keep all records and supporting documentation which concern or relate to the Work hereunder for a minimum of five (5) years from the date of termination of this Agreement or the date the Project is completed, whichever is later. The City, or any duly authorized agents or representatives of the City, shall have the right to audit, inspect and copy all such records and documentation as often as they deem necessary during the period of this Agreement and during the five (5) year period noted above; provided, however, such activity shall be conducted only during normal business hours.

L. Contract Time and Time Extensions: Should Contractor be obstructed or delayed in the prosecution of or completion of the Work as a result of unforeseeable causes beyond the control of the Contractor, and not due to its fault or neglect, including but not restricted to acts of God or of the public enemy, acts of government, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine regulation, strikes or lockouts, Contractor shall notify the City in writing within forty-eight (48) hours after the commencement of such delay, stating the cause or causes thereof, or be deemed to have waived any right which Contractor may have had to request a time extension.

No interruption, interference, inefficiency, suspension or delay in the commencement or progress of the Work from any cause whole or in part, shall relieve Contractor of his duty to perform or give rise to any right to damages or additional compensation from the City. Contractor expressly acknowledges and agrees that it shall receive no damages for delay. Contractor's sole remedy, if any, against the City will be the right to seek an extension to the Contract Time; provided, however, the granting of any such time extension shall not be a condition precedent to the aforementioned "No Damage For Delay" provision. This paragraph shall expressly apply to claims for early completion, as well as to claims based on late completion.

- N. Changes in Work: The City shall have the right at any time during the progress of the Work to increase or decrease the Work. Promptly after being notified of a change, Contractor shall submit an itemized estimate of any cost or time increases or savings it foresees as a result of the change. Except in an emergency endangering life or property, or as expressly set forth herein, no addition or changes to the Work shall be made except upon written order of the City, and the City shall not be liable to the Contractor for any increased compensation without such written order.
- O. Claims and Disputes: A claim is a demand or assertion by one of the parties seeking an adjustment or interpretation of the terms of the Contract Documents, payment of money, extension of time or other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract Documents. The term "Claim" also includes other disputes and matters in question between the City and Contractor arising out of or relating to the Contract Documents.

The responsibility to substantiate a Claim shall rest with the party making the Claim.

Claims by the Contractor shall be made in writing to the City within forty-eight (48) hours after the first day of the event giving rise to such Claim or else the Contractor shall be deemed to have waived the Claim. Written supporting data shall be submitted to the City within fifteen (15) calendar days after the occurrence of the event, unless the City grants additional time in writing, or else the Contractor shall be deemed to have waived the Claim.

The Contractor shall proceed diligently with its performance as directed by the City, regardless of any pending claim, action, suit or administrative proceeding, unless otherwise agreed to by the City in writing. The City shall continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents during the pendency of any Claim.

P. Other Work: The City may perform other work related to the Project at the site by the City's own forces, have other work performed by utility owners or let other direct contracts. If the fact that such other work is to be performed is not noted in the Contract Documents, written notice thereof will be given to Contractor prior to starting any such other work. If Contractor believes that such performance will involve additional expense to Contractor or require additional time, Contractor shall send written notice of that fact to the City within forty-eight (48) hours of being notified of the other work. If the Contractor fails to send the above required forty-eight (48) hour notice, the Contractor will be deemed to have waived any rights it otherwise may have had to seek an extension to the Contract Time or adjustment to the Contract Amount.

Contractor shall afford each utility owner and other contractor who is a party to such a direct contract (or the City, if the City is performing the additional work with the City's employees) proper and safe access to the site and a reasonable opportunity for execution of such work and shall properly connect and coordinate its Work with theirs. Contractor shall do all cutting, fitting and patching of the Work

that may be required to make its several parts come together properly and integrate with such other work. Contractor shall not endanger any work of others by cutting, excavating or otherwise altering their work and will only cut or alter their work with the written consent of the Engineer and the others whose work will be affected. The duties and responsibilities of Contractor under this paragraph are for the benefit of such utility owners and other Contractors to the extent that there are comparable provisions for the benefit of Contractor in said direct contracts between the City and such utility owners and other contractors.

If any part of Contractor's Work depends for proper execution or results upon the work of any other contractor or utility owner (or the City), Contractor shall inspect and promptly report to the Engineer in writing any delays, defects or deficiencies in such work that render it unavailable or unsuitable for such proper execution and results.. Contractor's failure to report will constitute an acceptance of the other work as fit and proper for integration with Contractor's Work.

- Q. Compliance with Laws: Contractor agrees to comply, at its own expense, with all federal, state and local laws, codes, statutes, ordinances, rules, regulations and requirements applicable to the Project, including but not limited to those dealing with taxation, worker's compensation, equal employment and safety (including, but not limited to, the Trench Safety Act, Chapter 553, Florida Statutes). If Contractor observes that the Contract Documents are at variance therewith, it shall promptly notify the Engineer in writing.
- R. Assignment: Contractor shall not assign this Agreement or any part thereof, without the prior consent in writing of the City. If Contractor does, with approval, assign this Agreement or any part thereof, it shall require that its assignee be bound to it and to assume toward Contractor all of the obligations and responsibilities that Contractor has assumed toward the City.
- S. Permits, Licenses and Taxes: Pursuant to Section 218.80, F.S., the City will pay for all permits and fees, including license fees, permit fees, impact fees or inspection fees applicable to the work through an internal budget transfer(s). Contractor is not responsible for paying for permits issued by The City of Naples, but is responsible for acquiring all permits.

All permits, fees and licenses necessary for the prosecution of the Work which are not issued by the City shall be acquired and paid for by the Contractor unless otherwise noted.

T. Termination for Default: Contractor shall be considered in material default of the Agreement and such default shall be considered cause for the City to terminate the Agreement, in whole or in part, as further set forth in this Section, if Contractor: (1) fails to begin the Work under the Contract Documents within the time specified herein; or (2) fails to properly and timely perform the Work as directed by the Engineer or as provided for in the approved Progress Schedule; or (3) performs the Work unsuitably or neglects or refuses to remove material or to correct or replace such Work as may be rejected as unacceptable or unsuitable; or (4) discontinues the prosecution of the Work; or (5) fails to resume Work which has

been suspended within a reasonable time after being notified to do so; or (6) becomes insolvent or is declared bankrupt, or commits any act of bankruptcy; or (7) allows any final judgment to stand against it unsatisfied for more than ten (10) days; or (8) makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors; or (9) fails to obey any applicable codes, laws, ordinances, rules or regulations with respect to the Work; or (10) materially breaches any other provision of the Contract Documents.

The City shall notify Contractor in writing of Contractor's default(s). If the City determines that Contractor has not remedied and cured the default(s) within seven (7) calendar days following receipt by Contractor of said written notice, then the City, at its option, without releasing or waiving its rights and remedies against the Contractor's sureties and without prejudice to any other right or remedy it may be entitled to hereunder or by law, may terminate Contractor's right to proceed under the Agreement, in whole or in part, and take possession of all or any portion of the Work and any materials, tools, equipment, and appliances of Contractor, take assignments of any of Contractor's subcontracts and purchase orders, and complete all or any portion of Contractor's Work by whatever means, method or agency which the City, in its sole discretion, may choose.

If the City deems any of the foregoing remedies necessary, Contractor agrees that it shall not be entitled to receive any further payments hereunder until after the Project is completed. All monies expended and all of the costs, losses, damages and extra expenses (including Engineer and attorney's fees) or damages incurred by The City incident to such completion, shall be deducted from the Contract Amount, Contractor agrees to pay promptly to the City on demand the full amount (including appeals) and interest thereon at the maximum legal rate of interest until paid. If the unpaid balance of the Contract Amount exceeds all such costs, expenditures and damages incurred by the City to complete the Work, such excess shall be paid to the Contractor. The amount to be paid to the Contractor, shall be approved by the Engineer, upon application, and this obligation for payment shall survive termination of the Agreement.

The liability of Contractor hereunder shall extend to and include the full amount of any and all sums paid, expenses and losses incurred, damages sustained, and obligations assumed by The City in good faith under the belief that such payments or assumptions were necessary or required, in completing the Work and providing labor, materials, equipment, supplies, and other items therefore or re-letting the Work, and in settlement, discharge or compromise of any claims, demands suits, and judgments pertaining to or arising out of the work hereunder.

If, after notice of termination of contractor's right to proceed pursuant to this Section, it is determined for any reason that Contractor was not in default, or that its default was excusable, or that the City is not entitled to the remedies against Contractor provided herein, then Contractor's remedies against the City shall be the same as and limited to those afforded Contractor under "Completion" section below.

U. Termination for Convenience and Right of Suspension: The City shall have the right to terminate this Agreement without cause upon seven (7) calendar days

written notice to Contractor. In the event of such termination for convenience, Contractor's recovery against the City shall be limited to that portion of the Contract Amount earned through the date of termination, together with any retainage withheld and reasonable termination expenses incurred, but Contractor shall not be entitled to any other or further recovery against the City, including, but not limited to, damages or any anticipated profit on portions of the Work not performed.

The City shall have the right to suspend all or any portions of the Work upon giving Contractor not less than two (2) calendar days' prior written notice of such suspension. If all or any portion of the Work is so suspended, Contractor's sole and exclusive remedy shall be to seek an extension of time to its schedule in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Contract Documents. In no event shall the Contractor be entitled to any additional compensation or damages. Provided, however, if the ordered suspension exceeds six (6) months, the Contractor shall have the right to terminate the Agreement with respect to that portion of the Work which is subject to the ordered suspension.

V. Completion: When the entire Work (or any portion thereof designated in writing by the City) is ready for its intended use, Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing that the entire Work (or such designated portion) is substantially complete and request that the Engineer issue a Certificate of Substantial completion (or Certificate of Partial Substantial Completion). Within a reasonable time thereafter, the City, Contractor and Engineer shall make an inspection of the Work (or designated portion thereof) to determine the status of completion. If the City and Engineer do not consider the Work (or designated portion) substantially complete, the Engineer shall notify Contractor in writing giving the reasons therefore. If the City and Engineer consider the Work (or designated portion) substantially complete, the Engineer shall prepare and deliver to Contractor a Certificate of Substantial Completion (or Certificate of Partial Substantial Completion) which shall fix the date of Substantial Completion for the entire Work (or designated portion thereof) and include a tentative punchlist of items to be completed or corrected by Contractor before final payment. The City shall have the right to exclude Contractor from the Work and Project site (or designated portion thereof) after the date of Substantial Completion, but the City shall allow Contractor reasonable access to complete or correct items on the tentative punchlist.

Upon receipt of written certification by Contractor that the Work is completed in accordance with the Contract Documents and is ready for final inspection and acceptance and upon receipt of a final Application for Payment, the Engineer will make such inspection and, if he finds the Work acceptable and fully performed under the Contract Documents, he shall promptly issue a final Certificate for Payment, recommending that, on the basis of his observations and inspection, and the Contractor's certification that the Work has been completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Contract Documents, that the entire balance found to be due Contractor is due and payable. Neither the final payment nor the retainage shall become due and payable until Contractor submits: all data establishing payment or satisfaction of al obligations, such as receipts, releases and waivers of liens, arising out of the Contract Documents, to the extent and in

such form as may be designated by the City. The City reserves the right to inspect the Work and make an independent determination as to the Work's acceptability, even though the Engineer may have issued his recommendations. Unless and until the City is completely satisfied, neither the final payment nor the retainage shall become due and payable.

- W. Warranty: Contractor shall obtain and assign to the City all express warranties given to Contractor or any subcontractors by any material men supplying materials, equipment or fixtures to be incorporated into the project. Contractor warrants to the City that any materials and equipment furnished under the Contract Documents shall be new unless otherwise specified, and that all Work shall be of good quality, free from all defects and in conformance with the Contract Contractor further warrants to the City that all materials and equipment furnished under the Contract Documents shall be applied, installed, connected, erected, used, cleaned and conditioned in accordance with the instructions of the applicable manufacturers, fabricators, suppliers or processors except as otherwise provided for in the Contract Documents. If, within one (1) year after final completion, any Work is found to be defective or not in conformance with the Contract Documents, Contractor shall correct it promptly after receipt of written notice from the City. Contractor shall also be responsible for and pay for replacement or repair of adjacent materials or Work which may be damaged as a result of such replacement or repair. These warranties are in addition to those implied warranties to which the City is entitled as a matter of law.
- X. Supervision and Superintendents: Contractor shall plan, organize, supervise, schedule, monitor, direct and control the work competently and efficiently, devoting such attention thereto and applying such skills and expertise as may be necessary to perform the work in accordance with the contract documents. Contractor shall be responsible to see that the finished work complies accurately with the Contract Documents. Contractor shall keep on the Work at all times during its progress a competent resident superintendent, who shall not be replaced without prior written notice to the Engineer except under extraordinary circumstances. The superintendent shall be Contractor's representative at the Project site and shall have authority to act on behalf of Contractor. All communications given to the superintendent shall be as binding as if given to the Contractor. The City shall have the right to direct Contractor to remove and replace its Project superintendent, with or without cause.
- Y. Protection of Work: Contractor shall fully protect the Work from loss or damage and shall bear the cost of any such loss or damage until final payment has been made. If Contractor or any one for whom Contractor is legally liable for is responsible for any loss or damage to the Work, or other work or materials of the City or the City's separate contractors, Contractor shall be charged with the same, and any monies necessary to replace such loss or damage shall be deducted from any amounts due Contractor.

Contractor shall not load nor permit any part of any structure to be loaded in any manner that will endanger the structure, nor shall Contractor subject any part of the Work or adjacent property to stresses or pressures that will endanger it.

Contractor shall not disturb any benchmark established by the Engineer with respect to the Project. If Contractor, or its subcontractors, agents or anyone for whom Contractor is legally liable, disturbs the Engineer's benchmark, Contractor shall immediately notify The City and Engineer. The Engineer shall reestablish the benchmark and Contractor shall be liable for all costs incurred by The City associated therewith.

- Z. Emergencies: In the event of an emergency affecting the safety or protection of persons or Work or property at the Project site of adjacent thereto, Contractor, without special instructions or authorization from the City or Engineer is obligated to act to prevent threatened damage, injury or loss. Contractor shall give Engineer written notice within forty-eight (48) hours after the occurrence of the emergency, if Contractor believes that after the occurrence of the emergency, if Contractor believes that any significant changes in the Work or variations from the Contract Documents have been caused thereby. If the Engineer determines that a change in the Contract Documents is required because of the action taken in response to an emergency, a Change Order shall be issued to document the consequences of the changes or variations. If Contractor fails to provide the forty-eight (48) hour written notice noted above, the Contractor shall be deemed to have waived any right it otherwise may have had to seek an adjustment to the Contract Amount or an extension to the Contract Time.
- 21. Project Meetings: Prior to the commencement of Work, the Contractor shall attend a preconstruction conference with the Engineer and others as appropriate to discuss the Progress Schedule, procedures for handling shop drawings and other submittals, and for processing Applications for Payment, and to establish a working understanding among the parties as to the Work. During the prosecution of the Work, the Contractor shall attend any and all meetings convened by the Engineer or the City with respect to the Project, when directed to do so. Contractor shall have its subcontractors and suppliers attend all such meetings (including the preconstruction conference) as may be directed by the City or Engineer.
- Z2. Traffic Control Plan: A traffic control plan to support the Contractor's operations shall be submitted at least 72 hours prior to commencing work that shall conform to the Florida Department of Transportation's "Manual on Traffic Control and Safe Practices" which shall be obtained by the Contractor at his expense.
- Z3. Hours of Work: Work within the travelled way of the project shall commence no earlier than 7:00 a.m. local time and be completed no later than 7:00 p.m. local time. Hours of work may be altered at any time at the discretion of the City.
- Z4. Tax Exemption: The City of Naples is exempt from the payment of sales or use tax. The tax exemption certificate number is: 85-8012621645C-0.

PART 4 SAFETY

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for initiating, maintaining and supervising all safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work. Contractor shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of, and shall provide the necessary protection to prevent damage, injury or loss to:
 - 1. All employees on the Work and other persons and/or organizations who may be affected thereby;
 - 2. All the Work and materials and equipment to be incorporated therein, whether in storage on or off the Project site; and
 - 3. Other property on Project site or adjacent thereto, including trees, shrubs, walks, pavements, roadways, structures, utilities and any underground structures or improvements not designated for removal, relocation or replacement in the Contract Documents.
- B. Contractor shall comply with all applicable codes, laws, ordinances, rules and regulations of any public body having jurisdiction for the safety of persons or property or to protect them from damage, injury or loss. Contractor shall erect and maintain all necessary safeguards for such safety and protection. Contractor shall notify owners of adjacent property and of underground structures and improvements and utility-owners when prosecution of the Work may affect them, and shall cooperate with them in the protection, removal, relocation or replacement of their property. Contractor's duties and responsibilities for the safety and protection of the Work shall continue until such time as the Work is completed and final acceptance of same by The City has occurred.
- C. Contractor shall designate a responsible representative at the Project site whose duty shall be the prevention of accidents. This person shall be Contractor's superintendent unless otherwise designated in writing by Contractor to The City.

END OF SECTION

NO TEXT FOR THIS PAGE

SECTION 01026

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Applies only to City of Naples Utilities Projects and Utilities Portions of City of Naples Stormwater, Streets and Traffic Projects, but not to Private Developments

PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
 - A. Explanation and Definitions
 - B. Measurement
 - C. Payment
 - D. Schedule of Values

1.2 EXPLANATION AND DEFINITIONS

A. The following explanation of the Measurement and Payment for the Bid Schedule items is made for information and guidance. The omission of reference to any item in this description shall not, however, alter the intent of the Bid Schedule or relieve the CONTRACTOR of the necessity of furnishing such as a part of the Contract. Measurement and payment for all Contract Items shall made be in accordance with this section or as modified by the Supplemental Terms and Conditions.

1.3 MEASUREMENT

A. The quantities set forth in the Bid Schedule are approximate and are given to establish a uniform basis for the comparison of bids. The CITY reserves the right to increase or decrease the quantity of any class or portion of the work during the progress of construction in accord with the terms of the Contract.

1.4 PAYMENT

- A. Make payment for the items listed on the Bid Schedule on the basis of the work actually performed and completed, such work including but not limited to, the furnishing of all necessary labor, materials, equipment, transportation, clean up, restoration of disturbed areas, and all other appurtenances to complete the construction and installation of the work as shown on the drawings and described in the specifications.
- B. Unit prices are used as a means of computing the final figures for bid and Contract purposes, for periodic payments for work performed, for determining value of additions or deletions and wherever else reasonable.

1.5 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Approval of Schedule: Submit for approval a preliminary schedule of values, in duplicate, for all of the Work. Prepare preliminary schedule in accordance with the Supplemental Terms and Conditions. Submit preliminary schedule of values within 10 calendar days after the Effective Date of the Agreement. Submit final schedule of values in accordance with the Supplemental Terms and Conditions.
- B. Format: Utilize a format similar to the Table of Contents of the Project Specifications. Identify each line item with number and title of the major specification items. Identify site mobilization, bonds and insurance. Include within each line item, a direct proportional amount of CONTRACTOR's overhead profit.
- C. Revisions: With each Application for Payment, revise schedule to list approved Change Orders.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

- A. Make payment on the basis of work actually performed completing each item in the Bid, such work including, but not limited to, the furnishing of all necessary labor, materials, equipment, transportation, cleanup, and all other appurtenances to complete the construction and installation of the work to the configuration and extent as shown on the drawings and described in the specifications. Payment for each item includes compensation for cleanup and restorations. Cost of cleanup and surface restorations (including pavement replacement) will be considered as the percentage retained in accordance with the Contract Documents, and complete payment will not be made until cleanup, restorations and as-builts are completed.
 - 1. <u>Mobilization</u>: Payment for mobilization will be made for at the Contract lump sum price.
 - 2. Performance and Payment Bond Premiums and Insurance:
 - 3. <u>Furnish and Install Utility Pipelines</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing utility pipelines (various sizes and types) will be made at the Contract unit price per lineal foot for the pipe in place. This item includes clearing and disposal of trees and bushes, all necessary fittings, pipe coatings and linings, connections to existing mains, labor, equipment and materials for the

furnishing and laying of the pipe, signs, maintenance of traffic, dewatering, compaction, pipe bedding, backfilling, sheeting, restrained joint piping, detectable tape, clamps, harnessing, plugs and caps, adapters, excavation of all material encountered, including rock, backfill, replacement of grass, sod, clearing and grubbing, landscaping, pavement, driveways, sidewalks, mailboxes, culverts, storm sewers, and other surface materials not specifically designated in the Bid, coordination with other contractors, stubs and valves for future connections to existing pipes, clean-up, disinfection and sterilization, temporary facilities for testing and tests. Measure pipe to the nearest foot along the centerline including the lengths of manholes, valves and fittings. Measure lineal footage horizontally. Measure cuts from proposed grade to the invert elevation of the pipe. Pipe installed within casing pipe is included in this item.

- 4. Furnish and Install Standard Precast Concrete Sanitary Sewer Manholes: Payment for furnishing and installing standard precast concrete sanitary manholes will be made at the unit price per manhole acceptably installed. This item includes all excavation, backfilling, compacted gravel or crushed stone bedding, sheeting, shoring, dewatering, concrete work and reinforcing, protection of adjacent facilities, manhole frames and covers, coatings and linings, manhole joints, bottom channels and sanitary sewer connections. Conform all manholes to the City Standard Details. This item does not include outside drop manholes or standard precast shallow manholes. Measure cuts from proposed grade to the invert elevation of the sewer.
- 5. Furnish and Install Outside Drop Manholes: Payment for furnishing and installing outside drop manholes will be made at the unit price per drop manhole acceptably installed. This item includes all excavation, backfilling, compacted gravel or crushed stone bedding, sheeting, shoring, dewatering, concrete work and reinforcing, drop pipes and pipe connections, plugs for future connections, protection of adjacent facilities, manhole frames and covers, coatings and linings, manhole joints, bottom channels and sanitary sewer connections. Conform all outside drop manholes to the Drop Manhole detail shown on the Plans. Measure cuts from proposed grade to the invert elevation of the sewer.
- 6. <u>Furnish and Install Valves and Boxes</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing valves will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price per valve acceptably installed. This item includes the valve, valve box, vault or housing, concrete work, operators, incidentals, and all necessary labor, materials and equipment for installation, including valve stem, valve box extensions and adjustments. This item also includes the installation of base material below the valve in accordance with the detail shown in the Plans.
- 7. Furnish and Install Air Release Valves: Payment for furnishing and installing air release valves will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price per air release valve acceptably installed. This item includes the valve, valve box, concrete work, operators, stems, incidentals, and all necessary labor, materials and equipment for installation including valve box extensions and

- adjustments. This item also includes the installation of base material below the valve in accordance with the detail shown in the Plans.
- 8. Furnish and Install Fire Hydrant Assemblies: Payment for the furnishing and installing of fire hydrant assemblies will be made at the Contract unit price for each fire hydrant assembly acceptably installed. This item includes the tee installed on the utility main, all necessary fittings, joint restraint from the valve to the tee, necessary piping from the tee to the hydrant location with the installation of barrel section to meet finished grade, control gate valve, valve box and any concrete work. Be responsible to set the hydrant to grade in accordance with the detail shown on the Plans.
- 9. <u>Furnish and Install Permanent Blow-offs</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing permanent blow-offs will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price per blow-off acceptably installed. This item includes the reinforced concrete thrust collar, piping, making pipe connections, valves, meter box, tie rods and all other work for a complete installation. Conform all permanent blow-offs to the Standard Details.
- 10. Furnish and Install Temporary Blow-offs: Tapping Sleeve and Valve: Payment for furnishing and installing temporary blow-offs will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price per blow-off acceptably installed. This item includes the reinforced concrete thrust collar, piping, making pipe connections, valves, meter box, tie rods and all other work for a complete installation. Conform all temporary blow-offs to the detail shown on the Plans.
- 11. <u>Furnish and Install Tapping Sleeves and Valves</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing tapping sleeves and valves will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price per tapping sleeve and valve acceptably installed. This item includes all piping, making pipe connections, tapping sleeve, valve and valve box, restrained joints, and all other work for a complete installation.
- 12. <u>Furnish and Install Bacteriological Sample Points</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing bacteriological sample points will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price per bacteriological sample point. This item includes valve, tubing, fittings, enclosure, all concrete, removal of temporary sample point, and incidentals necessary for a complete installation as shown on the drawings and as specified herein.
- 13. Furnish and Install Pump Station: Payment for the furnishing and installing the pump station will be made for at the Contract lump sum price for the pump station acceptably installed. This item includes pumps, wet well structure, valve vault structure, fence, stainless steel hardware, aluminum wet well cover, aluminum valve vault cover, coatings, valves, pipe, fittings, water service, panel, electrical hardware, electrical connection, electrical controls, telemetry, driveway, culvert, and all necessary materials and labor to complete the pump station in accordance with the project plans. Also included is the cost to connect electrical power to the pump station.

- Schedule with Florida Power and Light to place the pump station into service.
- 14. Furnish and Install Sanitary Sewer Services: Payment for furnishing and installing sanitary sewer services will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price per linear foot for P.V.C. and ductile iron pipe sewer service acceptably installed. This item includes all labor, equipment and materials for furnishing and installing all necessary pipe, fittings, connections, solids sleeves and adapters, protection of existing utilities and facilities, excavation, pipe bedding, sheeting, shoring, dewatering, compaction, cleanouts, service markers, plugs, removal and replacement of grass, sod, shrubs, pavement, driveways, culverts and storm sewers, mailboxes, sidewalks and other surface materials not specifically designated in the Bid, cleanup, testing, and all other work for a complete installation.
- 15. Furnish and Install Water Services: Payment for furnishing and installing water services will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price for each polyethylene short side and long side service acceptably installed. This item includes all labor, equipment and materials for furnishing and installing all necessary pipe, fittings, connections, casing pipes, meter stops, meter box, tapping sleeves, protection of existing utilities and facilities, excavation, pipe bedding, dewatering, compaction, removal and replacement of grass, sod, shrubs, pavement, driveways, culverts and storm sewers, mailboxes, sidewalks and other surface materials not specifically designated in the Bid, cleanup, testing and all other work for a complete installation.
- 16. Remove and Replace Driveway: Payment for removing and replacing driveway will be made at the appropriate Contract Unit price per square yard of concrete or asphalt driveway shown on the Plans to be removed and replaced for water main construction. Replace driveways to match existing elevations and materials of construction. Include surface restoration required for driveway removal and replacement in this item.
- 17. Remove and Replace Street Pavement Surface and Base: Payment for removing and replacing street pavement surface and base will be made at the appropriate Contract unit price per square yard for pavement surface and base installed in the work. Replace all pavement surface and base in accordance with the City of Naples Standard Details and details shown on the Plans.
- 18. <u>Furnish and Install Pipeline Interconnection</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing the pipeline interconnection will be made at the Contract lump sum price for the interconnection acceptably installed. This item includes all labor, equipment and materials to install all necessary pipe, fittings, connections, tapping sleeve and valve with valve box, field measurements, protection of existing facilities, excavation, pipe bedding, dewatering, compaction, surface restoration, testing, cleanup and all other work for a complete installation.

- 19. <u>Furnish and Install Unreinforced Concrete</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing unreinforced concrete will be made at the Contract unit price per cubic yard for all unreinforced concrete installed as ordered in writing by the ENGINEER. Conform all unreinforced concrete to the technical specifications. All unreinforced concrete installed in the work not shown on the Plans and not ordered by the ENGINEER in writing will not be measured for payment.
- 20. <u>Furnish and Install Additional Fittings</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing additional fittings will be made at the Contract unit price per ton for additional fittings installed in the work as ordered in writing by the ENGINEER. All fittings installed in the work not shown on the plans and not ordered by the ENGINEER in writing will not be measured for payment.
- 21. Rock Excavation: Payment for Rock Excavation will be made at the Contract unit price for the actual volume of rock excavated as defined in the Technical Specifications, measured in place within the limits outlined below, or as ordered by the Engineer. The limits for rock excavation for pipes in open cut will be a horizontal plane 6 inches below the lower outside surface of the pipe barrel and the surface of the rock and vertical planes passing 2 feet outside the horizontal diameter of the pipe barrel. Notify the Engineer in writing a sufficient time in advance of the beginning of any rock excavation, so that sufficient elevations and measurements may be obtained. No payment will be made for any rock material excavated or removed before these measurements have been taken.
- 22. Additional Earth Excavation: Payment for Additional Earth Excavation will be made at the Contract unit price for the total volume of excavation, as ordered in writing by the Engineer, beyond and outside the established lines and grades which would have controlled and been maintained had not the additional excavation been ordered. Additional earth excavation for placement of selected fill material other than that for pipe bedding is included under this item.
- 23. Additional Fill Material: Payment for Additional Fill Material, obtained from sources other than excavations in this Contract, will be made at the Contract unit price for the actual compacted volume of fill material placed within the payment limits shown on the Plans or established by the Engineer. Order all Additional Fill Material in writing by the Engineer. This item includes disposal of surplus excavated material. Fill material used to fill voids resulting from unauthorized excavation, or where required for dewatering, will not be measured for payment even though the Engineer orders their use. Fill material used for pipe bedding is not included under this item.
- 24. <u>Jack and Bore Crossing</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing jack and bore crossings will be made at the Contract unit price per linear foot of steel casing installed including all labor, material, equipment and incidentals necessary to install one linear foot of steel casing, regardless of depth of cover in accordance with these specifications. Include price for steel casing

material, including spacers and identification tape, clearing and grubbing, removal of pavement, driveways, sidewalks, trenching, rock excavation, disposal of non-usable excavated material, bedding, laying, backfilling, grassing, sodding, replacement of pavement, driveways, and sidewalks, cleanup and all appurtenances. Measurement for payment will be made horizontally along the centerline of installed casing.

- 25. <u>Conflict Crossings</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing a complete conflict crossing will be made at the Contract unit price per conflict crossing including pipe, fittings, joint restraints, concrete work, and incidentals necessary for a complete installation as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- 26. <u>Utility Locates:</u> Payment for locating utilities will be made at the Contract unit price for locating utilities including labor, material, equipment and incidentals necessary to determine the horizontal and vertical location of an existing utility underground regardless of depth. Price is to also include potholing, soft dig, excavation locating, backfilling, pavement repair, cleanup, sodding, and all appurtenances.
- 27. <u>Irrigations Sleeves</u>: Payment for furnishing and installing various sizes of conduit will be made at the contract unit price for irrigation sleeves for all labor, material, and equipment necessary to install complete one linear foot of conduit. Price is to also include locator discs, trenching, directional boring under existing payement, cleanup and all appurtenances.
- Maintenance of Traffic: Payment for maintenance of traffic in accordance with the CITY Maintenance of Traffic Policy will be made for at the Contract lump sum price.
- B. Prior to submitting first monthly Application for Payment, Contractor shall submit to Engineer, for review and approval, a schedule of values based upon the Contract Price, listing the major elements of the Work and the dollar value for each element. After its approval by the Engineer, this schedule of values shall be used as the basis for the Contractor's monthly Applications for Payment.
- C. Prior to submitting first monthly Application for Payment, Contractor shall submit to The City a complete list of all its proposed subcontractors and material men, showing the work and materials involved and the dollar amount of each proposed subcontract and purchase order. The first Application for Payment shall be submitted no earlier than thirty (30) days after the Commencement Date.
- D. If payment is requested on the basis of materials and equipment not incorporated into the Project, but delivered and suitably stored at the site or at another location agreed to by the City in writing, the Application for Payment shall also be accompanied by a bill of sale, invoice or other documentation warranting that the City has received the materials and equipment free and clear of all liens, charges, security interests and encumbrances, together with evidence that the materials and equipment are covered by appropriate property insurance and other

arrangements to protect the City's interest therein, all of which shall be subject to the City's satisfaction.

- E. Contractor shall submit two (2) copies of its monthly Application for Payment to the Engineer on or before the 25th day of each month for work performed during the previous month. Invoices received after the 25th day of each month shall be considered for payment as part of the next month's application. Within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of each Application for Payment, the Engineer shall either:
 - 1. indicate his approval of the requested payment;
 - 2. indicate his approval of only a portion of the requested payment, stating in writing his reasons therefore; or
 - 3. return the Application for Payment to the Contractor indicating, in writing, the reason for refusing to approve payment.

In the event of a total denial and return of the Application for Payment by the Engineer, the Contractor may make the necessary corrections and resubmit the Application for Payment. The City shall, within thirty (30) calendar days after the Engineer's approval of an Application for Payment, pay the Contractor the amounts so approved. Provided, however, in no event shall the City be obligated to pay any amount greater than that portion of the Application for Payment approved by the Engineer.

- F. The City shall retain ten (10%) of the gross amount of each monthly payment request or ten percent (10%) of the portion thereof approved by the Engineer for payment, whichever is less. Such sum shall be accumulated and not released to the Contractor until final payment is due.
- G. Monthly payments to Contractor shall in no way imply approval or acceptance of Contractor's work.
- H. Contractor agrees and understands that funding limitations exist and that the expenditure of funds must be spread over the duration of the Project at regular intervals based on the Contract Amount and Progress Schedule. Accordingly, prior to submitting its first monthly Application for Payment, Contractor shall prepare and submit for the Engineers review and approval, a detailed Project Funding Schedule, which shall be updated as necessary and approved by the City to reflect approved adjustments to the Contract Amount and Contract Time. No voluntary acceleration or early completion of the Work shall modify the time of payments to Contractor as set forth in the approved Project Funding Schedule.

3.2 PAYMENTS WITHHELD

A. The Engineer may decline to approve any Application for Payment, or portions thereof, because of subsequently discovered evidence or subsequent inspections. The Engineer may nullify the whole or any part of any approval for payment

previously issued and the City may withhold any agreement between the City and Contractor, to such an extent as may be necessary in the City's opinion to protect it from loss because of:

- 1. Defective Work not remedied;
- 2. Third party claims filed or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of such claims
- 3. Failure of Contractor to make payment properly to subcontractors or for labor, materials or equipment;
- 4. Reasonable doubt that the Work can be completed for the unpaid balance of the Contract Amount;
- 5. Reasonable indication that the Work will not be completed within the Contract Time;
- 6. Unsatisfactory prosecution of the Work by the Contractor; or
- 7. Any other material breach of the Contract Documents.
- B. If these conditions in Subsection 5.1 are not remedied or removed, the City may, after three (3) days written notice, rectify the same at Contractor's expense. The City also may offset against any sums due Contractor the amount of any liquidated or unliquidated obligations of Contractor whether relating to or arising out of this Agreement or any other agreement between Contractor and the Engineer.

3.3 FINAL PAYMENT

- A. The City shall make final payment to Contractor within thirty (30) calendar days after the Work is finally inspected and accepted by both the City and the Engineer in accordance with Section 20.1 herein provided that Contractor first, and as an explicit condition precedent to the accrual of Contractor's right to final payment, shall have furnished the City with any and all documentation that may be required by the Contract Documents and the City.
- B. Contractor's acceptance of final payment shall constitute a full waiver of any and all claims by Contractor against the City arising out of this Agreement or otherwise relating to the Project, except those previously made in writing and identified by Contractor as unsettled at the time of the final Application for Payment. Neither the acceptance of the Work nor payment by the City shall be deemed to be a waiver of the City's right to enforce any obligations of Contractor hereunder or to the recovery of damages for defective Work not discovered by the Engineer at the time of final inspection.

END OF SECTION

EXHIBIT A-1

NO TEXT FOR THIS PAGE

SECTION 01045

CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING SYSTEMS

PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
 - A. General Requirements
 - B. Submittals
 - C. Scheduling of Shutdown
- 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS
 - A. Section 01010 Summary of Work
 - B. Section 01500 Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls
 - C. Section 01570 Traffic Regulations and Public Safety
 - D. Section 02575 Pavement Repair and Restoration

1.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Be responsible for all connection to existing systems, cutting, fitting and patching, including attendant excavation and backfill, required to complete the work or to:
 - 1. Make its several parts fit together properly.
 - 2. Uncover portions of the work to provide for installation of ill-timed work.
 - 3. Remove and replace defective work.
 - 4. Remove and replace work not conforming to requirements of Contract Documents.
- B. Coordination: Before connection is performed, verify and provide for any pipe restraint that may be required for the new connection. Perform all cutting, fitting or patching of the Work that may be required to make the several parts thereof join in accordance with the Contract Documents. Perform restoration with competent workmen skilled in the trade.
- C. If changes to a "looped" water distribution system occurring during construction result in dead ends to any new or relocated water mains, connect such dead ends to the nearest water main. In cases where no nearby water main is

- D. Improperly Timed Work: Perform all cutting and patching required to install improperly timed work, to remove samples of installed materials for testing, and to provide for alteration of existing facilities or for the installation of new Work in the existing construction.
- E. Limitations: Except when the cutting or removal of existing construction is specified or indicated, do not undertake any cutting or demolition, which may affect the structural stability of the Work or existing facilities without the ENGINEER's concurrence.
- F. City of Naples Damage Prevention Policy: This policy has been put in place to avoid damage to CITY underground utilities. A minimum distance of five feet (5') horizontally and eighteen inches (18") vertically must be maintained away from CITY utilities. Any and all variations from this order must be approved by the Water or Wastewater Department. Before commencement of any excavation, the existing underground utilities in the area affected by the work must be marked by Sunshine State One Call after proper notification to them by either calling 800/432-4770 or emailing www.callsunshine.com. Before commencing excavation for the work, potholing of all potential conflicts must be performed. All lines in conflict must be physically located by the contractor and verified by CITY Locate Department personnel before performing work. Utilities under concrete or pavement may require soft dig vacuum locates which also is the contractor's responsibility to perform. All utilities will be field marked per Sunshine State One Call's statutes and guidelines. For line verification or any other information concerning locates, please call the Locate Department at 239/213-4717 during normal business hours. For line verification or emergency locates after hours, call emergency number 239/213-4717. In the event the potholing and/or vacuum soft dig does not locate the marked utility, work must be stopped and the affected utility owner contacted. Failure to comply with this policy and obtain required signature(s) may result in delay or denial of permit.

The Contractor will be required to take every precaution to guard against any or all damages to existing structures, pipe lines, and equipment of the City water, sewer, or reuse system from any cause whatsoever in the prosecution of the work. All work shall be planned and executed in such a manner by the Contractor as to absolutely insure the regular and continuous operation of the waterworks system insofar as same may be affected by the Contractor's operations; and the sequence of operations of the Contractor in providing for and executing the work shall be at all times subject to the approval of the Engineer of Record and City, insofar as the operation of the abovementioned system may be affected. Such approval of the EOR shall in no way relieve the Contractor of his responsibility for providing all and adequate means of guaranteeing the continuous, uninterrupted operation of the City utility systems. Any damage done to any City main or facility shall be reported to Public Works immediately by calling (239) 213-4717. Any such damage shall be the direct responsibility of the Contractor and such damage shall be restored, replaced, or repaired per City direction by the Contractor at no expense to the City. See also Section 01500, 1.8.B

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit a written request to the ENGINEER well in advance of executing any cutting or alteration which affects:
 - 1. Work of the CITY or any separate contractor.
 - 2. Structural value or integrity of any element of the project or work.
 - 3. Integrity or effectiveness of weather-exposed or moisture-resistant elements or systems.
 - 4. Efficiency, operational life, maintenance or safety of operational elements.
 - Visual qualities of sight-exposed elements.

B. Include in request:

- 1. Identification of the work.
- Description of affected work.
- 3. The necessity for cutting, alteration or excavation.
- 4. Effect on work of the CITY or any separate contract, or on structural or weatherproof integrity of work.
- 5. Description of proposed work:
 - a. Scope of cutting, patching, alteration, or excavation.
 - b. Trades who will execute the work.
 - c. Products proposed to be used.
 - d. Extent of refinishing to be done.
- 6. Alternatives to cutting and patching.
- 7. Cost proposal, when applicable.
- 8. Written permission of any separate contractor whose work will be affected.
- C. SUBMIT WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE ENGINEER DESIGNATING THE DATE AND THE TIME THE WORK WILL BE UNCOVERED.

1.5 SCHEDULING OF SHUTDOWN

- A. Connections to Existing Facilities: If any connections, replacement, or other work requiring the shutdown of an existing facility is necessary, schedule such work at times when the impact on the CITY's normal operation is minimal. If shutdown involves the water distribution or transmission system, provide notice to the CITY Water Department at least two (2) weeks prior to the proposed shutdown, including date, time and anticipated length of interruption of service. Overtime, night and weekend work without additional compensation from the CITY, may be required to make these connections, especially if the connections are made at times other than those specified. The connection of new or existing pipelines is prohibited from starting until CONTRACTOR assures that the system can receive the new flow.
- B. Interruptions of Service: Perform cut-ins into lines at a time approved in writing by the CITY Manager or designee. Whenever it is required to turn off valves which may interrupt the water supply of residents or businesses, notify all concerned parties or agencies with personal contact, door hangers or written notice at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of such cut-off, after having obtained the approval of the CITY Manager or designee. Provide a copy of the written notice to the Water Distribution Section by fax. ONLY CITY PERSONNEL MAY OPERATE CITY-OWNED VALVES. Maintain water service to existing connections during construction, under any and all conditions and at no additional cost to the CITY. Thoroughly clean and swab all pipe and fittings for cut-ins with a concentrated solution of calcium hypochlorite.
- C. Request for Water System Shutdowns: When plans call for connection to existing water distribution facilities or the CONTRACTOR plans to shut down existing utilities or where damage to such facilities is likely in order to complete construction of items under this contract, furnish the CITY Manager or designee with a written request for connection. The CITY Water Distribution Section will identify the locations of all water valves needed to isolate the point of connection in the event that the existing facilities are damaged while making the connection. Identify in the request means which the CONTRACTOR proposes to use in order to provide effective shutdown of the system. Include in a connection and shutdown schedule details of shutdown time and duration. No connections to existing utilities or construction where shutdown of, or damage to, existing utilities may occur shall commence prior to CITY Manager or designee approval of the connection and shutdown plan and schedule.
- D. Request for Wastewater Diversion: Submit a request for each diversion necessary during construction to the CITY Manager or designee and the ENGINEER sufficiently in advance of any required diversion. Identify in the request the valves, bypass piping, portable pumper trucks or any other means which the CONTRACTOR proposes to use in order to provide effective shutdown of the system. Include in a connection and shutdown schedule details of shutdown time and duration. No connections to existing utilities or construction where shutdown of, or damage to, existing utilities may occur shall commence prior to CITY Manager or designee approval of the connection and shutdown plan and schedule.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Comply with specifications and standards for each specific product involved.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

- A. Inspect existing conditions of projects, including elements subject to damage or to movement during cutting and patching.
- B. After uncovering work, inspect conditions affecting installation of products, or performance of the work.
- C. Report unsatisfactory or questionable conditions to the ENGINEER in writing; do not proceed with work until the ENGINEER has provided further instructions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. In cases where service to utility customers is interrupted, provide adequate equipment with backup onsite to assure prompt restoration of service.
- B. Provide adequate temporary support as necessary to assure structural value or integrity or affected portion of work.
- C. Provide devices and methods to protect other portions of project from damage.
- D. Provide protection from elements for that portion of the project that may be exposed by cutting and patching work, and maintain excavations free from water.
- E. Material Removal: Cut and remove all materials to the extent shown or as required to complete the Work. Remove materials in a careful manner with no damage to adjacent facilities. Remove materials that are not salvageable from the site.

3.3 PERFORMANCE

- A. Execute cutting and demolition by methods that will prevent damage to other work, and will provide proper surfaces to receive installation of repairs.
- B. Execute excavating and backfilling by methods which will prevent settlement or damage to other work.
- C. Employ original installer or fabricator to perform cutting and patching for:
 - 1. Weather-exposed or moisture-resistant elements.

- 2. Sight-exposed finished surfaces.
- D. Execute fitting and adjustment of products to provide a finished installation to comply with specified products, functions, tolerances, and finishes.
- E. Restore work, which has been cut or removed; install new products to provide completed work in accord with requirements of contract documents.
- F. Fit work airtight to pipes, sleeves, ducts, conduit and other penetrations through surfaces.
- G. Refinish entire surfaces as necessary to provide an even finish to match adjacent finishes:
 - 1. For continuous surfaces, refinish to nearest intersection.
 - 2. For an assembly, refinish entire unit.

3.4 PAVEMENT RESTORATION

- A. Restore all pavement or roadway surfaces in accordance with Section 02575 Repair and Restoration of Pavement, Sidewalk, Etc.
- B. Restore, replace or rebuild existing street paving, including underdrains, if any are encountered, where damaged, using the same type of construction as was in the original. Be responsible for restoring all such work, including subgrade, base courses, curb and gutter or other appurtenances where present. The CITY Manager or designee will obtain the permits listed in the Contract Documents. Obtain and pay for at CONTRACTOR's expense any additional local or other governmental permits as may be required for the opening of streets and be satisfied as to any requirements other than those herein set forth which may effect the type, quality and manner of carrying on the restoration of surfaces by reason of jurisdiction of such governmental bodies.
- C. This section does not describe the construction of new road surfaces or the complete resurfacing of existing pavements.
- D. In all cases, the CONTRACTOR will be required to maintain, without additional compensation, all permanent replacement of street paving, done by him under this Contract for a period of 12 months after the acceptance of the Contract, including the removal and replacement of such work wherever surface depressions or underlying cavities result from settlement of trench backfill.
- E. Perform all the final resurfacing or repaving of streets or roads, over the excavations made and be responsible for relaying paving surfaces of roads that have failed or been damaged at any time before the termination of the maintenance period on account of work done by him. Resurface or repave over any tunnel jacking, or boring excavation that settles or breaks the surface, repave

F. Where pipeline construction crosses paved streets, driveways or sidewalks, the CONTRACTOR may elect, at no additional cost to the CITY, to place the pipe by the jacking and boring, horizontal direction drilling, or tunneling method in lieu of cutting and patching of the paved surfaces. Such work shall be accomplished in accordance with all applicable sections of the Contract Documents.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01051

ALIGNMENT AND GRADES

PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
 - A. General
 - B. Surveys
 - C. Datum Plane
 - D. Protection of Survey Data
- 1.2 GENERAL
 - A. Construct all work in accordance with the lines and grades shown on the Drawings. Assume full responsibility for keeping all alignment and grade.

1.3 SURVEYS

- A. Reference Points: The CITY will provide reference points for the work as described in the General Conditions. Base horizontal and vertical control points will be designated by the ENGINEER and used as datum for the Work. Perform all additional survey, layout, and measurement work.
 - 1. Keep ENGINEER informed, sufficiently in advance, of the times and places at which work is to be performed so that base horizontal and vertical control points may be established and any checking deemed necessary by ENGINEER may be done, with minimum inconvenience to the ENGINEER and at no delay to CONTRACTOR. It is the intention not to impede the Work for the establishment of control points and the checking of lines and grades set by the CONTRACTOR. When necessary, however, suspend working operations for such reasonable time as the ENGINEER may require for this purpose. Costs associated with such suspension are deemed to be included in the Contract Price, and no time extension or additional costs will be allowed.
 - 2. Provide an experienced survey crew, including a Professional Land Surveyor, an instrument operator, competent assistants, and any instruments, tools, stakes, and other materials required to complete the survey, layout, and measurement of work performed by the CONTRACTOR.

1.4 DATUM PLANE

A. All datum indicated or specified refer to the North American Datum 1983/1990 (NAD83/90 datum), of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey and are expressed in feet and decimal parts thereof, or in feet and inches.

1.5 PROTECTION OF SURVEY DATA

- A. General: Safeguard all points, stakes, grade marks, known property corners, monuments, and benchmarks made or established for the Work. Reestablish them if disturbed, and bear the entire expense of checking reestablished marks and rectifying work improperly installed.
- B. Records: Keep neat and legible notes of measurements and calculations made in connection with the layout of the Work. Furnish copies of such data to the ENGINEER for use in checking the CONTRACTOR's layout. Data considered of value to the City Manager or designee will be transmitted to the City Manager or designee by the ENGINEER with other records on completion of the Work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01090

REFERENCES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Reference Abbreviations
- B. Abbreviations
- C. Reference Standards
- D. Definitions

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Information provided in this section is used where applicable in individual Specification Sections, Divisions 2 through 16.

1.3 REFERENCE ABBREVIATIONS

A. Reference to a technical society, trade association or standards setting organization, may be made in the Specifications by abbreviations in accordance with the following list:

AABC Associated Air Balance Council

AAMA Architectural Aluminum Manufacturers Association

AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials

AATCC American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists

ACI American Concrete Institute

ADC Air Diffusion Council

AFBMA Anti-friction Bearing Manufacturers Association

AGA American Gas Association

AGMA American Gear Manufacturers Association
AHA Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers

AISC American Institute of Steel Construction

AISI American Iron and Steel Institute

AMCA Air Movement and Control Association, Inc.

ANSI American National Standards Institute

APA American Plywood Association
ARI American Refrigeration Institute
ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers

ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning

Engineers

ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers

ASSE American Society of Sanitary Engineers
ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

AWI Architectural Woodwork Institute

AWPA American Wood Preservers Association

AWS American Welding Society

AWWA American Water Works Association

BHMA Builders' Hardware Manufacturers Association

BIA Brick Institute of American

CABO Council of American Building Officials CAGI Compressed Air and Gas Institute

CISPI Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute

CMAA Crane Manufacturers Association of America

CRD U.S. Corps of Engineers Specifications
CRSI Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute

CTI Cooling Tower Institute
DHI Door and Hardware Institute

DOH Department of Health

DOT Department of Transportation

Fed. Spec. Federal Specifications

FGMA Flat Glass Marketing Association

FM Factory Mutual

HMI Hoist Manufacturing Institute

HPMA See HPVA

HPVA Hardwood Plywood Veneer Association ICEA Insulated Cable Engineers Association

IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

IFI Industrial Fasteners Institute

MIL Military Specifications

MSS Manufacturer's Standardization Society

NAAMM National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers

NACM National Association of Chain Manufacturers
NBS National Bureau of Standards, See NIST
NEBB National Environmental Balancing Bureau

NEC National Electrical Code

NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association

NETA National Electrical Testing Association
NFPA National Fire Protection Association
NFPA National Forest Products Association
NFPA National Fluid Power Association

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology NLMA National Lumber Manufacturers Association

NSF National Sanitation Foundation
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Act
PCI Prestressed Concrete Institute
PDI Plumbing and Drainage Institute
SAE Society of Automotive Engineers

SCPRF Structural Clay Products Research Foundation

SMACNA Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association

SPI Society of the Plastics Industry

SSPC	Steel Structures Painting Council
STI	Steel Tank Institute
TCA	Tile Council of American
TIMA	Thermal Insulation Manufacturers' Association
UL	Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.
USBR	U. S. Bureau of Reclamation
USBS	U. S. Bureau of Standards, See NIST

1.4 ABBREVIATIONS

A. Abbreviations which may be used in individual Specification Sections Divisions 1 through 16 are as follows:

alternating currentac American wire gaugeAWG	cubic yard(s)cu yd
	docibale
ampere(s)amp	decibelsdB
ampere-hour(s)AH	decibels (A scale) dBa
annualann	degree(s)deg
Ampere Interrupting	dewpoint temperaturedpt
CapacityAIC	diameterdia
atmosphere(s)atm	direct currentdc
averageavg	dissolved oxygen DO
	dissolved solidsDS
biochemical oxygen demandBOD	dry-bulb temperaturedbt
Board Foot FBM	
brake horsepowerbhp	efficiencyeff
Brinell Hardness BH	elevation el
British thermal unit(s) Btu	engineer of recordEOR
`,	entering water temperature ewt
calorie (s)cal	entering air temperatureeat
carbonaceous biochemical	equivalent direct radiationedr
oxygen demand CBOD	1
Celsius (centigrade) C	face areafa
Center to Center C to C	face to facef to f
centimeter(s) cm	FahrenheitF
chemical oxygen demandCOD	feet per dayfpd
coefficient, valve flow C _v	feet per hourfph
condensate returnCR	feet per minutefpm
cubic cu	feet per secondfps
cubic centimeter(s)cc	foot (feet)ft
cubic feet per daycfd	foot-candlefc
cubic feet per daycfh	foot-poundft-lb
	•
cubic feet per minutecfm	foot-pounds per minuteft-lb/min
cubic feet per minute,	foot-pounds per second
standard conditions scfm	formazin turbidity unit(s)FTU
cubic feet per secondcfs	frequencyfreq
cubic foot (feet)cu ft	fuel oilFO
cubic inch(es)cu in	fuel oil supplyFOS

EXHIBIT A-1

fuel oil returnFC)R	miles per hour	
		milliampere(s)	
gallon(s)g		milligram(s)	mg
gallons per dayg	od	milligrams per liter	mg/L
gallons per day per		milliliter(s)	mL
cubic footgpd/cu	ft	millimeter(s)	mm
gallons per day per		million gallons	MG
square footgpd/sq	ft	million gallons per day	mgd
gallons per hourg	oh	millisecond(s)	
gallons per minutegp	m	millivolt(s)	mV
gallons per secondg	os	minute(s)	min
gas chromatography and		mixed liquor suspended	
mass spectrometryGC-M	1S	solids	MLSS
gauge	ga	nephelometric turbidity	
grain(s)	gr	unit	NTU
gram(s)	-	net positive suction head	NPSH
grams per cubic centimeter gm/	cc	noise criteria	
Heat Transfer Coefficient		noise reduction coefficient.	
heighth	gt	number	no
Hertz I	-		
horsepowerI	ηp	ounce(s)	OZ
horsepower-hourhp-	hr	outside air	
hour(s)		outside diameter	OD
humidity, relative			
hydrogen ion concentrationp		parts per billion	ppb
, ,		parts per million	
inch(es)	in	percent	
inches per secondi		phase (electrical)	
inside diameter		pound(s)	
		pounds per cubic foot	
Jackson turbidity unit(s)J7	U	pounds per cubic foot	•
, ,		per hour	pcf/hr
kelvin	K	pounds per day	
kiloamperes	κA	pounds per day per	,
kilogram(s)		cubic foot	. lbs/day/cu ft
kilometer(s)k		pounds per day per	,
kilovar (kilovolt-amperes		square foot	. lbs/day/sq ft
reactive)kv	ar	pounds per square foot	
kilovolt(s)		pounds per square foot	•
kilovolt-ampere(s)k\		per hour	psf/hr
kilowatt(s)k		pounds per square inch	
kilowatt-hour(s) kV			'
(-)		pounds per square inch	
linear foot (feet)lin	ft	absolute	psia
liter(s)		pounds per square inch	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		gauge	psia
megavolt-ampere(s)M\	/A	power factor	
meter(s)		pressure drop or	-
micrograms per liter ug		difference	abd
5 .		***************************************	

pressure, dynamic	temperature difference	ו וטו
(velocity)vp	temperature entering	TE
pressure, vaporvap pr	temperature leaving	TL
	thousand Btu per hour	Mbh
quart(s)qt	thousand circular mils	kcmil
	thousand cubic feet	Mcf
Rankine R	threshold limit value	TLV
relative humidityrh	tons of refrigeration	tons
resistance res	torque	
return airra	total dissolved solids	TDS
revolution(s) rev	total dynamic head	TDH
revolutions per minute rpm	total kjeldahl nitrogen	TKN
revolutions per second rps	total oxygen demand	TOD
Right of WayROW	total pressure	TP
root mean squared rms	total solids	TS
	total suspended solids	TSS
safety factor sf	total volatile solids	TVS
second(s) sec	vacuum	vac
shading coefficient SC	viscosity	visc
sludge density index SDI	volatile organic chemical	VOC
	volatile solids	VS
Sound Transmission	volatile suspended solids	VSS
Coefficient STC	volt(s)	
specific gravity sp gr	volts-ampere(s)	VA
specific volume Sp Vol	volume	vol
sp ht at constant pressure Cp	watt(s)	W
square sq	watthour(s)	Wh
square centimeter(s)sq cm	watt-hour demand	WHD
square foot (feet)sq ft	watt-hour demand meter	WHDM
square inch (es)sq in	week(s)	wk
square meter(s) sq m	weight	wt
square yard(s)sq yd	wet-bulb	WB
standard std	wet bulb temperature	WBT
static pressurest pr		
supply airsa	yard(s)	yd
suspended solids SS	year(s)	yr
temperature temp		

1.5 REFERENCE PUBLICATIONS

The following publications are incorporated into this Manual and are made a part of this Manual as is set out verbatim in this Manual. Violations of any provision of every such publication, latest revision, shall be a violation of City Ordinance.

A. Water Environment Federation, Manual of Practice No. 8, Wastewater Treatment Plant Design, W.E.F., 601 Wythe Street, Alexandria, VA, 22314-1994.

- B. Water Environment Federation, Manual of Practice No. 9, Design and Construction of Sanitary and Storm Sewers, W.E.F., 601 Wythe Street, Alexandria, VA, 22314-1994.
- C. Great Lakes/Upper Mississippi River Board of State Sanitary Engineers. Recommended Standards for Sewage Works, Health Education Service, Inc., P.O. Box 7283, Albany, New York, 12224.
- D. Great Lakes/Upper Mississippi River Board of State Sanitary Engineers. Recommended Standards for Water Works, Health Education Service, Inc., P.O. Box 7283, Albany, New York, 12224.
- E. Florida Department of Environmental Protection for Water, Wastewater, and Reclaimed Water Systems, latest revisions of F.A.C. Chapters 62-550, 62-555, 62-600, 62-604, 62-610, 64E-6, and 64E-8, 3900 Commonwealth Boulevard M.S. 49, Tallahassee, Florida, 32399.
- F. American Water Works Association, Inc., Water Treatment Plant Design, 6666 West Quincy Avenue, Denver, Colorado, 80235.
- G. American Water Works Association, Inc., Water Treatment Plant Design, AWWA Standards and Applicable Manuals, 6666 West Quincy Avenue, Denver, Colorado, 80235.
- H. Ductile Iron Pipe Research Association, Handbook, Ductile Iron Pipe/Cast Iron Pipe, Ductile Iron Pipe Research Association, 245 Riverchase Parkway East, Birmingham, Alabama, 35244.
- I. Uni-Bell Plastic Pipe Association, Handbook of PVC Pipe, Uni-Bell Plastic Pipe Association, 2655 Villa Creek Drive, Suite 164, Dallas, Texas, 75234.
- J. American National Standards Institute, latest revisions of applicable standards, 1819
 L Street NW, Suite 600, Washington, D.C., 20036.
- K. American Society for Testing and Materials, latest revisions of applicable standards, ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania, 19428-2959.
- L. National Water Research Institute, Treatment Technologies for Removal of MTBE. NWRI, 10500 Ellis Ave., P.O. Box 20865, Fountain Valley, CA, 92728.
- M. National Water Research Institute, Valuing Ground Water: Economic Concepts/Approaches. NWRI, 10500 Ellis Ave., P.O. Box 20865, Fountain Valley, CA, 92728.7.3.14.
- N. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Design Criteria for Mechanical, Electric, and Fluid System and Component Reliability, Supplement to the Federal Guidelines for Design, Operation, and Maintenance of Wastewater Treatment Facilities, Technical Bulletin EPA-430-99-74-001, U.S. EPA, Office of Water Program Operations.

- O. Florida Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, Maps & Publications Sales, Mail Station 12, 605 Suwannee Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0450.
- P. Plastics Pipe Institute, Handbook of Polyethylene Pipe, 1825 Connecticut Ave., NW, Suite 680, Washington, DC 20009.
- Q. National Fire Protection Association, 1995 Edition of NFPA 24 Standard for the Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and Their Appurtenances, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169.
- R. City of Naples Utilities Standards and Specifications Manual.
- S. National Electrical Code, latest revisions of applicable requirements.
- T. Metcalf and Eddy, Wastewater Engineering Treatment and Reuse, 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2002.
- U. Water Environment Federation, Manual of Practice No. 11, Operation of Municipal Wastewater Treatment Plants, 601 Wythe Street, Alexandria, VA 22314-1994.
- V. American Petroleum Institute, 1801 K Street NW, Washington, DC 20006.
- W. American Welding Society, 2501 NW 7th St, Miami, FL 33125
- X. Factory Mutual Research, 1151 Boston-Providence Turnpike, Norwood, MA 02062
- Y. National Association of Corrosion Engineers, P.O. Box 218340, Houston, TX 77218.
- Z. National Electrical Manufacturer's Association, 155 East 44th St., NY, NY 10017.
- AA. Occupational Safety and Health Act, U.S. Dept. of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 299E. Broward Blvd. Rm 302, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33301.
- BB. Society of Automotive Engineers, 2 Pennsylvania Plaza, NY, NY 10001.
- CC. Steel Structures Painting Council, 4400 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh, PA 15213.
- DD. Standard Specification for Public Works, Construction Building News, Inc., 3055 Overland Ave., Los Angeles, CA 90034.
- EE. Uniform Building Code, published by ICBO.
- FF. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., 207 East Ohio Street, Chicago, IL 60611.

1.6 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. Latest Edition: Construe references to furnishing materials or testing, which conform to the standards of a particular technical society, organization, or body, to mean the latest standard, code, or specification of that body, adopted and published as of the date of bidding this Contract. Standards referred to herein are made a part of these Specifications to the extent that is indicated or intended.
- B. Precedence: The duties and responsibilities of the CITY, CONTRACTOR or ENGINEER, or any of their consultants, agents or employees are set forth in the Contract Documents, and are not changed or altered by any provision of any referenced standard specifications, manuals or code, whether such standard manual or code is or is not specifically incorporated by reference in the Contract Documents. Any duty or authority to supervise or direct the furnishing or performance of the Work or any duty or authority, to undertake responsibility contrary to the powers of the ENGINEER as set forth in the Contract Documents cannot be assigned to the ENGINEER or any of the ENGINEER's consultants, agents or employees.

1.7 DEFINITIONS

- A. In these Contract Documents the words furnish, install, and provide are defined as follows:
 - 1. Furnish (Materials): to supply and deliver to the project ready for installation and in operable condition.
 - 2. Install (services or labor): to place in final position, complete, anchored, connected in operable condition.
 - 3. Provide: to furnish and install complete. Includes the supply of specified services. When neither furnish, install, or provide is stated, provided is implied.
 - 4. CITY or City: City Council, Naples, Florida, or authorized staff or representatives.
 - 5. ENGINEER: The terms Design Professional, Design Engineer, Engineer, and Engineer of Record are interchangeably used throughout the Contract Documents.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01400

QUALITY CONTROL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Submittals
- B. Inspection Services
- C. Inspection of Materials
- D. Quality Control
- E. Costs of Inspection
- F. Acceptance Tests
- G. Failure to Comply with Contract

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1 and the individual material sections. Submit manufacturer's Certificates of Inspection, descriptive literature, catalog data, illustrations, principle dimensions, materials of construction, specifications, installation instructions, and related information. See Section 01730 for operation manual submittal information.
- B. Certificate Submittals: Furnish the ENGINEER authoritative evidence in the form of Certificates of Manufacture that the materials and equipment to be used in the Work have been manufactured and tested in conformity with the Contract Documents and this Manual and Specifications. Include copies of the results of physical tests and chemical analyses, where necessary, that have been made directly on the product or on similar products of the manufacturer.

1.3 TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

A. City's Access: At all times during the progress of the Work, and until the date of final completion, afford the City Manager or designee and ENGINEER every reasonable, safe, and proper facility for inspecting the Work at the site. The observation and inspection of any work will not relieve the CONTRACTOR of any obligations to perform proper and satisfactory work as specified. Replace work rejected due to faulty design, inferior, or defective materials, poor workmanship, improper installation, excessive wear, or nonconformity with the requirements of the Contract Documents, with satisfactory work at no additional cost to the City. Replace as directed, finished or unfinished work found not to be in strict

accordance with the Contract, even though such work may have been previously approved and payment made therefor.

The City of Naples, its respective representatives, agents and employees, and governmental agencies with jurisdiction over the Project shall have access at all time to Work, whether the Work is being performed on or off the Project site, for their observation, inspection and testing. Contractor shall provide proper, safe conditions for such access. Contractor shall provide Engineer with timely notice of readiness of the Work for all required inspections, tests or approvals.

If the Contract Documents or any codes, laws, ordinances, rules or regulations of any public authority having jurisdiction over the Project requires any portion of the Work to be specifically inspected, tested or approved, Contractor shall assume full responsibility therefore, pay all costs in connection therewith and furnish Engineer the required certificates of inspection, testing or approval. All inspections, tests or approvals shall be performed in a manner and by organizations acceptable to the Engineer and The City of Naples.

If any Work that is to be inspected, tested or approved is covered without written concurrence from the Engineer, such work must, if requested by Engineer, be uncovered for observation. Such uncovering shall be at Contractor's expense unless Contractor has given Engineer timely notice of Contractor's intention to cover the same and Engineer has not acted with reasonable promptness to respond to such notice. If any Work is covered contrary to written directions from Engineer, such Work must, if requested by Engineer, be uncovered for Engineer's observation and be replaced at Contractor's sole expense.

The City shall charge to Contractor and may deduct from any payments due Contractor all engineering and inspection expenses incurred by the City in connection with any overtime work. Such overtime work consisting of any work during the construction period beyond the regular eight (8) hour day and for any work performed on Saturday, Sunday or holidays.

Neither observations nor other actions by the Engineer nor inspections, tests or approvals by others shall relieve Contractor from Contractor's obligations to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

- B. Rejection: The City's Manager or designee has the right to reject materials and workmanship which are defective or require correction. Promptly remove rejected work and materials from the site.
- C. Inferior Work Discoveries: Failure or neglect on the part of the City Manager or designee to condemn or reject bad or inferior work or materials does not imply an acceptance of such work or materials. Neither is it to be construed as barring the City Manager or designee at any subsequent time from recovering damages or a sum of money needed to build anew all portions of the Work in which inferior work or improper materials were used.

Work not conforming to the requirements of the Contract Documents shall be deemed defective Work. If required by Engineer, Contractor shall as directed, either correct all defective Work, whether or not fabricated, installed or completed, or if the defective Work has been rejected by Engineer, remove it from the site and replace it with undefective Work. Contractor shall bear all direct, indirect and consequential costs of such correction or removal (including, but not limited to fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys and other professionals) made necessary thereby, and shall hold the City harmless for same.

If any portion of the Work is defective, or Contractor fails to supply sufficient skilled workers with suitable materials or equipment, or fails to finish or perform the Work in such a way that the completed Work will conform to the Contract Documents, Engineer may order Contractor to stop the Work, or any portion thereof, until the cause for such order has been eliminated; however, this right of the Engineer to stop the Work shall not give rise to any duty on the part of the City or Engineer to exercise this right for the benefit of Contractor or any other party.

Should the City determine, at its sole opinion, it is in the City's best interest to accept defective Work, the City may do so. Contractor shall bear all direct, indirect and consequential costs attributable to the City's evaluation of and determination to accept defective Work. If such determination is rendered prior to final payment, a Change Order shall be executed evidencing such acceptance of such defective Work, incorporating the necessary revisions in the Contract Documents and reflecting an appropriate decrease in the Contract Amount. If the City accepts such defective Work after final payment, Contractor shall promptly pay the City an appropriate amount to adequately compensate the City for its acceptance of the defective Work.

If Contractor fails, within a reasonable time after the written notice from the City or Engineer, to correct defective Work or to remove and replace rejected defective Work as required by Engineer, or if Contractor fails to perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, or if Contractor fails to comply with any of the provisions of the Contract Documents, the City may, after seven (7) days written notice to Contract, correct and remedy any such deficiency. To the extent necessary to complete corrective and remedial action, the City may exclude Contractor from any or all of the Project site, take possession of all or any part of the Work, and suspend Contractor's services related thereto, take possession of Contractor's tools, appliances, construction equipment and machinery at the Project site and incorporate in the Work all materials and equipment stored at the Project site or for which the City has paid Contractor but which are stored elsewhere. Contractor shall allow the City and it's respective representatives, agents, and employees such access to the Project site as may be necessary to enable the City to exercise the rights and remedies under the paragraph. All direct, indirect and consequential costs of the City in exercising such rights and remedies shall be charged against Contractor, and al Change Order shall be issued, incorporating the necessary revisions to the Contract Documents, including an appropriate decrease to the Contract Amount. Such direct, indirect and consequential costs shall include, but not be limited to, fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys, and other professionals, all court costs and all

costs of repair and replacement or work of others destroyed or damaged by Contractor shall not be allowed an extension of the Contract Time because of any delay in performance of the Work attributable to the exercise by the City of The City's rights and remedies hereunder.

D. Removal for Examination: Should it be considered necessary or advisable by the City Manager or designee, at any time before final acceptance of the Work, to make examinations of portions of the Work already completed, by removing or tearing out such portions, promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material, to make such an examination. If such Work is found to be defective in any respect, defray all expenses of such examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such work is found to meet the requirements of the Contract, the cost of examination and restoration of the Work will be considered a change in the Work to be paid for in accordance with applicable provisions of the Contract.

If the City or Engineer consider it necessary or advisable that covered Work be observed by Engineer or inspected or tested by others, Contractor, at the City's or Engineer's request, shall uncover, expose or otherwise make available for observation, inspection or tests as the Engineer may require, that portion of the Work in question, furnishing all necessary labor, material and equipment. If it is found that such Work is defective, Contractor shall bear all direct, indirect and consequential costs of such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection and testing and of satisfactory reconstruction (including, but not limited to, fees and charges of engineers, architects, attorneys and other professionals), and the City shall be entitled to an appropriate decrease in the Contract Amount. If, however, such Work is not found to be defective, Contractor shall be allowed an increase in the Contract Amount and/or an extension to the Contract Time, directly attributable to such uncovering, exposure, observation, inspection, testing and reconstruction.

- E. Operation Responsibility: Assume full responsibility for the proper operation of equipment during tests and instruction periods. Make no claim, other than provided in the Contract Documents, for damage that may occur to equipment prior to the time when the City Manager or designee accepts the Work.
- F. Rejection Prior to Warranty Expiration: If at anytime prior to the expiration of any applicable warranties or guarantees, defective equipment is rejected by the City Manager or designee, repay to the CITY all sums of money received for the rejected equipment on progress certificates or otherwise on account of the Contract lump sum prices, and upon the receipt of the sum of money, City Manager or designee will execute and deliver a bill of sale of all its rights, title, and interest in and to the rejected equipment. Do not remove the equipment from the premises of the CITY until the City Manager or designee obtains from other sources, equipment to take the place of that rejected. The City Manager or designee hereby agrees to obtain other equipment within a reasonable time and the CONTRACTOR agrees that the CITY may use the equipment furnished by the CONTRACTOR without rental or other charge until the other new equipment is obtained.

1.4 INSPECTION OF MATERIALS

- A. Premanufacture Notification: Give notice in writing to the ENGINEER sufficiently in advance of the commencement of manufacture or preparation of materials especially manufactured or prepared for use in or as part of the permanent construction. When required, notice to include a request for inspection, the date of commencement, and the expected date of completion of the manufacture or preparation of materials. Upon receipt of such notice, ENGINEER will arrange to have a representative present at such times during the manufacture or testing as may be necessary to inspect the materials, or will notify CONTRACTOR that the inspection will be made at a point other than the point of manufacture or testing, or that the inspection will be waived. Comply with these provisions before shipping any materials. Such inspection will not constitute a release from the responsibility for furnishing materials meeting the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Testing Standards: Conduct tests of electrical and mechanical equipment and appliances in accordance with recognized, applicable test codes.

1.5 QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing

- 1. Field and Laboratory
 - a. Provide personnel to assist the ENGINEER in performing the following periodic observation and associated services.
 - (1) Soils: Observe and test excavations, placement and compaction of soils. Determine suitability of excavated material. Observe subgrade soils and foundations.
 - (2) Concrete: Observe forms and reinforcement; observe concrete placement; witness air entrainment tests, facilitate concrete cylinder preparation and assist with other tests performed by ENGINEER.
 - (3) Masonry: Sample and test mortar, bricks, blocks and grout; inspect brick and block samples and sample panels; inspect placement of reinforcement and grouting.
 - (4) Structural Steel: Verify that all welders are certified; visually inspect all structural steel welds; mechanically test high-tensile bolted connections.
 - b. When specified in Divisions 2 through 16 of the Contract Documents, provide an independent laboratory testing facility to perform required testing. Qualify the laboratory as having performed previous satisfactory work. Prior to use, submit to the ENGINEER for approval.

- c. Cooperate with the ENGINEER and laboratory testing representatives. Provide at least 24 hours notice prior to when specified testing is required. Provide labor and materials, and necessary facilities at the site as required by the ENGINEER and the testing laboratory.
- d. When an independent electrical testing agency is specified in the Contract Documents, provide a member of the National Electrical Testing Association to perform inspections and tests.
- 2. Equipment: Coordinate and demonstrate test procedures as specified in the Contract Documents and as required during the formal tests.
- 3. Pipeline and Other Testing: Conform to test procedures and requirements specified in the appropriate Specification Section.
- 4. Testing of Gravity Sanitary Sewer Lines
 - a. Watertight Construction: It is imperative that all sewers and force mains, manholes, and service connections be built watertight and that the CONTRACTOR adhere rigidly to the specifications for material and workmanship. Since all of the water and sewage in the lines will be treated at the treatment plant, special care and attention must be given to securing watertight construction. After completion, the sewers or sections thereof will be tested and gauged. If infiltration or exfiltration is above the limits specified, the sewer construction work will be rejected.
 - b. Cleaning: Exercise care during construction of the manhole to see that materials do not enter the sewer line. Keep the invert and shelf of the manhole clean of all mortar, broken brick, sand, or any other materials falling into the manhole. Immediately remove such material. Maintain this condition until final acceptance of the work. Prior to testing of gravity sanitary sewer lines, clean the lines using appropriate tools.
 - c. Gravity Sewers Visual Inspections: On completion of each block or section of sewer, or at such other times as the City Manger or designee may direct, the block or section of sewer is to be cleaned, tested and inspected. Each section of the sewer is to show, on examination from either end, a full circle of light between manholes. Each manhole, or other appurtenance to the system, shall be of the specified size and form, be watertight, neatly and substantially constructed, with the rim set permanently to design position and grade. All repairs shown necessary by the inspection are to be made; broken or cracked pipe replaced, all deposits removed and the sewers left true to line and grade, entirely clean and ready for use.

- d. Infiltration Limits: Provide the equipment necessary to check the lines for infiltration or exfiltration as directed by the City Manager or designee, before they are put in service. Infiltration in excess of fifty (50) gallons per day inch-mile of sewer will result in having the CONTRACTOR go over the lines, ascertain where the leakage exists, and repair the lines to the extent necessary to bring the infiltration down within acceptable limits. Observable inflow is not permitted.
- e. Exfiltration Limits: The length of sewer subject to an exfiltration test shall be the distance between two (2) adjacent manholes. Close the inlets of the upstream and downstream manholes with watertight plugs and the test section filled with water until the elevation of the water in the upstream manhole is two (2) feet above the crown of the pipe in the line being tested, or two (2) feet above the existing groundwater in the trench, whichever is higher. A standpipe may be used instead of the upstream manhole for providing the pressure head when approved by the City Manager or designee. Measure exfiltration by determining the amount of water required to maintain the initial water elevation for one (1) hour period from the start of the test. The maximum allowable leakage, including manholes, shall be 50 gallon per inch for diameter per mile of pipe per day.
- f. Air Testing: Air testing shall be required if, in the opinion of the City Manager or designee, conditions are such that infiltration measurements may be inconclusive. Conduct the test in the presence of the City Manager or designee and conform to the following requirements:
 - (a) Test pressure shall be 3.5 psi increased by the groundwater pressure above the top of the sewer.
 - (b) Pressure loss from shall not exceed 0.5 psi during the required testing time.
 - (c) Testing time in minutes shall be calculated as 0.625 x nominal pipe size (inches).

B. Reports

- 1. Certified Test Reports: Where transcripts or certified test reports are required by the Contract Documents, meet the following requirements:
 - a. Before delivery of materials or equipment submit and obtain approval of the ENGINEER for all required transcripts, certified test reports, certified copies of the reports of all tests required in referenced specifications or specified in the Contract Documents. Perform all testing in an approved independent laboratory or the manufacturer's laboratory. Submit for approval reports of shop equipment tests within thirty days of testing. Transcripts or test reports are to be

accompanied by a notarized certificate in the form of a letter from the manufacturer or supplier certifying that tested material or equipment meets the specified requirements and the same type, quality, manufacture and make as specified. The certificate shall be signed by an officer of the manufacturer or the manufacturer's plant manager.

- Certificate of Compliance: At the option of the ENGINEER, submit for approval a notarized Certificate of Compliance. The Certificates may be in the form of a letter stating the following:
 - a. Manufacturer has performed all required tests
 - b. Materials to be supplied meet all test requirements
 - c. Tests were performed not more than one year prior to submittal of the certificate
 - d. Materials and equipment subjected to the tests are of the same quality, manufacture and make as those specified
 - e. Identification of the materials

1.6 COSTS OF INSPECTION

- A. CITY's Obligation: Initial inspection and testing of materials furnished under this Contract will be performed by the City Manager or designee, or inspection bureaus without cost to the CONTRACTOR, unless otherwise expressly specified. If subsequent testing is necessary due to failure of the initial tests or because of rejection for noncompliance, reimburse the CITY for expenditures incurred in making such tests.
- B. CONTRACTOR's Obligation: Include in the Contract Price, the cost of all shop and field tests of equipment and other tests specifically called for in the Contract Documents, except those tests described above under "CITY's Obligation". The City Manager or designee may perform tests on any material or equipment furnished under this Contract at any time during the Contract. If tests performed by the City Manager or designee result in failure or rejection for noncompliance, reimburse the CITY for expenditures incurred in making such tests. Tests performed by the City Manager or designee shall prevail in determining compliance with Contract requirements.

C. Reimbursements to the CITY:

 Materials and equipment submitted by the CONTRACTOR as the equivalent to those specifically named in the Contract may be tested by the City Manager or designee for compliance. Reimburse the CITY for expenditures incurred in making such tests on materials and equipment that are rejected for noncompliance. 2. Reimburse the CITY for all costs associated with Witness Tests that exceed 5 Calendar Days per kind of equipment.

1.7 ACCEPTANCE TESTS

- A. Preliminary Field Tests: As soon as conditions permit, furnish all labor and materials and services to perform preliminary field tests of all equipment provided under this Contract. If the preliminary field tests disclose that any equipment furnished and installed under this Contract does not meet the requirements of the Contract Documents, make all changes, adjustments and replacements required prior to the acceptance tests.
- B. Final Field Tests: Upon completion of the Work and prior to final payment, subject all equipment, piping and appliances installed under this Contract to specified acceptance tests to demonstrate compliance with the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Furnish all labor, fuel, energy, water and other materials, equipment, instruments and services necessary for all acceptance tests.
 - Conduct field tests in the presence of the ENGINEER. Perform the field tests to demonstrate that under all conditions of operation each equipment item:
 - a. Has not been damaged by transportation or installation
 - b. Has been properly installed
 - c. Has been properly lubricated
 - d. Has no electrical or mechanical defects
 - e. Is in proper alignment
 - f. Has been properly connected
 - g. Is free of overheating of any parts
 - h. Is free of all objectionable vibration
 - i. Is free of overloading of any parts
 - j. Operates as intended
 - 3. Operate work or portions of work for a minimum of 100 hours or 14 days continuous service, whichever comes first. For those items of equipment that would normally operate on wastewater or sludge, plant effluent may be used if available when authorized by ENGINEER. If water cannot properly exercise equipment, conduct 100-hour test after plant startup. Conduct test on those systems that require load produced by weather (heating or cooling) exercise only when weather will produce proper load.

C. Failure of Tests: If the acceptance tests reveal defects in material or equipment, or if the material or equipment in any way fails to comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents, then promptly correct such deficiencies. Failure or refusal to correct the deficiencies, or if the improved materials or equipment, when tested again, fail to meet the guarantees or specified requirements, the City Manager or designee, notwithstanding its partial payment for work and materials or equipment, may reject said materials or equipment and may order the CONTRACTOR to remove the defective work from the site at no addition to the Contract Price, and replace it with material or equipment which meets the Contract Documents.

1.8 FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH CONTRACT

A. Unacceptable Materials: If it is ascertained by testing or inspection that the material or equipment does not comply with the Contract, do not deliver said material or equipment, or if delivered remove it promptly from the site or from the Work and replace it with acceptable material without additional cost to the CITY. Fulfill all obligations under the terms and conditions of the Contract even though the City Manager or designee fail to ascertain noncompliance or notify the CONTRACTOR of noncompliance.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01500

CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES AND TEMPORARY CONTROLS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. General Requirements
- B. Related Sections
- C. Temporary Utilities
- D. Temporary Construction
- E. Barricades and Enclosures
- F. Fences
- G. Security
- H. Temporary Controls
- I. Traffic Regulation
- J. Field Offices and Sheds

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 01010 Summary of Work
- B. Section 01045 Connection to Existing Systems
- C. Section 01570 Traffic Regulations and Public Safety
- D. Section 02530 Groundwater Control for Open Cut Excavation
- E. Section 02575 Pavement Repair and Restoration
- F. Section 02650 –Laying and Jointing Buried Pipelines

1.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Plant and Facilities: Furnish, install, maintain and remove all false work, scaffolding, ladders, hoistways, braces, pumping plants, shields, trestles, roadways, sheeting, centering forms, barricades, drains, flumes, and the like, any of which may be needed in the construction of any part of the Work and which are

not herein described or specified in detail. Accept responsibility for the safety and efficiency of such works and for any damage that may result from their failure or from their improper construction, maintenance or operation.

- B. First Aid: Maintain a readily accessible, completely equipped first aid kit at each location where work is in progress.
- C. Safety Responsibility: Accept sole responsibility for safety and security at the site. Indemnify and hold harmless the CITY and the City's Manager or designee, including the ENGINEER, for any safety violation, or noncompliance with governing bodies and their regulations, and for accidents, deaths, injuries, or damage at the site during occupancy or partial occupancy of the site by CONTRACTOR's forces while performing any part of the Work.
- D. Hazard Communication: Furnish two copies of the CONTRACTOR's Hazard Communication Program required under OSHA regulations before beginning on site activities. Furnish two copies of amendments to Hazard Communications Program as they are prepared.

1.4 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

- A. Water: Provide all necessary and required water without additional cost, unless otherwise specified. If necessary, provide and lay water lines to the place of use; secure all necessary permits; pay for all taps to water mains and hydrants and for all water used at the established rates.
- B. Light and Power: Provide without additional cost to the CITY temporary lighting and power facilities required for the proper construction and inspection of the Work. If, in the ENGINEER's opinion, these facilities are inadequate, do NOT proceed with any portion of the Work affected thereby. Maintain temporary lighting and power until the Work is accepted.
- C. Heat: Provide temporary heat, whenever required, for work being performed during cold weather to prevent freezing of concrete, water pipes, and other damage to the Work or existing facilities.
- D. Sanitary Facilities: Provide sufficient sanitary facilities for construction personnel. Prohibit and prevent nuisances on the site of the Work or on adjoining property. Discharge any employee who violates this rule. Abide by all environmental regulations or laws applicable to the Work.

1.5 TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION

A. Bridges: Design and place suitable temporary bridges where necessary for the maintenance of vehicular and pedestrian traffic. Assume responsibility for the sufficiency and safety of all such temporary work or bridges and for any damage that may result from their failure or their improper construction, maintenance, or operation. Indemnify and save harmless the CITY and the CITY's representatives from all claims, suits or actions, and damages or costs of every description arising by reason of failure to comply with the above provisions.

1.6 BARRICADES, LIGHTS AND ENCLOSURES

- A. Protection of Workmen and Public: Effect and maintain at all times during the prosecution of the Work, barriers, lights and enclosures necessary for the protection of workmen and the public. Perform all work within the City right-of-way in strict accordance with the CITY Maintenance of Traffic Policy and other applicable statutory requirements.
- B. Provide suitable barricades, lights, signs and watchmen at excavation sites and all other places where the Work causes obstructions to normal traffic or constitutes in any way a hazard to the public.

1.7 FENCES

- A. Existing Fences: Obtain written permission from property owner(s) prior to relocating or dismantling fences that interfere with construction operations. Reach agreements with the fence owner as to the period the fence may be left relocated or dismantled. Install adequate gates where fencing must be maintained. Keep gates closed and locked at all times when not in use.
- B. Restoration: Restore all fences to their original or better condition and to their original location on completion of the Work.

1.8 SECURITY

A. Preservation of Property:

- 1. Preserve from damage, all property along the line of the Work, in the vicinity of or in any way affected by the Work, the removal or destruction of which is not called for by the Drawings. Preserve from damage, public utilities, trees, lawn areas, building monuments, fences, pipe and underground structures, and public streets. Note: Normal wear and tear of streets resulting from legitimate use by the CONTRACTOR are not considered as damage. Whenever damages occur to such property, immediately restore to its original condition. Costs for such repairs are incidental to the Contract.
- 2. In case of failure on the part of the CONTRACTOR to restore property or make good on damage or injury, the City Manager or designee may, upon 24 hours written notice, proceed to repair, rebuild, or otherwise restore such property as may be deemed necessary, and the cost thereof will be deducted from any moneys due or which may become due the CONTRACTOR under this Contract. If removal, repair or replacement of public or private property is made necessary by alteration of grade or alignment authorized by the City Manager or designee and not contemplated by the Contract Documents, the CONTRACTOR will be compensated, in accordance with the General Conditions, provided that such property has not been damaged through fault of the CONTRACTOR or the CONTRACTOR's employees.

B. Public Utility Installations and Structures:

- 1. Public utility installations and structures include all poles, tracks, pipes, wires, conduits, vaults, valves, hydrants, manholes, and other appurtenances and facilities, whether owned or controlled by public bodies or privately owned individuals, firms or corporations, used to serve the public with transportation, gas, electricity, telephone, storm and sanitary sewers, water, or other public or private utility services. Facilities appurtenant to public or private property that may be affected by the Work are deemed included hereunder.
- 2. The Contract Documents contain data relative to existing public utility installations and structures above and below the ground surface. Existing public utility installations and structures are indicated on the Drawings only to the extent such information was made available to, or found by, the ENGINEER in preparing the Drawings. These data are not guaranteed for completeness or accuracy, and the CONTRACTOR is responsible for making necessary investigations to become fully informed as to the character, condition, and extent of all public utility installations and structures that may be encountered and that may affect the construction operations.
- 3. Before starting construction, identify and mark all existing valves and maintain access to the valves at all times during construction.
- 4. Contact utility locating service sufficiently in advance of the start of construction to avoid damage to the utilities and delays to the completion date. See Section 01045, 1.3.F for additional information.
- 5. If existing utilities are damaged during the Work, immediately notify the owner of the affected utility. In coordination with or as directed by the owner, remove, replace, relocate, repair, rebuild, and secure any public utility installations and structures damaged as a direct or indirect result of the Work under this Contract. Costs for such work are incidental to the Contract. Be responsible and liable for any consequential damages done to or suffered by any public utility installations or structures. Assume and accept responsibility for any injury, damage, or loss that may result from or be consequent to interference with, or interruption or discontinuance of, any public utility service. See Section 01045, 1.3.F for additional information.
- 6. At all times in the performance of Work, employ proven methods and exercise reasonable care and skill to avoid unnecessary delay, injury, damage, or destruction to public utility installations and structures. Avoid unnecessary interference with, or interruption of, public utility services. Cooperate fully with the owners thereof to that end.
- 7. Provide notice to the City Manager or designee of any proposed connections to existing utilities, interruptions of service or shutdowns in accordance with Section 01045. Give written notice to the owners of all public utility installations and structures affected by proposed construction operations

sufficiently in advance of breaking ground in any area or on any unit of the Work, to obtain their permission before disrupting the lines and to allow them to take measures necessary to protect their interests. Advise the Stormwater, Streets and Traffic Department and Police and Emergency Services Department of any excavation in public streets or the temporary shut-off of any water main. Provide at least 24 hours notice to all affected property owners whenever service connections are taken out of service.

- C. Work on Private Property: Work on this project will require operations on private property, rights of way or easements. The City Manager or designee has secured the appropriate easements or rights of entry from the affected property owners. Comply with all easement or rights of entry provisions. Conduct operations along rights-of-way and easements through private property to avoid damage to the property and to minimize interference with its ordinary use. Upon completion of the Work through such property, restore the surface and all fences or other structures disturbed by the construction as nearly as possible to the preconstruction conditions. Do not remove any material from private property without the consent of the property owner or responsible party in charge of such property. Hold the CITY harmless from any claim or damage arising out of or in connection with the performance of work across and through private property.
- D. Miscellaneous Structures: Assume and accept responsibility for all injuries or damage to culverts, building foundations and walls, retaining walls, or other structures of any kind met with during the prosecution of the Work. Assume and accept liability for damages to public or private property resulting therefrom. Adequately protect against freezing all pipes carrying liquid.

E. Protection of Trees and Lawn Areas:

- 1. Protect with boxes, trees and shrubs, except those ordered to be removed. Do not place excavated material so as to cause injury to such trees or shrubs. Replace trees or shrubs destroyed by accident or negligence of the CONTRACTOR or CONTRACTOR's employees with new stock of similar size and age, at the proper season, at no additional cost to the CITY. If required by Contract Documents, provide preconstruction audio-video recording of project in accordance with the Technical Specifications.
- 2. Leave lawn areas in as good condition as before the start of the Work. Restore areas where sod has been removed by seeding or sodding.

1.9 TEMPORARY CONTROLS

A. During Construction:

 Keep the site of the Work and adjacent premises free from construction materials, debris, and rubbish. Remove this material from any portion of the site if such material, debris, or rubbish constitutes a nuisance or is objectionable.

- 2. Remove from the site all surplus materials and temporary structures when they are no longer needed.
- Neatly stack construction materials such as concrete forms and scaffolding when not in use. Store pipe to be incorporated into the Work in accordance with AWWA standards. Promptly remove splattered concrete, asphalt, oil, paint, corrosive liquids, and cleaning solutions from surfaces to prevent marring or other damage.
- 4. Properly store volatile wastes in covered metal containers and remove from the site daily.
- 5. Do not bury or burn on the site or dispose of into storm drains, sanitary sewers, streams, or waterways, any waste material. Remove all wastes from the site and dispose of in a manner complying with applicable ordinances and laws.

B. Smoke Prevention:

- 1. Strictly observe all air pollution control regulations.
- 2. Open fires will be allowed only if permitted under current ordinances.

C. Noises:

- 1. In accordance with the CITY's or COUNTY's Noise Ordinance, maintain acceptable noise levels in the vicinity of the Work. Limit noise production to acceptable levels by using special mufflers, barriers, enclosures, equipment positioning, and other approved methods.
- Supply written notification to the City Manager or designee sufficiently in advance of the start of any work that violates this provision. Proceed only when all applicable authorizations and variances have been obtained in writing.

D. Hours of Operation:

- 1. Operation of construction equipment is only permitted Monday through Saturday, 7:00 AM to 7:00 PM. Obtain written consent from the City Manager or designee for operation of construction equipment during any other period.
- 2. Do not carry out non-emergency work, including equipment moves, on Sundays without prior written authorization by the City Manager or designee.

E. Dust Control:

- 1. Take measures to prevent unnecessary dust. Keep earth surfaces exposed to dusting moist with water or a chemical dust suppressant. Cover materials in piles or while in transit to prevent blowing or spreading dust.
- Adequately protect buildings or operating facilities that may be affected adversely by dust. Protect machinery, motors, instrument panels, or similar equipment by suitable dust screens. Include proper ventilation with dust screens.

F. Temporary Drainage Provisions:

- 1. Provide for the drainage of stormwater and any water applied or discharged on the site in performance of the Work. Provide adequate drainage facilities to prevent damage to the Work, the site, and adjacent property.
- 2. Supplement existing drainage channels and conduits as necessary to carry all increased runoff from construction operations. Construct dikes as necessary to divert increased runoff from entering adjacent property (except in natural channels), to protect the CITY's facilities and the Work, and to direct water to drainage channels or conduits. Provide ponding as necessary to prevent downstream flooding.
- 3. Maintain excavations free of water. Provide, operate, and maintain pumping equipment. Dewater trenches in accordance with Sections 02350 and 02650.
- G. Pollution: Prevent the pollution of drains and watercourses by sanitary wastes, sediment, debris, and other substances resulting from construction activities. Do not permit sanitary wastes to enter any drain or watercourse other than sanitary sewers. Do not permit sediment, debris, or other substances to enter sanitary sewers. Take reasonable measures to prevent such materials from entering any drain or watercourse.

1.10 TRAFFIC REGULATION

- A. Parking: Provide and maintain suitable parking areas for the use of all construction workers and others performing work or furnishing services in connection with the Contract, to avoid any need for parking personal vehicles where they may interfere with public traffic or construction activities.
- B. Access: Conduct Work to interfere as little as possible with public travel, whether vehicular or pedestrian. Provide and maintain suitable and safe bridges, detours, or other temporary expedients for the accommodation of public and private travel. Whenever it is necessary to cross, obstruct, or close roads, driveways, and walks, whether public or private, give reasonable notice to owners of private drives before interfering with them. Such maintenance of traffic will not be required when the CONTRACTOR has obtained permission from the owner or tenant of private property, or from the authority having jurisdiction over the public property involved,

to obstruct traffic at the designated point. The Contractor may be allowed to restrict traffic for short periods of time provided that he first contacts the City Stormwater, Streets and Traffic Department, County, and/or Florida DOT for their restrictions and also provided that adequate traffic control devices are placed in accordance with applicable City, County, and/or State Ordinances.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01510

PRE-CONSTRUCTION AUDIO-VIDEO RECORDING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. The work specified in this section includes the requirements for pre-construction audio-video recordings necessary to document existing conditions on public and private property.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENTS

- Α. The Contractor shall provide color videos showing pre-construction site conditions of all public and private property within the scope of construction. The videos shall be DVD format indicating on the beginning and front of each disk, the date, job title and location where the video was taken. The videos shall be clear and shall thoroughly document all existing structures and landscaping. The construction recording shall be taken by a responsible commercial firm known to be skilled and regularly engaged in the business of pre-construction color audio-video documentation. The audio portion of the recording shall begin with a complete description of the beginning point of the construction scene, i.e. job name, street, direction of travel, direction of view. The video portion shall continuously show the time (hour, minute, and second) and date. All recording shall be done during daylight hours with sufficient sunlight to properly illuminate the surrounding area. Recording shall not be done during inclement weather conditions. Recording on heavily traveled streets or roads may require the use of police escort at the option of the Engineer. If police escort is required, all costs shall be borne by the Contractor.
- B. Two copies of the disks (including the original) shall be delivered to the City Manager or designee for review. The construction recording shall be made no more than 30 calendar days prior to construction start date.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

A. Construction on private property shall not commence until the City Manager or designee has reviewed and approved the audio-video recording.

3.2 PERFORMANCE

A. The Contractor may be required to restore private properties to conditions better than existing, at no additional cost to the City, if the Contractor fails to sufficiently document existing conditions.

3.3 AREA OF COVERAGE

A. Tape coverage shall include all surface features located within the zone of influence of construction supported by appropriate audio coverage. Such coverage shall include, but not be limited to, existing driveways, sidewalks, curbs, pavements, ditches, mailboxes, landscaping, culverts, fences, signs and headwalls within the area covered.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01570

TRAFFIC REGULATION AND PUBLIC SAFETY

PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES:
 - A. General Requirements
 - B. Traffic Control
 - C. Public Safety

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 01500 Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls
- B. Section 02230 Roadway Crossings by Open Cut
- C. Section 02575 Pavement Repair and Restoration

1.3 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Perform all work within CITY rights-of-way in strict accordance with the City's Maintenance of Traffic Policy and other applicable statutory requirements to protect the public safety. The Maintenance of Traffic Plan shall include but not be limited to: placement of signs, timing of phases, transition lengths, hours of traffic interference, and contact person (24 hour availability).
- B. Be responsible for providing safe and expeditious movement of traffic through construction zones. A construction zone is defined as the immediate areas of actual construction and all abutting areas which are used by the CONTRACTOR and which interfere with the driving or walking public.
- C. Remove temporary equipment and facilities when no longer required. Restore grounds to original or specified conditions.
- D. The requirements specified herein are in addition to the plan for Maintenance of Traffic as specified in Section 02230.

1.4 TRAFFIC CONTROL

A. Include as necessary precautions, not to be limited to, such items as proper construction warning signs, signals, lighting devices, marking, barricades, channelization, flares, and hand signaling devices. Be responsible for installation and maintenance of all devices and requirements for the duration of the Construction period. All design, application, installation, maintenance and removal of all traffic control devices and all warning devices and barriers which are necessary to protect the public and workmen from hazards within the project limits shall be as specified in the State of Florida, Manual of Traffic and Highway Construction, Maintenance and Utility Operations. The standards established in the aforementioned Manual constitute the minimum requirements for normal conditions. Additional traffic control devices, warning devices, barriers, or other safety devices shall be required where unusual, complex, or particularly hazardous conditions exist.

- B. Provide notice, at least five (5) working days prior to construction, to the State or City Stormwater, Streets and Traffic Department of the necessity to close any portion of a roadway carrying vehicles or pedestrians so that the final approval of such closings can be obtained at least 48 hours in advance. At no time will more than one (1) lane of roadway be closed to vehicles and pedestrians. With any such closings make adequate provision for the safe expeditious movement of each.
- C. Be responsible for notifying the Stormwater, Streets and Traffic Department, and Police, Fire, and other Emergency Departments at least 48 hours prior to construction whenever construction is within roadways and of the alternate routes.
- D. Be responsible for removal, relocation, or replacement of any traffic control device in the construction area that exists as part of the normal pre-construction traffic control scheme.
- E. Immediately notify the City Manager or designee of any vehicular or pedestrian safety or efficiency problems incurred as a result of the construction of the project.
- F. Be responsible for notifying all residents of any road construction and limited access at least 72 hours in advance.
- 1.5 PUBLIC SAFETY (DURING CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR)
 - A. In areas of high vehicular traffic, provide a safe walkway around the work area.
 - B. Use barricades or other barriers to prevent any possibility of injury to the public caused by the CONTRACTOR's work.
 - C. Keep walk areas around the work areas clean of sand, stones, and any other material that could cause a pedestrian accident.
 - D. Barricade work areas left overnight. Install flashing warning lights in areas required by the CITY.
 - E. Unless an approved detour is provided at any open cut crossings, a minimum of one-way traffic will be maintained during the daylight hours and two-way traffic at night. All traffic detours will be restricted to limits of the Right-of-Way with necessary flagmen and/or marking devices. These detours shall be approved by the CITY. Detour of traffic outside of the Right-of-Way will be

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considered with the approval of local governmental agencies and private concerns involved.

F. Crossing and Intersections: Do not isolate residences and places of business. Provide access to all residences and places of business whenever construction interferes with existing means of access. Maintain access at all times. If pavement is disturbed, a cold mix must be applied at the end of the day.

G. Detours

- Construct and maintain detour facilities wherever it becomes necessary to divert traffic from any existing roadway or bridge, or wherever construction operations block the flow of traffic. The location of all detours will require prior approval of the CITY.
- Furnishing of Devices and Barriers: Furnish all traffic control devices (including signs), warning devices and barriers. Costs of such devices shall be incidental to construction and included in unit prices bid.
- 3. Maintenance of Devices and Barriers: Keep traffic control devices, warning devices and barriers in the correct position, properly directed, clearly visible and clean, at all times. Immediately repair replace or clean damaged, defaced or dirty devices or barriers as necessary.
- H. Flagmen: Provide certified flagmen (flaggers) to direct traffic where one-way operation in a single lane is in effect, and in other situations as may be required. Radios may be required if flagmen cannot maintain contact with each other.
- I. Utilize all necessary signs, flagmen, and other safety devices during construction.
- J. Perform all work with the requirements set forth by the Occupational Safety Health Administration.

EXHIBIT A-1

PART 2 PRODUCTS

NOT USED.

PART 3 EXECUTION

NOT USED.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01600

MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES
 - A. Description
 - B. Substitutions
 - C. Manufacturer's Written Instructions
 - D. Transportation and Handling
 - E. Storage, Protection and Maintenance
 - F. Manufacturer's Field Quality Control Services
 - G. Post Startup Services
 - H. Special Tools and Lubricating Equipment
 - I. Lubrication

1.2 DESCRIPTION

- A. Proposed Manufacturers List: Within 15 calendar days of the date of the Notice to Proceed, submit to the ENGINEER a list of the names of proposed manufacturers, material men, suppliers and subcontractors, obtain approval of this list by the City Manager or designee prior to submission of any working drawings. Upon request submit evidence to ENGINEER that each proposed manufacturer has manufactured a similar product to the one specified and that it has previously been used for a like purpose for a sufficient length of time to demonstrate its satisfactory performance.
- B. All material and equipment designed or used in connection with a potable (drinking) water system shall conform to the requirements of the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF) Standard 61, "Drinking Water System Components Health Effects."
- Furnish and install Material and Equipment which meets the following:
 - 1. Conforms to applicable specifications and standards.
 - 2. Complies with size, make, type, and quality specified or as specifically approved, in writing, by ENGINEER.

- Will fit into the space provided with sufficient room for operation and maintenance access and for properly connecting piping, ducts and services, as applicable. Make the clear spaces that will be available for operation and maintenance access and connections equal to or greater than those shown and meeting all the manufacturers' requirements. If adequate space is not available, the CONTRACTOR shall advise the ENGINEER for resolution.
- 4. Manufactured and fabricated in accordance with the following:
 - a. Design, fabricate, and assemble in accordance with best engineering and shop practices.
 - b. Manufacture like parts of duplicate units to standard sizes and gauges, to be interchangeable.
 - c. Provide two or more items of same kind identical, by same manufacturer.
 - d. Provide materials and equipment suitable for service conditions.
 - e. Adhere to equipment capabilities, sizes, and dimensions shown or specified unless variations are specifically approved, in writing, in accordance with the Contract Documents.
 - f. Adapt equipment to best economy in power consumption and maintenance. Proportion parts and components for stresses that may occur during continuous or intermittent operation, and for any additional stresses that may occur during fabrication or installation.
 - g. Working parts are readily accessible for inspection and repair, easily duplicated and replaced.
- 5. Use material or equipment only for the purpose for which it is designed or specified.

1.3 SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Substitutions:

- Make any CONTRACTOR's requests for changes in equipment and materials from those required by the Contract Documents in writing, for approval by the Engineer of Record. Such requests are considered requests for substitutions and are subject to CONTRACTOR's representations and review provisions of the Contract Documents when one of following conditions are satisfied:
 - a. Where request is directly related to a "Engineer of Record approved equal" or "City approved equal" clause or other language of same effect in Specifications.

- b. Where required equipment or material cannot be provided within Contract Time, but not as result of CONTRACTOR's failure to pursue Work promptly or to coordinate various activities properly.
- c. Where required equipment or material cannot be provided in manner compatible with other materials of Work, or cannot be properly coordinated therewith.

CONTRACTOR'S Options:

- a. Where more than one choice is available as options for CONTRACTOR's selection of equipment or material, select option compatible with other equipment and materials already selected (which may have been from among options for other equipment and materials).
- b. Where compliance with specified standard, code or regulation is required, select from among products that comply with requirements of those standards, codes, and regulations.
- c. Or City approved Equal: For equipment or materials specified by naming one or more equipment manufacturer(s) as "or City approved equal", submit request for substitution for any equipment or manufacturer not specifically named to the Engineer of Record.

B. Conditions Which are Not Substitution:

- 1. Requirements for substitutions do not apply to CONTRACTOR options on materials and equipment provided for in the Specifications.
- 2. Revisions to Contract Documents, where requested by the City Manager or designee or ENGINEER, are "changes" not "substitutions".
- CONTRACTOR's determination of and compliance with governing regulations and orders issued by governing authorities do not constitute substitutions and do not constitute basis for a Change Order, except as provided for in Contract Documents.

1.4 MANUFACTURER'S WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Instruction Distribution: When the Contract Documents require that installation, storage, maintenance and handling of equipment and materials comply with manufacturer's written instructions, obtain and distribute printed copies of such instructions to parties involved in installation, including six copies to ENGINEER.
 - 1. Maintain one set of complete instructions at jobsite during storage and installation, and until completion of work.

- B. Manufacturer's Requirements: Store, maintain, handle, install, connect, clean, condition, and adjust products in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and in conformity with Specifications.
 - 1. Should job conditions or specified requirements conflict with manufacturer's instructions, consult ENGINEER for further instructions.
 - 2. Do not proceed with work without written instructions.
- C. Performance Procedures: Perform work in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions. Do not omit preparatory steps or installation procedures, unless specifically modified or exempted by Contract Documents.

1.5 TRANSPORTATION AND HANDLING

- A. Coordination with Schedule: Arrange deliveries of materials and equipment in accordance with Construction Progress Schedules. Coordinate to avoid conflict with work and conditions at site.
 - Deliver materials and equipment in undamaged condition, in manufacturer's original containers or packaging, with identifying labels intact and legible. Keep product free of dirt and debris.
 - 2. Protect bright machined surfaces, such as shafts and valve faces, with a heavy coat of grease prior to shipment.
 - 3. Immediately upon delivery, inspect shipments to determine compliance with requirements of Contract Documents and approved submittals and that material and equipment are protected and undamaged.
- B. Handling: Provide equipment and personnel to handle material and equipment by methods recommended by manufacturer to prevent soiling or damage to materials and equipment or packaging.

1.6 STORAGE, PROTECTION, AND MAINTENANCE

- A. On-site storage areas and buildings:
 - 1. Conform storage buildings to requirements of Section 01500.
 - 2. Coordinate location of storage areas with ENGINEER and the CITY.
 - Arrange on site storage areas for proper protection and segregation of stored materials and equipment with proper drainage. Provide for safe travel around storage areas and safe access to stored materials and equipment.
 - 4. Store loose granular materials in a well-drained area on solid surfaces to prevent mixing with foreign matter.

- 5. Store materials such as pipe, reinforcing and structural steel, and equipment on pallets, blocks or racks, off ground.
- PVC Pipe may be damaged by prolonged exposure to direct sunlight, take necessary precautions during storage and installation to avoid this damage. Store pipe under cover, and install with sufficient backfill to shield it from the sun.
- 7. Store fabricated materials and equipment above ground, on blocking or skids, to prevent soiling or staining. Cover materials and equipment that are subject to deterioration with impervious sheet coverings; provide adequate ventilation to avoid condensation.

B. Interior Storage:

- 1. Store materials and equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, with seals and labels intact and legible.
- 2. Store materials and equipment, subject to damage by elements, in weathertight enclosures.
- Maintain temperature and humidity within ranges required by manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Accessible Storage: Arrange storage in a manner to provide easy access for inspection and inventory. Make periodic inspections of stored materials or equipment to assure that materials or equipment are maintained under specified conditions and free from damage or deterioration.
 - Perform maintenance on stored materials of equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, in presence of the City Manager or designee or ENGINEER.
 - 2. Submit a report of completed maintenance to ENGINEER with each Application for Payment.
 - Failure to perform maintenance, to notify ENGINEER of intent to perform maintenance or to submit maintenance report may result in rejection of material or equipment.
- D. CITY's Responsibility: The CITY assumes no responsibility for materials or equipment stored in buildings or on-site. CONTRACTOR assumes full responsibility for damage due to storage of materials or equipment.
- E. CONTRACTOR's Responsibility: For CITY Capital Improvement Projects, the CONTRACTOR assumes full responsibility for protection of completed construction until facilities (or portions of facilities) are accepted for operation and placed in service. Repair and restore damage to completed Work equal to its original condition.

- F. Special Equipment: Use only rubber tired wheelbarrows, buggies, trucks, or dollies to wheel loads over finished floors, regardless if the floor has been protected or not. This applies to finished floors and to exposed concrete floors as well as those covered with composition tile or other applied surfacing.
- G. Surface Damage: Where structural concrete is also the finished surface, take care to avoid marking or damaging surface.

1.7 MANUFACTURER'S FIELD QUALITY CONTROL SERVICES

A. General:

- 1. Provide manufacturer's field services in accordance with this subsection for those tasks specified in other sections.
- 2. Include and pay all costs for suppliers' and manufacturers' services, including, but not limited to, those specified.
- B. Installation Instruction: Provide instruction by competent and experienced technical representatives of equipment manufacturers or system suppliers as necessary to resolve assembly or installation procedures that are attributable to, or associated with, the equipment furnished.
- C. Installation Inspection, Adjustments and Startup Participation:
 - 1. Provide competent and experienced technical representatives of equipment manufacturers or system suppliers to inspect the completed installation as follows.
 - a. Verify that each piece of equipment or system has been checked for proper lubrication, drive rotation, belt tension, control sequence, or for other conditions that may cause damage.
 - b. Verify that tests, meter readings, and specified electrical characteristics agree with those required by the equipment or system manufacturer.
 - c. Verify that wiring and support components for equipment are complete.
 - d. Verify that equipment or system is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, approved shop drawings and the Contract Documents.
 - e. Verify that nothing in the installation voids any warranty.
 - 2. Provide manufacturer's representatives to perform initial equipment and system adjustment and calibration conforming to the manufacturer's

- recommendations and instructions, approved shop drawings and the Contract Documents.
- Start-up of Equipment: Provide prior written notice of proposed start-up to the City Manager or designee and ENGINEER. Obtain ENGINEER's approval before start-up of equipment. CITY's departmental representative must be on-site during start-up. Execute start-up under supervision of applicable manufacturer's representative in accordance with manufacturers' instructions.
- 4. Furnish ENGINEER with three copies of the following. When training is specified, furnish the copies at least 48 hours prior to training.
 - a. "Certificate of Installation, Inspection and Start-up Services" by manufacturers' representatives for each piece of equipment and each system specified, certifying:
 - (1) That equipment is installed in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, approved shop drawings and the Contract Documents.
 - (2) That nothing in the installation voids any warranty.
 - (3) That equipment has been operated in the presence of the manufacturer's representative.
 - (4) That equipment, as installed, is ready to be operated by others.
 - b. Detailed report by manufacturers' representatives, for review by ENGINEER of the installation, inspection and start-up services performed, including:
 - (1) Description of calibration and adjustments if made; if not in Operation and Maintenance Manuals, attach copy.
 - (2) Description of any parts replaced and why replaced.
 - (3) Type, brand name, and quantity of lubrication used, if any.
 - (4) General condition of equipment.
 - (5) Description of problems encountered, and corrective action taken.
 - (6) Any special instructions left with CONTRACTOR or ENGINEER.
- D. Field Test Participation: Provide competent and experienced technical representatives of all equipment manufacturers and system suppliers as

necessary to participate in field testing of the equipment specified in Section 01400.

E. Trouble-Free Operation: Provide competent and experienced technical representatives of all equipment manufacturers and system suppliers as necessary to place the equipment in trouble-free operation after completion of start-up and field tests.

1.8 SPECIAL TOOLS AND LUBRICATING EQUIPMENT

- A. General: Furnish, per manufacturer's recommendations, special tools required for checking, testing, parts replacement, and maintenance. (Special tools are those which have been specially designed or adapted for use on parts of the equipment, and which are not customarily and routinely carried by maintenance mechanics.)
- B. Time of Delivery: Deliver special tools and lubricating equipment to the CITY when unit is placed into operation and after operating personnel have been properly instructed in operation, repair, and maintenance of equipment.
- C. Quality: Provide tools and lubricating equipment of a quality meeting equipment manufacturer's requirements.

1.9 LUBRICATION

- A. General: Where lubrication is required for proper operation of equipment, incorporate in the equipment the necessary and proper provisions in accordance with manufacturer's requirements. Where possible, make lubrication automated and positive.
- B. Oil Reservoirs: Where oil is used, supply reservoir of sufficient capacity to lubricate unit for a 24-hour period.

1.10 WARRANTY

A. Provide copies of any warranties of materials or equipment to the City Manager or designee with documentation showing compliance with warranty requirements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

CERT	TIFICATE OF INSTALLATION, INSPECTION AND START-UP SERVICES					
Project						
Equipment						
Specification	Section	_				
Contract						
	fy that the named equipment has been inspected, adjusted and operated by the s' Representative and further certify:	ne				
2.	 That the equipment is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, approved shop drawings and the Contract Documents. That nothing in the installation voids any warranty. That equipment has been operated in the presence of the manufacturer's representative. That equipment, as installed, is ready to be operated by others. 					
MANUFACTU	JRERS' REPRESENTATIVE					
Signature	Date					
Name (print)						
Title						
Representing						
CONTRACTO						
Signature	Date					
Name (print)						
Attach the de	tailed report called for by Specification Section 01600.					
Complete an specified.	d submit three copies of this form with the detailed report to ENGINEER	as				

10,000	
Equipment	
Specification Section	
Contract	
calibrations, and that it is operating in co	entative has inspected this equipment, made adjustments an informance with the design, specifications, and manufacturer operation with corresponding recommendations, if any, are made
MANUFACTURERS' REPRESENTATIVE	
Signature	Date
Name (print)	
Γitle	
Representing	
CONTRACTOR	
Signature	Date
Name (print)	
Γitle	
ENGINEER	
Signature	Date

CLEANING

PART 1 GENERAL

- 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES:
 - A. General Requirements
 - B. Disposal Requirements
- 1.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
 - A. Execute cleaning during progress of the work and at completion of the work.
- 1.3 DISPOSAL REQUIREMENTS
 - A. Conduct cleaning and disposal operations to comply with codes, ordinances, regulations, and anti-pollution laws.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 DURING CONSTRUCTION

- A. Execute daily cleaning to keep the work, the site, and adjacent properties free from accumulations of waste materials, rubbish, and windblown debris, resulting from construction operations.
- B. Provide onsite containers for the collection of waste materials, debris and rubbish. All waste materials including containers, food debris and other miscellaneous materials must be disposed of daily in onsite containers.
- C. Remove waste materials, debris and rubbish from the site periodically and dispose of at legal disposal areas away from the site.

3.2 FINAL CLEANING

- A. Requirements: At the completion of work and immediately prior to final inspection, clean the entire project as follows:
 - 1. Thoroughly clean, sweep, wash, and polish all work and equipment provided under the Contract, including finishes. Leave the structures and site in a complete and finished condition to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER.
 - 2. Direct all subcontractors to similarly perform, at the same time, an equivalent thorough cleaning of all work and equipment provided under their contracts.
 - 3. Remove all temporary structures and all debris, including dirt, sand, gravel, rubbish and waste material.
 - 4. Should the CONTRACTOR not remove rubbish or debris or not clean the buildings and site as specified above, the OWNER reserves the right to have the cleaning done at the expense of the CONTRACTOR.
- B. Employ experienced workers, or professional cleaners, for final cleaning.
- C. Use only cleaning materials recommended by manufacturer of surface to be cleaned.
- D. In preparation for substantial completion or occupancy, conduct final inspection of sight-exposed interior and exterior surfaces, and of concealed spaces.
- E. Remove grease, dust, dirt, stains, labels, fingerprints, and other foreign materials from sight-exposed interior and exterior finished surfaces. Polish surfaces so designated to shine finish.
- F. Repair, patch, and touch up marred surfaces to specified finish, to match adjacent surfaces.
- G. Replace air-handling filters if units were operated during construction.
- H. Clean ducts, blowers, and coils, if air-handling units were operated without filters during construction.
- I. Vacuum clean all interior spaces, including inside cabinets.
- J. Handle materials in a controlled manner with as few handlings as possible. Do not drop or throw materials from heights.
- K. Schedule cleaning operations so that dust and other contaminants resulting from cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly-painted surfaces.

- L. Clean interior of all panel cabinets, pull boxes, and other equipment enclosures.
- M. Wash and wipe clean all lighting fixtures, lamps, and other electrical equipment that may have become soiled during installation.
- N. Perform touch-up painting.
- O. Broom clean exterior paved surfaces; rake clean other surfaces of the grounds.
- P. Remove erection plant, tools, temporary structures and other materials.
- Q. Remove and dispose of all water, dirt, rubbish or any other foreign substances.

3.3 FINAL INSPECTION

A. After cleaning is complete the final inspection may be scheduled. The inspection will be done with the OWNER and ENGINEER.

NO TEXT FOR THIS PAGE

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Description
- B. Quality Assurance
- C. Format and Contents

1.2 DESCRIPTION

A. Scope: Furnish to the ENGINEER three (3) printed copies and one (1) electronic copy of an Operation and Maintenance Manual for all equipment and associated control systems furnished and installed.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Reference Codes and Specifications: No current government or commercial specifications or documents apply.

1.4 FORMAT AND CONTENTS

- A. Prepare and arrange each copy of the manual as follows:
 - 1. One copy of an equipment data summary (see sample form) for each item of equipment.
 - 2. One copy of an equipment preventive maintenance data summary (see sample form) for each item of equipment.
 - 3. One copy of the manufacturer's operating and maintenance instructions specific to the model number furnished. Operating instructions include detailed assembly drawings including a list of all parts and materials with catalog number, and instructions for equipment start-up, normal operation, adjusting, overhauling, shutdown, emergency operation, troubleshooting. Maintenance instructions include equipment installation, calibration and adjustment, preventive and repair maintenance, lubrication schedule, lubricant types and grades, troubleshooting, parts list and recommended spare parts. Include Manufacturer's telephone numbers for Technical Support.
 - 4. List of electrical relay settings and control and alarm contact settings.

- Electrical interconnection wiring diagram for equipment furnished including all control and lighting systems.
- One valve schedule giving valve number, location, fluid, and fluid destination for each valve installed. Group all valves in same piping systems together in the schedule. Obtain a sample of the valve numbering system from the ENGINEER.
- 7. Furnish all O&M Manual material in bound 8-1/2 by 11 commercially printed or typed forms or an acceptable alternative format.
- B. Organize each manual into sections paralleling the equipment specifications. Identify each section using heavy section dividers with reinforced holes and numbered plastic index tabs. Use 3-ring, hard-back binders. Punch all loose data for binding. Arrange composition and printing so that punching does not obliterate any data. Print on the cover and binding edge of each manual the project title, and manual title, as furnished and approved by the ENGINEER.
- C. Leave all operating and maintenance material that comes bound by the equipment manufacturer in its original bound state. Cross-reference the appropriate sections of the CONTRACTOR's O&M manual to the manufacturers' bound manuals.
- D. Label binders Volume 1, 2, and so on, where more than one binder is required. Include the table of contents for the entire set, identified by volume number, in each binder.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

Not Used

City Utilities
Equipment Data Summary

Equipment Name:		Specification Refere	ence:					
Manufactu	rer:							
	Name:							
	A -l -l							
	Address:							
	Telephone:							
Number Supplied:		Location/Service:						
	- 1							
Model No:		Serial No:						
Type:								
Size/Spee	d/Capacity/Range (as ap	olicable):						
Power Red	quirement (Phase/Volts/H	ertz):						
Local Bon	recentative:							
Local Representative:								
Name:								
rianic.								
	Address:							
	Telephone:							
NOTES:								

City Utilities
Preventive Maintenance Summary

Equipment Name:			Location:					
Manufacturer:								
	Name:							
	Address:							
	Telephone:							
			_					
Model No:		Serial No:						
Maintenance						O&M Manual		
Task		Lubricant/Part		D W M Q SA	Α	Reference		
NOTES:								

*D-Daily W-Weekly M-Monthly Q-Quarterly SA-Semi-Annual A-Annual

PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

Requirements for preparation, maintenance and submittal of project record documents. The Contractor's attention is specifically directed to Part 3.2.B. of this Section, which requires use of a Florida licensed surveyor to sign and seal all record drawings.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 01051 Lines and Grades
- B. Section 01400 Quality Control

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals as specified. Final disbursement of project monies shall not occur until or unless said "record drawings" are submitted to the satisfaction of the City.
- B. At Contract close out, two (2) sets of signed and sealed Record Drawings for the potable water system, non-potable irrigation water system, and/or wastewater system to be conveyed shall be submitted to the City.
- C. Provide electronic submittal as specified in Part 3.2.B of this Section.

1.4 REQUIREMENTS

- A. Contractor shall maintain at the site for the City one record copy of:
 - 1. Drawings
 - 2. Specifications
 - 3. Addenda
- 4. Change orders and other modifications to the Contract
- 5. Design Engineer's field orders or written instructions
- 6. Approved shop drawings, working drawings and samples
- 7. Field test records
- B. Additional Requirements for City Capital Projects Only
 - GIS Turn-Over Documents (see City of Naples GIS and CAD Record Standards and Requirements)

PART 2 PRODUCTS (not used)

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 MAINTENANCE OF DOCUMENTS AND SAMPLES

- A. Project record documents shall be stored in Contractor's field office or other location approved by the City apart from documents used for construction.
- B. Maintain documents in a clean, dry, legible condition and in good order. Do not use record documents for construction purposes.
- C. Make documents and samples available at all times for inspection by the City.

3.2 RECORDING

A. General

- 1. Record Drawings shall accurately depict the constructed configuration of all potable water, non-potable irrigation water and/or wastewater systems or portion(s) thereof. All revisions to City staff approved construction drawings shall be precisely identified and illustrated on the Record Drawings. All Record Drawings of utility systems or portion(s) thereof that are not being conveyed to the Board shall bear, on the cover sheet, a prominently displayed DISCLAIMER, in bold lettering at least one-quarter (1/4) inch high, stating: "All on-site potable water, non-potable irrigation and/or wastewater systems shall be owned, operated and maintained by the private owner(s) and/or the master condominium/homeowners' association, successors or assigns" (or other comparable private ownership).
- 2. Label each document "PROJECT RECORD" or similar text in neat, large printed letters.
- Survey information can be obtained as needed by the use of 2-inch PVC labeled pipes installed over underground improvements by the contractor during construction. This method is an adequate process for obtaining record information.
- 4. Record information in red ink.

B. Record Drawings

- 1. The Record Drawings require signed and sealed as-built information, including above and below ground improvements including underground piping, valves and ductbanks, by a Florida Licensed Land Surveyor.
- 2. The Record Drawings shall identify the entity that provided the record data.
- Drawings shall be referenced to and tie-in with the state plane coordinate system, with a Florida East Projection, and a North American Datum 1983/1990 (NAD 83/90 datum), and with United States Survey Feet (USFEET) units, as established by a registered Florida surveyor and mapper.
- 4. Files shall be also submitted in Drawing File (DWG) format in AutoCAD Release 2004 or later version and a red-lined "field" hardcopy.

- 5. Record drawings shall be submitted to the City staff within 60 days of the final construction completion date.
- 6. The following items shall be accurately depicted in vertical and horizontal directions on the Record Drawings:
 - a) All associated rights-of-way and utility easements whether shown on the Contract Drawings, found during construction or added during the Work.
 - b) Sewer system inverts, pipe slopes, manhole rims and run lengths.
 - c) Sewer lateral locations stationed from the nearest downstream manhole.
 - d) Sewer main stub extension inverts at both ends, pipe slope, run length and location.
 - e) Tie-ins to all valves, air release assemblies, fire hydrants, manholes, blowoffs, etc.
 - f) Top elevations of treatment plant structures and tanks.
 - g) Manhole center for sanitary sewers and storm sewers as related to utility improvements.
 - h) Pipe changes in direction or slope.
 - i) Buried valves, tees and fittings.
 - j) Pipe invert, or centerline, elevations at crossing with other pipe.
 - k) Invert, or centerline, elevations and coordinates of existing exposed pipe at crossing with underground pipe installed under this project.
 - I) Other horizontal and vertical record data pertinent to completed Work.
- 7. Each pipe elevation shall be clearly identified as to whether it is top of pipe, centerline of pipe or invert of pipe.
- 8. Record Drawings shall indicate all deviations from Contract Drawings including:
 - a) Field changes.
 - b) Changes made by Change Order.
 - c) Details, utilities, piping or structures not on original Contract Drawings.
 - d) Equipment and piping relocations.

C. Specifications and Addenda

Legibly mark each Section to record:

- 2. Manufacturer, trade name, catalog number and supplier of each product and item of equipment actually installed.
- 3. Changes made by Field Order or Change Order.

D. Shop Drawings

1. Keep one copy of the final, approved shop drawing with the Record Documents.

2. Record documents should include all shop drawing information submitted. Additional information submitted during the review process should be filed with the appropriate submittal.

DEMOLITION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: All work necessary for the removal and disposal of structures, foundations, piping, equipment and roadways, or any part thereof including masonry, steel, reinforced concrete, plain concrete, electrical facilities, and any other material or equipment shown or specified to be removed.
- B. Basic Procedures and Schedule: Carry out demolition so that adjacent structures, which are to remain, are not endangered. Schedule the work so as not to interfere with the day-to-day operation of the existing facilities. Do not block doorways or passageways in existing facilities.
- C. Additional Requirements: Provide dust control and make provisions for safety.
- D. Related Work Specified in Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 01045 Connection to Existing Systems
 - 2. Section 02110 Site Clearing

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Site Inspection: Visit the site and inspect all existing structures. Observe and record any defects that may exist in buildings or structures adjacent to but not directly affected by the demolition work. Provide the City Manager or designee with a copy of this inspection record and obtain the ENGINEER's and the City's Manager or designee approval prior to commencing the demolition.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Limits: Exercise care to break concrete well for removal in reasonably small masses. Where only parts of a structure are to be removed, cut the concrete along limiting lines with a suitable saw so that damage to the remaining structure is held to a minimum.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION OF EXISTING DRAWINGS

A. Available drawings of existing structures and equipment will be available for inspection at the office of the ENGINEER.

3.2 PROTECTION

- A. General Safety: Provide warning signs, protective barriers, and warning lights as necessary adjacent to the work as approved or required. Maintain these items during the demolition period.
- B. Existing Services: Undertake no demolition work until all mechanical and electrical services affected by the work have been properly disconnected. Cap, reroute or reconnect interconnecting piping or electrical services that are to remain in service either permanently or temporarily in a manner that will not interfere with the operation of the remaining facilities.
- C. Hazards: Perform testing and air purging where the presence of hazardous chemicals, gases, flammable materials or other dangerous substances is apparent or suspected, and eliminate the hazard before demolition is started.

3.3 DEMOLITION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Explosives: The use of explosives will not be permitted.
- B. Protection: Carefully protect all mechanical and electrical equipment against dust and debris.
- C. Removal: Remove all debris from the structures during demolition and do not allow debris to accumulate in piles.
- D. Abandoned Pipelines: Fill all abandoned pipelines using grout in accordance with Section 03310.
- E. Access: Provide safe access to and egress from all working areas at all times with adequate protection from falling material.
- F. Protection: Provide adequate scaffolding, shoring, bracing railings, toe boards and protective covering during demolition to protect personnel and equipment against injury or damage. Cover floor openings not used for material drops with material substantial enough to support any loads placed on it. Properly secure the covers to prevent accidental movement.
- G. Lighting: Provide adequate lighting at all times during demolition.
- H. Closed Areas: Close areas below demolition work to anyone while removal is in progress.

- I. Material Drops: Do not drop any material to any point lying outside the exterior walls of the structure unless the area is effectively protected.
- J. Chemicals: All chemicals used during project construction or furnished for project operation, whether herbicide, pesticide, disinfectant, polymer, reactant or of other classification must show approval of either EPA or USDA. Use of all such chemicals and disposal of residues shall be in strict conformance with manufacturer's instructions or government regulations as applicable.

3.4 ASBESTOS-CONCRETE (AC) PIPE

- A. If existing asbestos-cement pipe is encountered during the course of construction, remove the AC pipe and replace it with C900 PVC pipe having a pressure rating as required elsewhere in these specifications. Replace the AC pipe with PVC pipe for a distance of 10 feet each way from the centerline of the pipe under construction or 5 feet beyond the length of AC pipe exposed by trench excavation, whichever is greater. A change order will be issued for required replacement of AC pipe not shown on the drawings.
- B. Coordinate the shutdown of the AC pipeline with the City Manager or designee in accordance with Section 01045, including proper notice to the City Manager or designee and any customers that may be affected by the shutdown as required by these specifications and/or current Water Department policy. In the event of an unanticipated encounter with AC pipe, immediately recover and protect the pipe and notify the CITY Water Department.
- C. Perform cutting of AC pipe by means of cutting wheels mounted in a chain wrapped around the pipe barrel. Do not use power driven saws with abrasive discs or any other means that produce concentrations of airborne asbestos dust.

3.5 DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

A. Final Removal: Dispose of AC pipe in accordance with CITY special handling requirements and coordination with City Solid Waste Management Department. Remove all other debris, rubbish, scrap pieces, equipment, and materials resulting from the demolition. Take title to all demolished materials and remove such items from the site.

EXHIBIT A-1

NO TEXT FOR THIS PAGE

SITE CLEARING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Requirements for clearing of all areas within the Contract limits and other areas shown, including work designated in permits and other agreements, in accordance with the requirements of Division 1.
- B. Related Work Specified in Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02050 Demolition
 - 2. Section 02222 Excavation Earth and Rock
 - 3. Section 02223 Backfilling
 - 4. Section 02400 Restoration by Sodding or Seeding

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Clearing: Clearing is the removal from the ground surface and disposal, within the designated areas, of trees, brush, shrubs, down timber, decayed wood, other vegetation, rubbish and debris as well as the removal of fences.
- B. Grubbing: Grubbing is the removal and disposal of all stumps, buried logs, roots larger than 1-1/2 inches, matted roots and organic materials.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 PROTECTION OF EXISTING UTILITIES

A. Prior to site clearing, locate and mark all existing utilities in coordination with the CITY and other affected owners. Protect all existing utilities and markings from damage. In case of damage to existing utilities caused by construction activities, contact the owner of the utility or appropriate CITY department (Water or Wastewater) immediately. Repair any damage to existing utilities or markings caused by construction activities in coordination with or as directed by the owner of the utility.

3.2 TREE REMOVAL

- A. Tree Removal Within Right-of-Way Limits: Remove trees and shrubs within the right-of-way unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Remove trees and shrubs to avoid damage to trees and shrubs designated to remain.
 - Grub and remove tree stumps and shrubs felled within the right-of-way to an authorized disposal site. Fill depressions created by such removal with material suitable for backfill as specified in Section 02223.
- B. Tree Removal Outside Right-of-Way Limits: Do not cut or damage trees outside the right-of-way unless plans show trees to be removed or unless written permission has been obtained from the property owner. Furnish three copies of the written permission before removal operations commence.
- C. If the landowner desires the timber or small trees, cut and neatly pile it in 4 ft. lengths for removal by the owner; otherwise, dispose of it by hauling it away from the project site. If hauled timber is of merchantable quality, credit shall accrue to the CONTRACTOR.

3.3 TREES AND SHRUBS TO BE SAVED

- A. Protection: Protect trees and shrubs within the work limits that are so delineated or are marked in the field to be saved from defacement, injury and destruction.
 - 1. Work within the limits of the tree drip line with extreme care using either hand tools or equipment that will not cause damage to trees.
 - a. Do not disturb or cut roots unnecessarily. Do not cut roots 1-1/2 inches and larger unless approved.
 - b. Immediately backfill around tree roots after completion of construction in the vicinity of trees.
 - c. Do not operate any wheeled or tracked equipment within drip line.
 - 2. Protect vegetation from damage caused by emissions from engine-powered equipment.
 - 3. During working operations, protect the trunk, foliage and root system of all trees to be saved with boards or other guards placed as shown and as required to prevent damage, injury and defacement.
 - a. Do not pile excavated materials within the drip line or adjacent to the trunk of trees.
 - b. Do not allow runoff to accumulate around trunk of trees.

- c. Do not fasten or attach ropes, cables, or guy wires to trees without permission. When such permission is granted, protect the tree before making fastening or attachments by providing burlap wrapping and softwood cleats.
- d. The use of axes or climbing spurs for trimming will not be permitted.
- e. Provide climbing ropes during trimming.
- 4. Remove shrubs to be saved, taking a sufficient earth ball with the roots to maintain the shrub.
 - a. Temporarily replant if required, and replace at the completion of construction in a condition equaling that which existed prior to removal.
 - b. Replace in kind if the transplant fails.
- 5. Have any tree and shrub repair performed by a tree surgeon properly licensed by the State of Florida and within 24 hours after damage occurred.

3.4 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Clearing: Clear all items specified to the limits shown and remove cleared and grubbed materials from the site.
 - 1. Do not start earthwork operations in areas where clearing and grubbing is not complete, except that stumps and large roots may be removed concurrent with excavation.
 - 2. Comply with erosion, sediment control and storm management measures as specified in Division 1.
- B. Grubbing: Clear and grub areas to be excavated, areas receiving less than 3 feet of fill and areas upon which structures are to be constructed.
 - 1. Remove stumps and root mats in these areas to a depth of not less than 18 inches below the subgrade of sloped surfaces.
 - 2. Fill all depressions made by the removal of stumps or roots with material suitable for backfill as specified in Section 02223.
- C. Limited Clearing: Clear areas receiving more than 3 feet of fill by cutting trees and shrubs as close as practical to the existing ground. Grubbing will not be required.
- D. Dispose of all material and debris from the clearing and grubbing operation by hauling such material and debris away to an approved dump. The cost of disposal (including hauling) of cleared and grubbed material and debris shall be considered

a subsidiary obligation of the CONTRACTOR; include the cost in the bid for the various classes of work.

3.5 TOPSOIL

A. Stripping: Strip existing topsoil from areas that will be excavated or graded prior to commencement of excavating or grading and place in well-drained stockpiles in approved locations.

SHORING, SHEETING AND BRACING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Work required for protection of an excavation or structure through shoring, sheeting, and bracing.
- B. Related Work Specified In Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02222 Excavation Earth and Rock
 - 2. Section 02223 Backfilling

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. CONTRACTOR's Submittals: All sheeting and bracing shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR to retain qualified design services for these systems, and to be completed with strict adherence to OSHA Regulations. Submit complete design calculations and working drawings of proposed shoring, sheeting and bracing which have been prepared, signed and sealed by a Licensed Professional Engineer experienced in Structural Engineering and registered in the State of Florida, before starting excavation for jacking pits and structures. Use the soil pressure diagram shown for shoring, sheeting and bracing design. ENGINEER's review of calculations and working drawings will be limited to confirming that the design was prepared by a licensed professional engineer and that the soil pressure diagram shown was used.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Design: Comply with all Federal and State laws and regulations applying to the design and construction of shoring, sheeting and bracing.
- B. N.B.S. Building Science Series 127 "Recommended Technical Provisions for Construction Practice in Shoring and Sloping Trenches and Excavations.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Regulatory Requirements: Do work in accordance with the U.S. Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations for construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety Act of 1970 (PL 91-596) and under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (PL 91-54), and the Florida Trench Safety Act. Observe 29 CFR 1910.46 OSHA regulations for Confined Space Entry.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS AND MATERIALS

- A. Material Recommendations: Use manufacturers and materials for shoring, sheeting and bracing as recommended by the Licensed Professional Engineer who designed the shoring, sheeting, and bracing.
 - 1. Wood Materials: Oak, or treated fir or pine for wood lagging.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 SHORING, SHEETING AND BRACING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Provide safe working conditions, to prevent shifting of material, to prevent damage to structures or other work, to avoid delay to the work, all in accordance with applicable safety and health regulations. Properly shore, sheet, and brace all excavations which are not cut back to the proper slope and where shown. Meet the general trenching requirements of the applicable safety and health regulations for the minimum shoring, sheeting and bracing for trench excavations.
 - 1. CONTRACTOR's Responsibility: Sole responsibility for the design, methods of installation, and adequacy of the shoring, sheeting and bracing.
- B. Arrange shoring, sheeting and bracing so as not to place any strain on portions of completed work until the general construction has proceeded far enough to provide ample strength.
- C. If ENGINEER is of the opinion that at any point the shoring, sheeting or bracing are inadequate or unsuited for the purpose, resubmission of design calculations and working drawings for that point may be ordered, taking into consideration the observed field conditions. If the new calculations show the need for additional shoring, sheeting and bracing, it should be installed immediately.
- D. Monitoring: Periodically monitor horizontal and vertical deflections of sheeting. Submit these measurements for review.
- E. Accurately locate all underground utilities and take the required measures necessary to protect them from damage. Keep all underground utilities in service at all times as specified in Division 1.
- F. Driven Sheeting: Drive tight sheet piling in that portion of any excavation in paved or surface streets City collector and arterial streets and in State, County, and City

- highways below the intersection of a one-on-one slope line from the nearest face of the excavation to the edge of the existing pavement or surface.
- G. Sheeting Depth: In general drive or place sheeting for pipelines to a depth at elevation equal to the top of the pipe as approved.
 - 1. If it is necessary to drive sheeting below that elevation in order to obtain a dry trench or satisfactory working conditions, cut the sheeting off at the top of the pipe and leave in place sheeting below the top of the pipe.
 - 2. Do not cut the sheeting until backfill has been placed and compacted to the top of the pipe.
- H. Sheeting Removal: In general, remove sheeting and bracing above the top of the pipe as the excavation is refilled in a manner to avoid the caving in of the bank or disturbance to adjacent areas or structures. Remove sheeting as backfilling progresses so that the sides are always supported or when removal would not endanger the construction of adjacent structures. When required to eliminate excessive trench width or other damages, shoring or bracing shall be left in place and the top cut off at an elevation 2.5 feet below finished grade, unless otherwise directed.
 - 1. Carefully fill voids left by the withdrawal of the sheeting by jetting, ramming or otherwise.
 - 2. No separate payment will be made for filling of such voids.

EXHIBIT A-1

NO TEXT FOR THIS PAGE

PIPE REMOVAL AND ABANDONMENT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Removal and abandonment of piping and appurtenances, wholly or in part, as required to complete Work as shown on the Drawings and specified in this Section.
- B. Work on and/or removal of asbestos cementitious pipe shall be performed per OSHA, EPA, NESHAPS, and State regulations and must be supervised by a person that has satisfactorily completed an Asbestos Abatement Project Supervisor course.
- C. Related Work Specified in other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 01045 Connection to Existing Systems
 - 2. Section 02222 Excavation Earth and Rock
 - 3. Section 02223 Backfilling
 - 4. Section 03310 Concrete, Masonry Mortar and Grout

1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Submit the following:
 - 1. Proposed methods for pipe removal and abandonment;
 - 2. Equipment proposed to be used to do pipe removal and abandonment work;
 - 3. Resume of pipe grouting subcontractor;
 - 4. Pipe removal and abandonment schedule/sequence.
- C. If a detour is required, submit a traffic control plan for approval to City Manager or designee and/or the Florida Department of Transportation as described in Section 01570.

1.3 SITE CONDITIONS

A. General

- 1. Prior to any work, a proper and approved maintenance of traffic plan (MOT) shall be submitted to the engineer and the City.
- Execute pipe removal and abandonment so that there is no injury to persons or damage to adjacent buildings, structures, equipment, materials, piping, wiring, pavement, fences, trees, guardrails, and other adjacent improvements. Execute demolition and abandonment so that access to facilities that are in operation and to residences and businesses is free and safe.

 Execute pipe removal and abandonment so that interference to vehicular traffic and personnel traffic does not exceed scheduled interference. Do not place rubble, excavation, piping, or other materials removed on roadways, drives, or sidewalks that are to remain in service.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TEMPORARY MATERIALS

- A. Provide temporary fencing, barricades, barriers, piping, valves, pumps, power and controls, and water necessary to meet the requirements of this Section.
- B. Temporary fencing, barricades, barriers, and enclosures shall be suitable to the purpose intended.

2.2 REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT MATERIALS

For repair or replacement of existing facilities or improvements to remain, use materials identical to, or equal to, materials used in existing work when new.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

- A. Conduct pipe removal and abandonment as shown and specified in the Contract Documents.
- B. Conduct pipe removal and abandonment so that existing equipment, piping, wiring, structures, and other improvements to remain are not damaged. Repair or replace equipment, piping, wiring, structures, and other improvements damaged at no additional cost to the City.
- C. Do not remove equipment, piping, wiring, structures, or other improvements not shown or specified to be removed. If equipment, piping, wiring, structures, or other improvements not shown or specified to be removed is removed, replace equipment, piping, wiring, structures, or other improvements at no additional cost to the City.

3.2 DISCONNECTIONS

- A. Prior to starting pipe removal or abandonment, check underground and exposed existing utilities, piping, and equipment within the limits of pipe removal or abandonment. Prior to starting, check underground and exposed existing utilities, piping connected to and associated with existing pipe to be removed or abandoned. Verify the following:
 - 1. Piping is inactive (abandoned);
 - 2. Other utilities which may be in conflict have been permanently or temporarily disconnected, if required:
- B. Do not proceed with salvage or demolition if piping is active or utilities have not been disconnected.

3.3 ABANDONMENT

- A. The Contractor shall, as described on the Drawings and as may be directed by the City, abandon in place the following existing utility improvements:
 - All water mains, reuse water mains and raw water mains that are designated to be abandoned shall be filled with grout. Refer to Section 03310 – Concrete, Masonry Mortar and Grout.
 - 2. All sewer lines, force mains, laterals and services that are designated to be abandoned shall be flushed clean and filled with grout. Prior to grout fill, sewer lines, force mains, laterals and services to be abandoned shall be flushed clean to remove wastewater and solids. Contractor is responsible for securing and providing flushing water, collection of flush water/wastewater, and disposal. The cleaning of these piping systems shall comply with all local and DEP requirements.
 - Sewer manholes designated to be abandoned shall have the top two feet removed.
 The remainder of each manhole shall be abandoned and filled with grout or flowable fill. The excavation or pit shall be backfilled with select fill and compacted in accordance with Section 02223 Backfilling and the trenching details on the Drawings.
- B. Appurtenances: All water hydrants, ARV valves and other appurtenances on abandoned lines shall be removed to the main and the fitting at the main shall be capped or plugged. All valves shall have the valve box, pad and operator removed, with the valve left in the open position unless specifically noted otherwise.

C. Preparation:

- 1. The City shall be notified at least 72 hours in advance of grouting operations.
- 2. Bulkheads shall be spaced at intervals of not more than 1,000 feet. If the line to be abandoned is longer, bulkheads shall be inserted in the pipe to maintain the required maximum spacing between bulkheads.
- 3. Temporary vents shall be installed in the line to be filled at a maximum spacing of 150 ft. The vents shall be capable of being capped to allow further grouting operations.

D. Equipment:

- The materials shall be mixed or delivered in equipment of sufficient size and capacity
 to provide the desired amount of grout material for each stage in a single operation.
 The equipment shall be capable of mixing the grout at densities required for the
 approved procedure and shall also be capable of changing density as dictated by field
 conditions any time during the grouting operation.
- 2. Mixers and Pumps The grout shall be delivered to the injection point at a steady pressure with a non-pulsating centrifugal or triplex pump. Means shall be provided to increase or decrease the water-cement ratio. The system shall mix the grout to a homogeneous consistency. Means of accurately measuring grout component quantities, pumping pressures, and volumes pumped shall be provided.

3. Pressure Gauges - CONTRACTOR shall provide one pressure gauge at the point of injection and one pressure gauge at the grout pump. Grouting shall not proceed without appropriate calibrated gauges in place and in working order. Pressure gauges shall be equipped with diaphragm seals, have a working range between 1.5 to 2.0 times the design grout pressure, and have an accuracy within 0.5 percent of full range. Pressure gauges shall be instrument oil filled and attached to a saddle-type diaphragm seal to prevent clogging with grout.

E. Grouting:

Once grouting operations begin, grouting shall proceed uninterrupted from bulkhead to bulkhead. Grout placement shall not be terminated until both of the following conditions have been met, unless otherwise approved by the City: a) The estimated volume of grout to fill the line has been injected; and, b) grout has been expelled from the furthest vent or bulkhead. Bulkheads and temporary vents shall not be removed until the grout has set.

F. Testing and Sampling:

- 1. Take four test specimens for each 50 cubic yards of grout or for each four hours of placing.
- 2. Test in accordance with ASTM C109 except:
 - a. The specimens shall be 3 inch by 6 inch cylinders covered after casting to prevent damage and loss of moisture. Moist cure specimens for a period up to 7 days prior to a 28-day compressive strength test.
 - b. Do not oven dry specimens that are load tested. Specimens may be tested at any age to monitor compressive strength. The material may require special handling and testing techniques.
- G. The CONTRACTOR may remove the pipe in accordance with the Paragraph 3.04 in lieu of abandonment if acceptable to the City. Such removal, however, will be paid at the same price for pipe abandonment.
- H. All work under this Section shall comply with City, City, State and Federal regulations.

3.4 REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL

- A. The Contractor shall, as described on the Drawings and as may be directed by the City, remove the following existing utility improvements:
 - All water mains, reuse water mains and raw water mains that are designated to be removed.
 - 2. All sewer lines, sewer manholes, force mains, laterals and services that are designated to be removed shall be flushed clean with water prior to removal. Contractor is responsible for securing and providing flushing water, collection of flush water/wastewater, and disposal. The cleaning of these piping systems shall comply with all local and DEP requirements.
- B. The pipe removal and disposal shall include all valves, fittings and appurtenances.

3.5 SALVAGE OF EQUIPMENT, PIPING, AND MATERIALS

- A. Remove items identified on the drawings or specified to remain the property of the City. Do not damage equipment, piping, and materials to be salvaged.
- B. Following removal or equipment, piping, and materials to be salvaged, place equipment, piping, and materials in a location within the City limits as designated by the City.

3.6 REPAIRS

Repair structural elements, equipment, piping, conduit, and other improvements to remain that are damaged during demolition. Use workers specifically qualified in trade, or trades, involved to repair damaged work.

3.7 DISPOSAL

- A. Remove and dispose of all equipment, piping, and materials from the jobsite not specifically designated to be retained by the City.
- B. Contractor shall not accumulate or store debris from demolition on the project site.
- C. The disposal of the piping, manholes and appurtenances shall be in accordance with City, State and Federal laws.

3.8 BACKFILLING

- A. Backfill excavations, trenches, and pits resulting from abandonment and removal according to Section 02223 Backfilling.
- B. Backfill of the pipe trenches shall be according to the City details for pipe trench backfill. Pipe trenches for removed pipes that were within 3 horizontal feet of the edge of pavement shall be backfilled according to the detail for the type of roadway.

3.9 CLEANUP AND CLOSURE

- A. Following pipe abandonment or removal, clean-up areas where other work is to be done as specified in this Section, or Sections applicable to work to be done.
- B. Following pipe abandonment or removal, clean-up areas where no other work is to be done under this Contract. Remove debris and rubbish, temporary facilities, and equipment. Level surface irregularities to eliminate depressions. Leave work in a neat and presentable condition.
- C. In locations where a pipe to be abandoned or removed connects to a pipe that remains in service, the Contractor shall install a suitable cap or plug on the end of the active pipe.

EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- Α. The work specified in this Section consists of designing, providing, maintaining and removing temporary erosion and sedimentation controls as necessary. The Contractor shall exercise extreme care to minimize contamination of rainfall run-off from the site. All necessary provisions and care shall be taken to insure compliance with the Water Quality Standards of the State of Florida, more particularly the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD). Contractor shall make himself familiar with Chapter 17-3, "Water Quality Standards," of the Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). Compliance for protection of State Waters and/or jurisdictional areas require the use of hay bales, temporary swales, settling ponds, silt screens, and other appropriate methods as necessary to prevent soils and sediment from entering such areas. Prior to commencement of work, the Contractor shall submit a plan of action and a list of materials he plans to use for sedimentation/erosion control to the City for approval.
- B. Temporary erosion controls include, but are not limited to rip rap channels, road stabilization, grassing, mulching, setting, watering, and reseeding onsite surfaces and spoil and borrow area surfaces and providing interceptor ditches at ends of berms and at those locations which will ensure that erosion during construction will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by the CITY.
- C. Temporary sedimentation controls include, but are not limited to, silt dams, traps, barriers, public and private on- and off-site storm sewer inlets protectors, and appurtenances at the foot of sloped surfaces which will ensure that sedimentation pollution will be either eliminated or maintained within acceptable limits as established by the CITY.
- D. If required by regulation or CITY, CONTRACTOR is responsible for providing an approved Erosion Control Plan for effective temporary erosion and sediment control measures during construction or until final controls become effective.

1.2 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

A. South Florida Building Code and Standard Building Code.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 EROSION CONTROL

- A. Sodding and Seeding is specified in Section 02400.
- B. Rip Rap Channel.
- C. Road Stabilization.
- D. Netting fabricated of material acceptable to the City Manager or designee.

2.2 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Temporary Sediment Trap.
- B. Sediment Fence.
- C. Bales clean, seed free pine needle or cereal hay type.
- D. Netting fabricated of material acceptable to the City Manager or designee.
- E. Filter Stone crushed stone conforming to Florida Department of Transportation specifications.
- F. Concrete Block hollow, non-load-bearing type.
- G. Concrete exterior grade not less than one inch thick.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EROSION CONTROL

- A. Minimum procedures for grassing are:
 - 1. Scarify slopes to a depth of not less than six inches and remove large clods, rock, stumps, roots larger than 1/2 inch in diameter and debris.
 - 2. Sow seed within twenty-four (24) hours after the ground is scarified with either mechanical seed drills or rotary hand seeders.
 - 3. Apply mulch loosely and to a thickness of between 3/4 inch and 1-1/2 inches.
 - 4. Apply netting over mulched areas on sloped surfaces.
 - Roll and water seeded areas in a manner which will encourage sprouting of seeds and growing of grass. Reseed areas that exhibit unsatisfactory growth (less than 70 percent coverage). Backfill and seed eroded areas, removing eroded material from effected drainage facilities.

- B. Minimum procedures for rip rap channel are:
 - 1. Clear the foundation of all trees, stumps, and roots.
 - Excavate the bottom and sides of the channel 30 inches below grade at all points to allow for the placement of riprap as shown in the typical cross-section in the Standard Details.
 - Install extra strength filter fabric on the bottom and sides of the channel foundation, placing the upstream fabric over the downstream fabric with at least a 1 foot overlap on all joints. The fabric is to be securely held in place with metal pins.
 - 4. Place riprap evenly to the lines and grades shown on the drawings and staked in the field. Place riprap immediately following the installation of the filter fabric.
 - 5. Riprap shall meet the specification for F.D.O.T. Class 2 Riprap.
 - 6. Restore all disturbed areas in accordance with a vegetation plan submitted in advance and approved by the City Manager or designee.
- C. Minimum Procedures for road stabilization are:
 - 1. Clear roadbed and parking areas of all vegetation, roots and other objectionable material.
 - 2. Provide surface drainage.
 - 3. Spread 6 inch course of lime rock evenly over the full width of road and parking area and smooth to avoid depressions.
 - 4. After grading, seed or resod all disturbed areas adjoining roads and parking areas conforming to existing conditions prior to construction.

3.2 SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Install and maintain silt dams, traps, barriers, and appurtenances as required. Replace deteriorated hay bales and dislodged filter stone.
- B. Minimum requirements for sediment trap:
 - 1. Clear, grub and strip the area under the embankment of all vegetation and root mat.
 - Clear retention area to elevation as approved by the City Manager or designee.

- 3. Use fill material free of roots, woody vegetation and organic matter. Place fill in lifts not to exceed 9 inches and machine compact.
- 4. Construct dam and stone spillway to dimensions, slopes and elevations shown.
- 5. Ensure that the spillway crest is level and at least 18 inches below the top of the dam at all points.
- 6. Stone used for spillway section Class "B" erosion control stone.
- 7. Stone used on inside spillway face to control drainage #67 washed stone.
- 8. Extend stone outlet section to vegetated road ditch on zero grade with top elevation of stone level with bottom of drain.
- 9. Ensure that the top of the dam at all points is 6 inches above natural surrounding ground.
- 10. Stabilize the embankment and all disturbed area above the sediment pools as shown in the vegetation plan.

C. Minimum requirements for sediment fence:

- Construct sediment fence on low side of topsoil stockpile to prevent sediment from being washed into the drainage system. Fence to extend around approximately 70 percent of the perimeter of the stockpile. Fence must be unobstructed so as to maintain a minimum of 75 percent of its design flow rate.
- 2. Locate posts down slope of fabric to help support fencing.
- 3. Bury toe of fence approximately 8 inches deep to prevent undercutting.
- 4. When joints are necessary, securely fasten the fabric at a support post with overlap to the next post.
- 5. Filter fabric shall be of nylon, polyester, propylene or ethylene yarn with extra strength 50 pounds per linear inch (minimum) and with a flow rate of at least 0.30 gallons per foot per minute. Fabric should contain ultraviolet ray inhibitors and stabilizers.
- 6. Post to be 4-inch diameter pine with a minimum length of 4 feet.

D. Minimum Requirement for stormwater facilities protection

- 1. Public and private stormsewer facilities, both on and offsite, shall be protected at all inlets affected by construction. Stormsewer facilities include streets, inlets, pipes, ditches, swales, canals, culverts, control structures, and detention/retention areas.
- Grated drop inlets shall be rapped with filter fabric in a manner that allows removal of accumulated sediment from the fabric before removing the grate.
- 3. Curb inlets shall be protected from sediment, turbid water from stormwater or dewatering activities; also construction debris, concrete mix and rinsate, and any other pollution.
- 4. Stormwater runoff entering such stormsewer inlets and stormwater detention/retention facilities with a turbidity greater than 50 NTU shall be considered to be in non-compliance with these regulations.

3.3 PERFORMANCE

A. Should any of the temporary erosion and sediment control measures employed fail to produce results which comply with the requirements of the State of Florida, immediately take steps necessary to correct the deficiency at no expense to the CITY. Sedimentation or turbid water violations to stormwater facilities on or offsite shall require the contractor to remove all sediment from the affected facilities.

SECTION 02400

RESTORATION BY SODDING OR SEEDING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS

A. The work in this section consists of furnishing all labor, material and equipment to restore all areas disturbed during construction to match preconstruction conditions. Establish a stand of grass within the areas disturbed by furnishing and placing grass sod where required, or by seeding and mulching areas not requiring sod.

1.2 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

- A. Use materials conforming to the requirements of Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction as follows:
 - 1. Section 570 Grassing (by Seeding)
 - 2. Section 575 Sodding
 - 3. Section 981 Grassing and Sodding Materials
 - 4. Section 982 Commercial Fertilizer
 - 5. Section 983 Water for Grassing

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit certifications and identification labels for all sodding supplied in accordance with General Conditions.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 SODDING

- A. Types: Sod may be of either St. Augustine or Argentine Bahia grass or as that disturbed, as established prior to construction. Use well matted sod with roots. When replacing sod in areas that are already sodded, use sod of the same type as the existing sod.
- B. Provide sod as required in accordance with Florida Department of Transportation Specifications 575 and 981. Furnish sod equal to and similar in type as that disturbed. Place and water in accordance with FDOT Specifications Section 575.

- C. Use sod in commercial-size rectangles, preferably 12-inch by 24-inch or larger, except where 6-inch strip sodding is called for.
- D. Use sod that is sufficiently thick to secure a dense stand of live grass. Use sod that is live, fresh and uninjured at the time of planting, having a soil mat of sufficient thickness adhering firmly to the roots to withstand all necessary handling. It shall be reasonably free of weeds and other grasses. Plant sod as soon as possible after being dug, and shade and keep moist from the time it is dug until it is planted.
- E. Handle sod in a manner to prevent breaking or other damage. Do not handle by dumping from trucks or other vehicles. Use care at all times to retain the native soil on the roots of each sod roll during stripping and handling. Sod that has been damaged by handling during delivery, storage or installation will be rejected.
- F. Swales: Place sod to the proper grade and cross section in all flow areas to ensure the design flow of water in the ditch. In excavating for the placement of sod, provide a minimum of 3 inches of undercut.

2.2 FERTILIZER

- A. Supply chemical fertilizer in suitable bags with the net weight certification of the shipment. Fertilizer shall be 12-8-8 and comply with Section 982 of the FDOT Standard Specification for Road and Bridge Construction.
- B. The numerical designations for fertilizer indicate the minimum percentages (respectively) of (1) total nitrogen, (2) available phosphoric acid and (3) water soluble potash, contained in the fertilizer.
- C. The chemical designation of the fertilizer shall be 12-8-8, with at least 50 percent of the nitrogen from a nonwater-soluble organic source. The nitrogen source may be a unreaformaldehyde source provided it is not derived from a waste product of the plastic industry.

2.3 EQUIPMENT

A. Spread fertilizer uniformly at the specified rate.

2.4 NETTING

A. Netting is fabricated of material similar to Geoscope Landscape Fabric or Engineer of Record approved equal.

2.5 SEEDING

A. Seed all unpaved areas disturbed during construction that do not require sod. Complete all seeding in conformance with FDOT Specifications Sections 570 and 981. Mulch and fertilize the grassed areas shall be mulched and fertilized in accordance with FDOT Specifications.

- B. Provide mulch material free of weeds. Mulch shall be oat straw or rye, Pangola, peanut, Coastal Bermuda, or Bahia grass hay.
- C. All seeds must have been tested within 6 months of planting. Submit a seed bag tag with final payment requests from each type or mixture of seed used. Seed mixtures shall be chosen to insure the development of the planting during the season or planting, and to insure future growth and permanence.

2.6 TOPSOIL

A. Topsoil stockpiled during excavation may be used. If additional topsoil is required to replace topsoil removed during construction, it shall be obtained off site at no additional cost to the CITY. Topsoil shall be fertile, natural surface soil, capable of producing all trees, plants, and grassing specified herein.

2.7 MULCH

A. Furnish small grain straw mulch. Apply mulch at a rate of 1.5 tons per acre, corresponding to a depth not less than 1-inch or more than 3-inches according to texture and moisture content of mulch material. Apply asphalt emulsion at a rate of 150 gallons per ton of straw to anchor the straw applied.

2.8 WATER

A. It is the CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to supply all water to the site, as required during seeding and sodding operations and through the maintenance period and until the work is accepted. Make whatever arrangements may be necessary to ensure an adequate supply of water to meet the needs for the work. Furnish all necessary hose, equipment, attachments, and accessories for the adequate irrigation of lawns and planted areas as may be required. Water shall be suitable for irrigation and free from ingredients harmful to plant life.

2.9 SOIL IMPROVEMENTS

A. Apply lime at the rate of 1 to 1.5 tons per acre. Apply 10-10-10 commercial fertilizer at the rate of 800 pounds per acre and work well into the top inch of topsoil.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 SOD BED PREPARATION

- A. Clear areas to be sodded and/or seeded of all rough grass, weeds, and debris, and bring soil to an even grade.
- B. Thoroughly till soil to a minimum 4-inch depth.
- C. Bring area to proper grade, free of sticks, stones, or other foreign matter over 1-inch in diameter or dimension. The surface shall conform to finish grade, less the

thickness of sod, free of water-retaining depressions, the soil friable and of uniformly firm texture.

3.2 INSPECTION

- A. Verify that soil preparation and related preceding work has been completed.
- B. Do not start work until conditions are satisfactory.

3.3 SOD HANDLING AND INSTALLATION

- A. During delivery, prior to planting, and during the planting of sod areas, protect the sod panels at all times from excessive drying and unnecessary exposure of the roots to the sun. Stack sod during construction and planting so as not to be damaged by sweating or excessive heat and moisture.
- B. After completion of soil conditioning as specified above, lay sod panels tightly together so as to make a solid sodded lawn area. On mounds and other slopes, the long dimension of the sod shall be laid perpendicular to the slope. Immediately following sod laying, roll the lawn areas with a lawn roller customarily used for such purposes, and then thoroughly water.
- C. Place sod at all areas where sod existed prior to construction, on slopes of 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1) or greater, in areas where erosion of soils will occur, and as directed by the ENGINEER. On areas where the sod may slide, due to height and slope, the ENGINEER may direct that the sod be pegged, with pegs driven through the sod blocks into firm earth, at suitable intervals.

3.4 USE OF SOD ON ROADWAY PROJECTS

- A. In accordance with the FDOT District One Standard Practice, establish permanent green grass at the completion of roadway construction and maintenance work. The following shall apply to all restoration involving State or City roadways:
 - 1. Use sod in lieu of seed and mulch on all roadways with urban (raised curb) typical sections.
 - One inch water per week shall be required for a minimum of four (4) consecutive weeks for the purpose of establishing sod. This can be waived during construction, if and only if there is a minimum of one inch of rain per week on all sod on the project.
 - 3. Placed sod on slopes 1:3 or greater. Stake sod on slopes 1:2 or greater.
 - 4. On all curves with superelevation, place sod from the edge of pavement to the toe of slope on the downhill side(s) for the entire length of the superelevated roadway. On multi-lane divided rural facilities, place sod in the median and on the inside of the curve in the superelevated areas. This does not apply to reverse crowns.

- 5. Use sod for all projects with less than 10,000 square yards grass area.
- 6. On tangent sections and on outside of curves, use sod between the edge of pavement and a point 4 feet beyond the shoulder break point.
- 7. The entire width of sod should not exceed 15 feet from the edge of pavement.
- 8. Sod is to be used to eliminate narrow seed and mulch areas. Sod areas less than 6 feet in width.
- 9. Place sod around drainage structures as per the standard Indexes and extend to the edge of pavement.

3.5 SOD MAINTENANCE

- A. The sod shall produce a dense, well-established growth. Repair and re-sod all eroded or bare spots until project acceptance. Repair to sodding shall be accomplished as in the original work.
- B. Perform sufficient watering to maintain adequate moisture for optimum development of the seeded and sodded areas, and no less than 1.5 inches of water per week for at least 2 weeks. Thereafter, apply water for a minimum of 60 days as needed until the sod takes root and starts to grow or until final acceptance, whichever is latest.

3.6 GUARANTEE

A. Guarantee a live and vigorous stand of permanent grass at the time of acceptance of the work consisting of 80 percent minimum coverage for seeded grass areas with no bare spots greater than 5 square feet.

3.7 CLEANING

A. Remove debris and excess materials from the project site.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02523

SIDEWALKS, DRIVEWAYS AND CURBS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Sidewalks, sidewalk ramps, driveways, curbs and drive approaches complete with concrete materials, concrete curing compounds, joint materials, field quality control and appurtenances.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Reference Standards: Conform the work for this Section to the applicable portions of the following standard Specifications.
 - 1. ASTM American Society of Testing and Materials
 - 2. AASHTO American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
 - 3. FDOT Florida Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.
 - 4. FAC Florida Accessibility Code.
 - 5. ADAAG American with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines
 - 6. UFAS Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Reports: Written permission for the use of all local disposal sites Furnish copies to the ENGINEER.

B. Test Reports:

1. Thickness and Compressive Strength: Provide the ENGINEER with two (2) certified copies of the test results. Perform the tests by a laboratory approved by the ENGINEER.

1.4 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Requirements:

1. Temperature: Comply with the requirements for concrete installation due to outside ambient air temperatures as specified under Article 3.3.I of this Section.

B. Protection:

1. Protection Against Rain: Comply with the requirements for protecting new work against damage from Rain, as specified under Article 3.3.I of this Section.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Concrete: Use 2,500-psi concrete except as modified herein.
- B. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Use ready-mixed concrete that conforms to ASTM C94, Alternate 2.
- C. Water: Use water for mixing and curing concrete reasonably clean and free from oil, salt, acid, alkali, chlorides, sugar, vegetable, or other substances injurious to the finished product. Waters from sources approved by the local Health Department as potable may be used without test. Test water requiring testing in accordance with the current Method of Test for Quality of Water to be Used in Concrete, AASHTO T-26.
- D. Concrete Curing Compounds: Use white membrane curing compound for curing concrete that conforms to AASHTO M148, Type 1 clear, or Type 2 while per FDOT Section 925.
- E. Premolded Joint Filler: Use fiber joint filler that conforms to ASTM D1751. Use filler of the thickness, as specified herein, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
- F. Steel Hook Bolts: Use hook bolts that conform to ASTM A706, or for Grade 60 of ASTM A615, A616, or A617. Use 5/8-inch diameter hook bolts self-tapping.
- G. Joint Sealant: Use hot-poured type joint sealant that conforms to ASTM D1190.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S VERIFICATION

A. Excavation and Forming: Prior to the installation of any concrete, examine the excavation and forms for the proper grades, lines, and levels required to receive

the new work. Ascertain that all excavation and compacted subgrades are adequate to receive the concrete to be installed.

- 1. Correct all defects and deficiencies before proceeding with the work.
- B. Existing Improvements: Investigate and verify location of existing improvements to which the new work is to be connected.
 - Making necessary adjustment in line and grade to align the new work with the existing improvements must be approved by the ENGINEER prior to any change.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Forms: Use wood or metal forms, straight and free from warp, clean, and sufficient strength to resist springing during the process of depositing concrete against them.
 - 1. Use full depth of the concrete forms.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Sidewalks, Sidewalk Ramps, Driveways and Driveway Approaches: Construct all sidewalks and sidewalk ramps four (4) inches thick except at driveways and alleys. Construct thickness of the sidewalks six (6) inches at driveways and alleys. Construct sidewalks five (5) feet wide unless otherwise noted on the Plans, and slope 1/4-inch per foot towards the center of the road. Normally, sidewalks will be located within the right-of-way, parallel the property lines, at a distance of 1-foot from the property line.
 - 1. Construct alleys, driveways and approaches six (6) inches thick. Construct the width of the driveways and driveway approaches as shown on the Plans or as directed by the ENGINEER.
 - Asphalt sidewalks/bikeways/access paths/paths where authorized shall be constructed to specifications established by the City, but shall be no less than six inches (6") of compacted limerock base over a stabilized subgrade, primed and surfaced with a minimum of one inch (1") of Type II asphalitc concrete.
- B. Removal of Existing Curb for Sidewalk Ramps and Driveway Approaches: Conform construction of sidewalk ramps within street intersections where curbed pavement existing to the current FDOT Roadway and Traffic Design Standards.
 - 1. Saw cut, to full depth of pavement, and remove a minimum of an 18-inch wide curb and gutter section where there is no proper curb drop for the sidewalk ramp or driveway approach. When mountable curbs are present, remove a 24-inch wide curb and gutter section for the construction of sidewalk ramps, as specified above.

- 2. Remove curb and gutter as determined by the ENGINEER in the field but remove curb and gutter at least as wide as the proposed sidewalk ramp plus 1-foot on each side.
- 3. Replace the removed curb and gutter section with materials, equal to what was removed and seal joint with hot poured rubber asphalt.
- C. Install 5/8-inch diameter self-tapping hook bolts, in the existing concrete pavement as indicated on the Plans prior to placing concrete for the removed curb and gutter section.
- D. Placement of Forms: Use wood forms, straight and free from warp, of nominal depth for sidewalk sections less than 25 feet in length.
 - 1. Stake forms to line and grade in a manner that will prevent deflection and settlement.
 - 2. When unit slab areas are to be poured, place slab division forms such that the slab division joints will be straight and continuous.
 - 3. Set forms for sidewalk ramps to provide a grade toward the centerline of the right-of-way in accordance with current standards. Use a uniform grade, except as may be necessary to eliminate short grade changes.
 - 4. Oil forms before placing concrete. Leave forms in place at least 12 hours after the concrete is placed. Place forms ahead of the pouring operations to maintain uninterrupted placement of concrete.
 - 5. The use of slip form pavers can be allowed when approved by the ENGINEER in lieu of the construction system described above.
- E. Joints: Construct transverse and longitudinal expansion and plane-of-weakness joints at the locations specified herein, or as indicated on the Plans or as directed by the ENGINEER.
 - 1. Place the transverse expansion joints for the full width and depth of the new work. Use transverse expansion joints placed against an existing pavement a minimum of six (6) inches deep but no less than the thickness of the concrete being placed.
 - 2. Conform longitudinal expansion joints to the requirements as transverse expansion joints.
 - Construct joints true to line with their faces perpendicular to the surface of the sidewalk. Install the top slightly below the finished surface of the sidewalk. Construct transverse joints at right angles to the centerline of the sidewalk and construct longitudinal joints parallel to the centerline or as directed by the ENGINEER.

- 4. Place transverse expansion joints, 1/2-inch thick, through the sidewalk at uniform intervals of not more than 50 feet and elsewhere as shown on the Plans, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
- 5. Place expansion joints, 1/2-inch thick, between the sidewalk and back of abutting parallel curb, buildings or other rigid structures, concrete driveways and driveway approaches. When directed by the ENGINEER, place the expansion joint between sidewalks and buildings 1-foot from the property line and parallel to it.
- 6. Form plane-of-weakness joints every five (5) feet. Form joints by use of slab divisions forms extending to the full depth of the concrete or by cutting joints in the concrete, after floating, to a depth equal to 1/4 the thickness on the sidewalk. Construct cut joints not less than 1/8-inch or more than 1/4-inch in width and finish smooth and at right angles to the centerline on the sidewalk.
- F. Placing and Finishing Concrete: Place all concrete on a prepared unfrozen, smooth, leveled, rolled and properly compacted base. Place concrete on a moist surface with no visible water present.
 - Deposit the concrete, in a single layer to the depth specified. Spade or vibrate and compact the concrete to fill in all voids along the forms and joints. Strike off the concrete with a strike board until all voids are removed and the surface has the required grade and cross section as indicated on the Plans, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
 - 2. Float the surface of the concrete just enough to produce a smooth surface free from irregularities. Round all edges and joints with an edger having a 1/4-inch radius.
 - 3. Broom the surface of sidewalks, driveways and approaches to slightly roughen the surface.
 - 4. Texture the surface of the sidewalk ramps with a coarse broom transversely to the ramp slope, and coarser roughen than the remainder of the sidewalk. Contract the ramp slope in color (using a brick-red dye or approved equal) from the remainder of the sidewalk. Comply with minimum color contract and slope requirements from FAC, UFAS, ADAAG, Local Government Standards, or as directed by the ENGINEER.
- G. Curing: After finishing operations have been completed and immediately after the free water has left the surface, completely coat and seal the surface of the concrete (and sides if slip-forming is used) with a uniform layer of white membrane curing compound. Do not thin the curing compound. Apply the curing compound at the rate of one gallon per 200 square feet of surface.
- H. Barricades: Place suitable barricades and lights around all newly poured sidewalks, sidewalk ramps, driveways, driveway approaches and curb and gutter

sections in order to protect the new work from damage from pedestrians, vehicles and others until the concrete has hardened.

- 1. Leave barricades in place for a minimum of two (2) days, except for driveway approaches and curb and gutter sections. Leave barricades in place for a minimum of three (3) days.
- Remove and replace any concrete that suffers surface or structural damage at no additional cost.

I. Protection:

- 1. Against Rain: Protect new concrete from the effects of rain before the concrete has sufficiently hardened. Have available on the job site at all times enough burlap or 6-mil thick polyurethane film to cover and protect one day's work. Stop work and cover completed work when rain appears eminent. As soon as the rain ceases, uncover the concrete and burlap drag the surface where necessary. Apply curing compound to any areas where the compound has been disturbed or washed away.
- 2. Against Cold Weather: If concrete is placed between December 15 and February 15, have available on the site sufficient amount of clean, dry straw or hay to cover one (1) day's production. If the temperature reaches 40 degrees F and is falling, place the hay or straw 12 inches thick, immediately after the curing compound is applied.
- 3. Concrete Temperature Limitations: Do not place concrete when the temperature of the concrete at the point of placement is above 90 degrees F.
- J. Cleanup: After the concrete has gained sufficient strength, but no sooner than within 12 hours, remove the fixed forms and backfill the spaces on both sides with sound earth of topsoil quality. Compact, level and leave backfill in a neat condition.
- K. Gutters and Curbs: Construct gutters and curbs in accordance with Section 520 FDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, latest edition, including supplements.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Concrete Delivery Ticket: Use a ticket system for recording the transportation of concrete from the batching plant to point of delivery. Issue this ticket to the truck operator at the point of loading and give to the ENGINEER upon delivery.
- B. Concrete Delivery Rejection: Remove concrete not permitted for inclusion in the work by the ENGINEER from the site. Rejection of concrete will be determined through Field Quality Control and elapsed time from mixer charging to delivery.

- C. Concrete Testing at Placement: Perform tests of each batch of concrete delivered, each 50 cubic yards, or whenever consistency appears to vary. The sampling and testing of slump, air content and strength will be performed at no cost to the CITY.
 - 1. Sampling: Secure composite samples in accordance with the Method of Sampling Fresh Concrete, ASTM C172.
 - 2. Slump Test: Test in accordance with ASTM C143. Use the least slump possible consistent with workability for proper placing of the various classifications of concrete.
 - a. Place structural concrete for walls and slabs, by means of vibratory equipment, with a slump of four (4) inches.
 - b. A tolerance of up to 1-inch above the indicated maximum will be allowed for individual batches provided the average for all batches or the most recent ten (10) batches tested, whichever is fewer, does not exceed the maximum limit.
 - Air Content: Determine air content of normal weight concrete in accordance with Method of Test for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method, ASTM C23 1, or by the volumetric method, ASTM C 173, for each strength test.
 - 4. Compressive Strength: Make two (2) strength tests of three (3) samples each for each 50 cubic yards, or fraction thereof, of each mix design of concrete placed in any one (1) day.
 - a. Handling Samples: Mold and cure three (3) specimens from each sample in accordance with Method of Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field, ASTM C31. Record any deviations from the requirements of this Standard in the test report.
 - b. Testing: Test specimens in accordance with Method of Test for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens, ASTM C39. Test one (1) specimen at seven (7) days for information and test two (2) at 28 days for acceptance. Use the average of the strengths of the two (2) specimens tested at 28 days. Discard results if one (1) specimen in a test manifests evidence of improper sampling, molding or testing, and use the strength of the remaining cylinder. Should both specimens in test show any of the above defects, discard the entire test.
 - c. Acceptance of Concrete: The strength level of the concrete will be considered satisfactory so long as the averages of all sets of three consecutive strength test results equal or exceed the specified 28-day strength and no individual strength test results falls below the specified

- 28-day strength by more than 500 psi. If the strength test is not acceptable, perform further testing to qualify the concrete.
- d. Concrete Temperature: Determine the temperature of concrete sample for each strength test.
- D. Reductions due to deficiencies in thickness or compressive strength are additive, that is, if an area is deficient by 3/8 inch and under strength by 200 psi, the total reduction is 20% plus .02% or .40% reduction.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02575

REPAIR AND RESTORATION OF PAVEMENT, SIDEWALK, ETC.

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required and remove and replace pavements over trenches excavated for installation of pipelines as shown on the drawings and/or specified herein.

1.2 GENERAL

- A. Repair all damage, as a result of work under this project, done to existing pavement, driveways, paved areas, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, shrubbery, grass, trees, fences, utility poles, utility pipe lines, conduits, drains, catch basins, or stabilized areas or driveways and including all obstructions not specifically named herein, in a manner satisfactory to the ENGINEER. Include in the bid price, the furnishing of all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary for the cutting, repair, and restoration of the damaged areas unless pay items for specific types of repair are included in the Bid Form.
- B. Keep the surface of the backfilled area of excavation in a safe condition and level with the remaining pavement until the pavement is restored in the manner specified herein. All surface irregularities that are dangerous or obstructive to traffic are to be removed. Conform the repair to applicable CITY or State requirements for pavement repair and as described herein.
- C. The CITY reserves the right to require soil bearing or loading tests or materials tests, should the adequacy of the foundation or the quality of materials used be questionable. Costs of these tests shall be the responsibility of the CITY, if found acceptable; the costs of all failed tests shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR.
- D. Make all street and road repair in accordance with the details indicated on the drawings and in accordance with the applicable requirements of these Specifications and meeting the permit requirements and approval of the governing Department of Transportation agencies.
- E. Replace pavement or roadway surfaces cut or damaged in equal or better condition than the original, including stabilization, base course, surface course, curb and gutter or other appurtenances. Obtain the necessary permits prior to any roadway work. Provide advance notice to the appropriate authority, as required, prior to construction operations.
 - 1. Roadway Restoration (within City Department of Transportation & Engineering jurisdiction): Perform restoration in accordance with the

requirements set forth in the "Right-of-Way Utility Construction Activities Policy" and these Standards. Obtain prior approval from the City Stormwater, Streets and Traffic Department for the materials of construction and method of installation, along with the proposed restoration design for items not referred or specified herein.

- a. Where existing pavement is to be removed, mechanical saw cut the surface prior to trench excavation, leaving a uniform and straight edge parallel or perpendicular to the roadway centerline with minimum disturbance to the remaining adjacent surfacing. Provide minimal width of cut for this phase of existing pavement removal. Limerock from a FDOT approved pit shall be on the job site during open cutting. When the specified compacted limerock base is greater than six inches (6"), the base shall be constructed in two (2) or more lifts.
- b. Immediately following the specified backfilling and compaction, apply a temporary sand seal coat surface to the cut areas. For this temporary surfacing, provide a smooth traffic surface with the existing roadway and maintain until final restoration. Ensure that surfacing remains for a minimum of ten (10) days in order to assure the stability of the backfill under normal traffic conditions. Thirty (30) days following this period and prior to sixty (60) days after application: remove the temporary surfacing and perform final roadway surface restoration.
- c. In advance of final restoration, remove the temporary surfacing and mechanically saw the existing pavement straight and clean to the stipulated dimensions, if needed. Following the above operation, proceed immediately with final pavement restoration in accordance with the requirements set forth by the City.
- d. No layer shall be greater than two inches (2") when compacted. Where a surface course is constructed to a thickness greater than two inches (2"), construct it in approximately equal layers, each not exceeding two inches (2").
- e. Where necessitated by traffic conditions, lay mixture in strips in such manner as to provide for the passage of traffic. Where the road is closed to traffic, mixture may be laid to the full width, by machines traveling in parallel.
- 2. Roadway Restoration (outside City jurisdiction) Conform work within the rights-of-way of public thoroughfares which are not under jurisdiction of City to the requirements of the Governmental agency having jurisdiction or the Florida Department of Transportation, if no governmental agencies have jurisdiction. Work within State Highway right-of-way shall be in full compliance with all requirements of the permit drawings, and to the satisfaction of the Florida Department of Transportation.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Applicable provisions of the latest version of the Florida Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", and Supplemental Specifications hereunder govern the work under this Section. The Florida Department of Transportation will hereafter be referred to as FDOT.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Use materials for flexible base pavement and base course as specified in the latest version of the Florida Department of Transportation "Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction".

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 CUTTING PAVEMENT

- A. Cut and remove pavement to straight edges, 6 inches outside each edge of proposed trench to avoid pavement damage during installation of the new pipelines and appurtenances and for making connections to existing pipelines.
- B. Before removing pavement, mark the pavement for cuts nearly paralleling pipelines and existing street lines. Cut asphalt pavement along the markings with a jackhammer, rotary saw, or other suitable tool.
- C. No pavement shall be machine pulled until completely broken and separated along the marked cuts.
- D. The pavement adjacent to pipeline trenches shall neither be disturbed nor damaged. If the adjacent pavement is disturbed or damaged, irrespective of cause, remove the damaged pavement replace it at CONTRACTOR's expense.

3.2 GENERAL RESTORATION

- A. Restore, replace or rebuild existing street paving, driveways, sidewalks, etc., using the same type of construction as was in the original. Be responsible for restoring all such work, including sub-grade and base courses where present. Obtain and pay for such local or other governmental permits as may be necessary for the opening of streets. Meet any requirements other than those herein set forth which may affect the type, quality and manner of carrying on the restoration of surfaces by reason of jurisdiction of such governmental bodies.
- B. In all cases, maintain, without additional compensation, all permanent replacement of street paving, done by him under this Contract until accepted by the City Manager or designee, including the removal and replacement of such

- work wherever surface depressions or underlying cavities result from settlement of trench backfill.
- C. Complete all the final resurfacing or re-paving of streets or roads, over the excavations and relay paving surfaces of roadbed that have failed or been damaged prior to acceptance by the City Manager or designee. Conform backfilling of trenches and the preparation of sub-grades to the requirements of Section 02223.
- D. Do all re-paving or resurfacing in accordance with Florida Department of Transportation Specifications, to which the following requirement of trench backfill will be added: Where pipeline construction crosses paved areas such as streets, backfill the top 24 inches of trench below the road bases or concrete slabs with compacted A-4 or better material that will provide a bearing value of not less than 75 when tested by the Florida Department of Transportation Soil Bearing Test Methods. All open cuts through paved areas shall be repaved within 48 hours at least with cold patch.

3.3 PRIME AND TACK COATS

A. Apply bituminous prime and tack coats on the previously prepared base course in accordance with Section 300 of the FDOT Specifications.

3.4 WEARING COURSE

A. Use plant-mixed hot bituminous pavement to the thickness indicated in the drawings conforming to Type III asphaltic concrete in accordance with Section 333 of the FDOT Specifications. The requirements for plant and equipment are specified in Section 320 and the general construction requirements for asphaltic concrete pavement are contained in Section 330 of the FDOT specifications.

3.5 TESTING

A. Perform all field-testing at an independent laboratory employed by the CITY. Test and certify all materials by the producer. Repeat tests of sub-grade or base not meeting specified compaction at the CONTRACTOR's expense.

3.6 MISCELLANEOUS RESTORATION

A. Restore sidewalks, cut or damaged by construction, in full sections or blocks to a minimum thickness of four inches. Restore concrete curb or curb gutter to the existing height and cross section in full sections or lengths between joints. Concrete shall be as specified on the drawings. Restore grassed yards, shoulders and parkways to match the existing sections with grass seed or sod of a type matching the existing grass.

3.7 CLEANUP

A. After all repair and restoration or paving has been completed, remove all excess asphalt, dirt, and other debris from the roadways. Check and clean all existing storm sewers and inlets of any construction debris.

END OF SECTION

EXHIBIT A-1

NO TEXT FOR THIS PAGE

SECTION 02608

CONCRETE COATINGS (SEWPERCOAT, IET, AND KOPPERS BITUMASTIC)

PART 1 SEWPERCOAT LINING SYSTEM/ IET COATING SYSTEM/KOPPERS BITUMASTIC SYSTEM

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. This section provides details for furnishing and installing the SewperCoat lining system where shown on the drawings for protection of concrete structures against hydrogen sulfide corrosion. Perform installation by workers experienced in the application of the lining system to be used.
- B. This section provides details for furnishing and installing the Integrated Environmental Technologies (IET) coating system where shown on the drawings for protection of concrete structures against hydrogen sulfide corrosion. Perform installation by workers experienced in the application of the coating to be used.
- C. This section provides details for furnishing and installing the Koppers Bitumastic 300-M coating system where shown on the drawings for protection of concrete structures against hydrogen sulfide corrosion. Perform installation by workers experienced in the application of the coating to be used.

PART 2 PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 SEWPERCOAT LINING SYSTEM

- A. The SewperCoat (calcium aluminate) lining system shall be as manufactured by Lafarge Calcium Aluminates, Chesapeake, VA.
- B. Pure-fused Calcium Aluminate Cement Lining: The cement lining material shall be a pure fused calcium aluminate mortar with pure fused calcium aluminate aggregate equal to SewperCoat as manufactured by Lafarge Calcium Aluminates, Inc. The material shall be spray applied in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
 - 1. The material shall be packaged from the manufacturer so as not to require field mixing of mortar and aggregate to obtain recommended composition.
 - 2. The material shall form a mechanical and chemical bond to the wetwell surface with zero shrinkage. The material shall have a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 9000 psi.
 - 3. The material shall be suitable for use in a severe hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) environment.

4. Provide documentation that the material has a minimum 5-year history in the reconstruction of sanitary sewer structures.

2.2 IET COATING SYSTEM

- A. The IET Coating System shall be as manufactured by Integrated Environmental Technologies, Santa Barbara, CA. The City knows of no equal product to IET.
- B. Polymorphic Resin shall be a 100% solids, two-component, highly modified polyester resin system, exhibiting no adhesion-interfering shrinkage upon curing. Resin shall cure rapidly within fifteen minutes to one hour without the use of heat or cooling at surface temperatures ranging from –30 degrees Fahrenheit to over +150 degrees. Excellent resistance to a broad range of corrosive chemicals, including sulfuric acid created by hydrogen sulfide gas as well as other chemicals typically found in sanitary sewers, and impact and abrasion attack shall be provided.

2.3 KOPPERS BITUMASTIC NO. 300-M

A. For manhole lining using Koppers bitumastic, see Section 02607 "Manholes." For wet well (exterior) and valve vault coating using Koppers Bitumastic No. 300-M, see Part 3 "Execution" below.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 SEWPERCOAT LINING

- A. Plug or bypass all pipes in service before any work is started on the structure. No debris is to be flushed down the line.
- B. Anyone entering the structure must conform to all OSHA requirements for "Confined Space Entry" equipment and permitting.
- C. Prepare surface in accordance with the requirements of SewperCoat Data Sheets on Concrete Preparation. Interior surfaces of wetwell shall be sound, porous, dry, and free of dust, dirt, oil, grease and other contaminants prior to application of lining.
- D. Interior surface of structure must be abrasive-blasted to remove all loose patching, old coatings and any contamination in the concrete. Do not use silica sand.
 - 1. Abrasive-blast "new" structures to remove all oils and patch mud, and to open pinholes and expose aggregate.
 - 2. Abrasive-blast "rehab" structures to remove all loose patching, old coatings, and any contamination that penetrated the concrete. The finished interior of the structure shall be gray. Coat the exposed invert/floor also. Where there is severe deterioration of the mortar, place new concrete to match the original interior dimensions after abrasive blasting and removal of all loose

material and by-products of corrosion. Restore invert/floor to the original elevation.

- 3. Vacuum to remove all abrasives and debris.
- 4. Condition of the wetwell may require the use of a 10% solution of hydrochloric (muriatic) acid over all surfaces or the use of a detergent. If an acid or detergent solution is used, the surface shall be thoroughly rinsed and neutralized prior to the installation of the liner system.
- E. Repair all leaks by injecting grout using Avanti Multi-grout AV-202 or equivalent. Hydraulic cement shall not be used to stop any water leaks.
- F. Spray Application: Mix and apply the pure fused calcium aluminate cement liner system in strict accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions using only manufacturers approved equipment. This includes the preparation, installation, curing and finish operation required for the completion of the process.
 - Wet gun: Spray the material directly to the damp wetwell surface in a twocoat application. Trowel the material smooth after each coat, completely covering the interior surface of the wetwell from the frame to the invert with a minimum thickness of 1 inch. Apply a "brushed" finish to the second coat after troweling.
 - 2. Dry Gun: Spray the material directly to the damp wetwell surface in a one-coat application. Trowel the material smooth after the application, completely covering the interior surface of the wetwell from the frame to the invert with a minimum thickness of 1 inch. Apply a "brushed" finish after troweling.
- G. Curing: The material shall cure in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and instructions.
- H. Inspect lining system for holidays, cracks and pinholes. Take particular care to check lining over brick, block, heavy spalled surfaces, and other very rough surfaces and locate holes in the lining caused by voids in bricks, block, concrete and structure joints. Fill voids and holidays in accordance with the lining system manufacturer's instructions.
- I. Provide a five (5) year unlimited warranty on all workmanship and products. The work includes the surface preparation and application of the SewperCoat lining system, and shall protect the structure for at least five (5) years from all leaks, and from failure due to corrosion from exposure to corrosive gases such as hydrogen sulfide.

3.2 IET COATING

A. Plug or bypass all pipes in service before any work is started on the structure. No debris is to be flushed down the line.

- B. Anyone entering the structure must conform to all OSHA requirements for "Confined Space Entry" equipment and permitting.
- C. Prepare surface in accordance with the requirements of IET Systems Data Sheets on Concrete Preparation. Interior surfaces of manhole shall be sound, porous, dry, and free of dust, dirt, oil, grease and other contaminants prior to application of lining.
- D. Dry abrasive-blast Interior surface of structure to remove all loose patching, old coatings and any contamination in the concrete. Do not use silica sand.
 - 1. Dry abrasive-blast "new" structures to remove all oils and patch mud, and to open pin holes and expose aggregate.
 - 2. Dry abrasive-blast "rehab" structures to remove all loose patching, old coatings, and any contamination that penetrated the concrete. The finished interior of the structure shall be gray. Coat the exposed invert/floor also. Where there is severe deterioration of the mortar, place new concrete to match the original interior dimensions after abrasive blasting and removal of all loose material and by-products of corrosion. Restore invert/floor to the original elevation.
 - 3. Vacuum to remove all abrasives and debris.
- E. Repair all leaks by injecting grout using Avanti Multi-grout AV-202 or equivalent. Hydraulic cement shall not be used to stop any water leaks.
- F. Clean and remove dust material with pressure washing for maximum adhesion. Blow dry concrete at 250 cfm with 120 psi.
- G. Apply IET Systems Coating by the use of the IET Systems Spray Unit and IET Systems Spincaster. Apply IET coating at least three different intervals prime coat, intermediate coat and finish coat, per IET Systems manufacturer instructions and specifications. The total thickness of the IET coating shall be at least 125 mils.
- H. Inspect lining system for holidays, cracks and pinholes. Take particular care to check lining over brick, block, heavy spalled surfaces, and other very rough surfaces and locate holes in the lining caused by voids in bricks, block, concrete and structure joints. Fill voids and holidays in accordance with the lining system manufacturer's instructions.
- I. Provide a five (5) year unlimited warranty on all workmanship and products. The work includes the surface preparation and application of the IET coating system, and shall protect the structure for at least five (5) years from all leaks, and from failure due to corrosion from exposure to corrosive gases such as hydrogen sulfide.

3.3 KOPPERS BITUMASTIC NO. 300-M

- A. Wet well For brick exterior below ground surfaces exposed during renovation, clean off dirt and debris with high pressure water cleaning. Patch leaking joints with hydraulic cement and coat exterior surfaces with a waterproofing cement coating. For exterior precast concrete below ground surfaces exposed during renovation, clean off dirt and debris with high pressure water cleaning. Patch leaking joints with hydraulic cement and coat exterior surfaces with three coats of Koppers Bitumastic No. 300-M bituminous seal coating. Each coat shall have a minimum dry film thickness of 10 mils per coat, for a total finish coating thickness of 30 mils dry film thickness. Exterior coating shall be Koppers Bitumastic No. 300-M (bituminous seal coating) or an equal approved by the Engineer of Record. New precast concrete wet well sections installed as part of the renovation contract shall be coated at the precast manufacturer's yard prior to shipment as described above.
- B. Valve Vault Concrete surfaces shall be clean and dry prior to coating. Surfaces shall be free of dirt, loose cement, form oil, curing compounds and any other foreign material. Coatings shall be applied in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Exterior below ground surfaces shall be coated with 3 coats of a bituminous seal coating with a minimum dry film thickness of 10 mils per coat, for a total finish coating thickness of 30 mils dry film thickness of Koppers Bitumastic No. 300-M.

Interior concrete surfaces of valve vault shall be coated with three coats of a coal tar epoxy coating with a minimum dry film thickness of 10 mils per coat, for a total finish coating thickness of 30 mils dry film thickness. Subsequent coats to the first coat shall be applied within 48 hours of the previous coat. The color of the coats shall be red for the first coat, black for the second coat, and red for the third coat.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02622

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE AND FITTINGS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Requirements for providing buried PVC pipe, fittings and appurtenances.
 - 1. Provide PVC pipe and fittings complete with all necessary jointing facilities and materials, specials, adapters and other appurtenances required for installation in and completion of the pipelines to be constructed.
 - 2. Provide plain end or rubber gaskets (push-on or mechanical joint) of the types, sizes and classes shown or specified.
- B. Related Work Specified In Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 02630 Buried Ductile-Iron Pipe and Fittings
 - 2. Section 02650 Laying and Jointing Buried Pipelines
 - 3. Section 02675 Disinfection
 - 4. Section 02676 Leakage Tests

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ASTM D3034 Type PSM Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings
 - 2. ASTM F679 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Large Diameter Plastic Gravity Sewer Pipe and Fittings
 - 3. AWWA C900 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe, 4 In. through 12 In., for Water Distribution
 - 4. AWWA C905 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Water Transmission Pipe, Nominal Diameters 14 In. through 36 In.
 - 5. AWWA C907 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Fittings for Water 4 In. through 8 In.

- 6. ASTM D2321 Underground Installation of Flexible Thermoplastic Sewer Pipe
- 7. ASTM F477 Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) For Joining Plastic Pipe
- 8. ANSI A21.10 Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron Fittings 3 inches through 48 inches, for Water and Other Liquids
- 9. ANSI A21.11 Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron and Gray Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings
- 10. Uni-Bell B-11

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Gravity Sewer Pipe PVC pipe shall be of the integral wall bell and spigot joint type, which meets or exceeds all requirements set forth in ASTM D3034, latest revision. Minimum wall thickness shall conform to ASTM SDR 26. PVC pipes used for gravity sewers shall be green in color. Fittings shall be made of PVC plastic as defined by ASTM SDR 26 1784, latest revision. Flexible gasketed joints shall be compression type conforming to ASTM D3201, latest revision. Joints shall have elastomeric joint gaskets and shall conform to ASTM F477, latest revision. Lubricant and gaskets are to be supplied with the pipe by the manufacturer of the pipe. Other types of lubricants are prohibited. At all conflict crossings using 4"-12" substitute C900 PVC, Class 200, DR 14 and for PVC pipe 14" and larger use C905 PVC, Class 235, DR 18.
- Force Main Pipe PVC pipe meeting the latest revision of AWWA C900 or AWWA B. C905 shall be provided. For installation of 4" – 12" pipe, the pressure class shall be 150 with a DR of 18. For installation of 14" - 24" pipe, use pressure class 165, DR 25, meeting or exceeding the requirements of Uni-Bell B-11. PVC pipes used for force mains shall be green in color. Outside diameters shall be equivalent to ductile iron pipe of the same nominal size. Pipes shall be marked with the manufacturer's name, nominal size, type of plastic, and pressure rating. Joints between successive lengths of straight PVC pipe shall be compression type using a single elastomeric gasket, per ASTM C-3139 and F477. Lubricant and gaskets are to be supplied with the pipe by the manufacturer of the pipe. Other types of lubricants are prohibited. Fittings shall be ductile iron (see Section 02630, 2.4.B). Restraint shall be provided for horizontal or vertical alignment changes using uniflange type collars, epoxy coated, with high strength, low alloy hardware, and shall be EBAA "Megalug," "Uni-flange," Romac "Grip Ring," Sigma, Tyler, or Star restraint. (see also Section 2.1.L.) Fittings above 8 inch shall conform to the standards in Section 02505, until such time that C900 rated fittings in sizes larger than 8 inch are available. PVC pipe direct buried beneath roadways, parking lots or parking lot entrances shall meet AWWA Specification C900 or C905, latest revision. All 4" to 12" pipe in such locations shall be a minimum of Class 200, DR 14, and all 14" to 24" pipe shall be a minimum of Class 235, DR 18. Pressure Class 250 ductile iron pipe may be used instead of PVC in these locations if approved by the City Manager or designee.

- C. Potable, Raw and Non-Potable Irrigation Water Main Pipe - PVC shall conform to AWWA Specification C900 or C905, latest revision. All 4" to 12" pipe shall be a minimum of Class 150, DR 18 and all 14" to 24" pipe shall be a minimum of Class 165, DR 25 and shall meet or exceed Uni-Bell B-11. All potable water pipe shall bear the seal of the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF) for potable water pipe. All pipe shall be marked with the manufacturer's name, nominal size, type of plastic and pressure rating. All PVC pipe used for potable water lines shall be predominately blue in color. Underground PVC pipes used for potable water lines shall be solid-wall blue pipe, will have a co-extruded blue external skin, or will be white or black pipe with blue stripes incorporated into, or applied to, the pipe wall. PVC pipes used for raw water shall be olive green in color. PVC pipes used for non-potable irrigation, reclaimed or reuse water shall be purple in color. Pipe O.D. shall be equivalent to cast iron pipe of the same nominal size. See Section 2.1.L. for joint restraint information. PVC pipe direct buried beneath roadways, parking lots or parking lot entrances shall meet AWWA Specification C900 or C905, latest revision. All 4" to 12" pipe in such locations shall be a minimum of Class 200. DR 14, and all 14" to 24" pipe shall be a minimum of Class 235, DR 18. Pressure Class 250 ductile iron pipe may be used instead of PVC in these locations if approved by the City Manager or designee. Fittings shall be ductile iron (see Section 02630, 2.4.A). For PVC service mains within a development that is 4" or greater, use above specifications. For PVC water service lines less than 4", use Class 200 ASTM D2241 3" PVC, or schedule 40 2" or smaller PVC. When going under roads, service lines 2" and smaller shall be encased in schedule 80 PVC a minimum of twice the nominal outside diameter of the carrirer pipe; for 3" and larger under roads, use Class 200 6" PVC casing. All fittings for use with PVC pipe 2 1/2" and smaller shall be manufactured of PVC in accordance with the same specifications as the PVC pipe of the same size; fittings shall have bell ends with elastomeric gaskets which conform to the same dimensions, tolerances, and specifications as the PVC pipe.
- D. Provide pipe of the various sizes and classes as specified in the schedule or shown. Restrain all pressure pipe joints.
- E. Construct concrete encasements only with written permission from the Water Director.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Submit the following shop drawings:
 - 1. Pipe joints, fittings, sleeves and cleanouts. Where special designs or fittings are required, show the work in large detail and completely describe and dimension all items.
 - Fully dimensioned drawings of piping layouts, including fittings, couplings, sleeves, cleanouts, valves, supports and anchors. Label pipe size, materials, type, and class on drawings and include the limits of each reach

- of restrained joints. Provide cross sections showing elevations of cleanouts, pipes, fittings, sleeves, and valves.
- 3. Catalog data for pipe, joints, fittings, sleeves, harnessing and cleanouts.
- C. Quality Control: Submit certificate of compliance for pipe, fittings, gaskets, coatings, specials, sleeves and cleanouts in accordance with this Section.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store and handle all pipe, fittings and appurtenances as specified in Division 1 and Section 02650.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. PVC Pipes and Fabricated Fittings: PVC pipe and fabricated fittings shall be made from virgin PVC resin that has been compounded to provide physical and chemical properties that equal or exceed cell class 12454-B as defined in ASTM D1784, and shall qualify for a hydrostatic design basis of 4,000 psi (27.58 MPa) at 73.4°F (23°C) per the requirements of PPI TR-3.
- B. Fittings for Pressure Pipe: Provide all fittings meeting the requirements of Section 02630, except for PVC pipe 2 ½" or smaller, in which case use specifications above.
- C. Joints and Fittings for Gravity Sewer Pipe: Provide all fittings meeting the requirements of ASTM D 3034 and ASTM F 679. Provide joints that are a molded integral part of the pipe section. Do not use joints or couplings furnished loose. Provide joints with elastomeric gasket joints.
- D. Joints for Pressure Pipe: Provide pipe with bell ends in accordance with AWWA C900 and AWWA C905. Provide joints with elastomeric gasket joints.
- E. Elastomeric Gasket Joints: Provide elastomeric gasket joints in accordance with ASTM F 477.
- F. Rubber Gasket Joints: Provide mechanical joints meeting the requirements of ANSI A21.11.
- G. Color: Provide pipe made of 100 percent of the color specified. Provide green sewer or force main pipe. Provide blue potable water pipe. Provide olive green raw water pipe. Provide purple non-potable irrigation, reclaimed or reuse water pipe.
- H. Pipe Marking: Provide mark on each pipe at internals of 5 feet or less to designate compliance with applicable ASTM or AWWA specification.

- I. Temporary Bulkheads: Provide temporary bulkheads at the ends of sections where adjoining pipelines have not been completed and are not ready to connect.
 - 1. Remove all temporary bulkheads when they are no longer needed.
- J. Date of Manufacturer: Provide pipe and fitting manufactured no earlier than 12 month period proceeding the date of the Agreement.
- K. Wall Thickness for Pressure Pipe:
 - 1. 4 through 12 inches diameter provide AWWA-C900 DR 14, Class 200 for pressure pipe installed under pavement.
 - 2. 14 through 24 inches diameter provide AWWA-C905 DR 25, PR 165 for pressure pipe installed under pavement.
- L. Restraining Devices: Restraining joints shall be placed at all bends, tees, plugs, reducers, and other fittings to provide lateral support, and shall conform to the City Standard Details. Concrete thrust blocks shall only be utilized if approved by City Utilities. Restrained joint shall be capable of deflection during assembly. Deflection shall not exceed the manufacturer recommendations. Tee head bolts and nuts for restrained joints shall be manufactured of Corten-A, high strength, low alloy, corrosion resistant steel.
 - 1. Joint restraint devices for ductile iron mechanical joint fittings to PVC pipe shall be EBAA Iron Sales, Series 2000PV, Uniflange, Sigma, Star, Tyler, Lok-Type or Tr-Flex manufactured by U.S. Pipe Co., Lok-Fast or Lok-Ring manufactured by American Cast Iron Pipe Co., or Romac Industries.
 - Bell joint restraint devices for PVC push joint pipe shall be EBAA Iron Sales, Series 1600 for C900 pipe and Series 2800 for C905 pipe or approved equal.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install all buried PVC pipe and fittings in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and approved shop drawings and as specified in Division 1 and Section 02650.

3.2 LEAKAGE TESTING

- A. Cleaning: Flush clean and test all pipes after installation.
- B. Testing: Test pipes for leaks and repair or tighten as required.
- C. Procedures: Conduct tests in accordance with Section 02676.

3.3 DISINFECTION

A. General: Disinfect all pipelines that are to carry potable water before they are placed in service as specified in Section 02675.

3.4 SCHEDULES

A. Refer to the Schedules contained in Section 02650 Laying and Jointing Buried Pipelines for information on the piping that is to be constructed using the pipe materials and methods specified herein.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02630

DUCTILE IRON PIPE (DIP) AND FITTINGS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required, and install ductile iron pipe, fittings and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

- A. Section 02650 Laying and Jointing Buried Pipe
- 1.3 REFERENCE SPECIFICATIONS, CODES, AND STANDARDS
 - A. Commercial Standards: (Latest Revision)
 - 1. ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4 Cement-Mortar Lining for Ductile-Iron Pipe and Fittings for Water.
 - 2. ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5 Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile-Iron Piping for Water and Other Liquids.
 - 3. ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 Ductile-Iron Fittings, 3 in. Through 48 Inches, for Water and Other Liquids. (C110 2-48 inches).
 - 4. ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 Rubber Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings.
 - 5. ANSI/AWWA C115/A21.15 Flanged Ductile-Iron Pipe with Threaded Flanges.
 - 6. ANSI/AWWA C150/A21.50 Thickness Design of Ductile-Iron Pipe.
 - 7. ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51 Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast for Water or Other Liquids.
 - 8. ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53 Ductile-Iron Compact Fittings, 3 inches through 16 inches, for Water and Other Liquids.
 - 9. AWWA C600 Installation of Ductile Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances.

1.4 CONTRACTOR SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings of pipe and fittings in accordance with the requirements in the General Conditions, the requirements of the referenced standards and the following supplemental requirements as applicable:
 - 1. Certified dimensional drawings of all valves, fittings, and appurtenances.
 - In all cases, a line layout to indicate the limits of each reach of restrained joints or of concrete encasement shall be supplied. (NOTE: Obtain CITY Utilities Department approval of all proposed concrete encasement of ductile iron pipe.)
- B. Certifications: Furnish a certified affidavit of compliance for all pipe and other products or materials furnished under this Section of the Specifications, which indicates that all tests have been made and that all results comply with the requirements of AWWA C151, including but not necessarily limited to the following:
 - 1. Acceptance Tests.
 - 2. Hydrostatic Tests.
 - 3. Low Temperature Impact Tests.
- C. Additional Documentation: Upon request, furnish foundry records in the form of written transcripts.
- D. All expenses incurred for certification, testing, and data submittal shall be borne by the CONTRACTOR or the Supplier.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Inspection: All pipe shall be available for inspection at the place of manufacture prior to shipping in accordance with the provisions of the referenced standards. Notify the ENGINEER in writing not less than 10 calendar days prior to the shipping of the pipe.
- B. The ENGINEER shall be given access to all areas where manufacturing and testing is performed and shall be permitted to make all inspections necessary to confirm manufacturer compliance with these Specifications.
- C. Tests: Except as modified herein, all materials used in the manufacture of the pipe shall be tested in accordance with the requirements of the referenced standards as applicable.
- D. Provide data on material tests at no additional cost to the CITY.

E. In addition to those tests specifically required, the ENGINEER may request additional samples of any material including lining and coating samples for testing by the CITY. Furnish the additional samples at no additional cost to the CITY.

1.6 CORROSION PROTECTION

A. If specifically approved by City Utilities for use, provide exterior protection for underground ductile iron pipe and fittings, steel pipe, and pre-stressed concrete cylinder pipe within areas of severe corrosive conditions (dump areas, swamps, marshes, alkaline soils, cinder bed, etc.). This shall be accomplished by the installation of polyethylene encasement (minimum eight (8) millimeters thick) through the area of concern in accordance with AWWA C105. The soil test evaluation to determine the necessity for extra protection in suspect areas shall be those set forth in ANSI Standard A21.5. Additionally, where other existing utilities are known to be cathodically protected, ductile iron pipe crossing said utility shall be protected for a distance of 20 feet to each side. If ductile iron pipe is to be installed parallel to and within 10 feet of cathodically protected pipe, then protection shall be provided for the entire length. Do not install steel pipe in severe corrosion areas.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

- A. Protective Lining for Water Mains: Cement mortar lined ductile iron pipe shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C151 and C104, subject to the following supplemental requirements. The pipe shall be of the diameter and class shown, shall be furnished complete with rubber gaskets as indicated in the Contract Documents, and all specials and fittings shall be provided as required under the Contract Documents.
- B. Protective Lining for Force Mains and Sewers: Where lining is shown, specified or required, for the protection of pipelines carrying sewage from corrosive gases, line the pipe using protective ceramic epoxy coating or polyethylene lining in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions. For ceramic epoxy lining, abrasive blast clean pipe and fittings to a near white surface to SSPC SP-10 and provide 40 mils minimum of dry film thickness of ceramic epoxy lining using Protecto 401 coating as manufactured by Vulcan Painters and certified by U.S. Pipe and Foundry. For polyethylene lining, provide Polybond Plus (60 mils minimum thickness) as manufactured by American Cast Iron Pipe, or Engineer of Record approved equal.
- C. Handling and Storage: Handle the pipe by using wide slings, padded cradles, or other devices designed and constructed to prevent damage to the pipe and its lining. The use of equipment or handling, which might injure the pipe and its lining, will not be permitted. Stockpiled pipe shall be suitably supported and shall be secured to prevent accidental rolling. Assure that all other pipe handling equipment and methods is acceptable to the ENGINEER.

- D. Laying lengths: Maximum pipe laying lengths shall be 20 feet.
- E. Finish: The pipe shall have smooth dense interior surfaces and shall be free from fractures, excessive interior surface crazing and roughness, in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C104.
- F. Closures and Correction Pieces: Provide closures and correction pieces as required so that closures may be made due to different headings in the pipe laying operation and so that correction may be made to adjust the pipe laying to conform to pipe stationing shown on the Drawings or line layouts where applicable.

2.2 PIPE DESIGN CRITERIA

- A. General: Ductile Iron pipe shall be designed in accordance with the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C150 as applicable and as modified in this Section.
- B. Pipe Wall Thickness for Internal Pressure: The pipe shall be designed with a net thickness to withstand the design internal pressure in accordance with the hoop stress formula. In addition to the requirements of the Section, the minimum wall thickness shall be in accordance with the minimum thickness wall depicted in table 50.5 of ANSI/AWWA C150.
- C. Potable, Raw and Non-Potable Irrigation Water Mains:
 - 1. Ductile Iron Pipe shall be a minimum pressure Class 250 and will be accepted in any diameter for use within the water distribution system.
 - 2. All aboveground potable water main pipe shall be painted Federal Safety Blue. All aboveground raw water main pipe shall be painted white. All aboveground non-potable irrigation, reclaimed or reuse water main pipe shall be painted Pantone Purple 522C. The pipe wall thickness shall not be less than that required by a working pressure of 250 psi in laying condition Type 4 "B" with 5-foot cover in conformance with ANSI Standard A21.50.

D. Force Mains and Gravity Sewers:

- 1. Ductile Iron Pipe shall be a minimum pressure Class150 and will be accepted in any diameter for use within the wastewater collection system.
- 2. Ductile iron pipe for Gravity Sewer applications is not permitted unless the ENGINEER can demonstrate that C900 PVC pipe, Class 150 or 200, cannot be utilized from a structural standpoint.
- 3. All aboveground force main pipe shall be painted Safety Green. The pipe wall thickness shall not be less than that required by a working pressure of 150 psi.

2.3 MATERIALS

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe: Pipe materials shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C151.
- B. Adapters to connect ductile iron pipe or fittings to pipe or fittings of dissimilar materials shall be supplied by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with ASTM specifications and the pipe manufacturer recommendations, and as approved by the ENGINEER.

C. Water Mains:

- 1. All water mains shall contain cement for mortar lining conforming to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C104. Cement for mortar lining shall be Type II or V. A fly ash or pozzolan shall not be used.
- 2. All Ductile Iron buried water main pipelines shall have blue stripes applied to the pipe wall. Stripe width shall comply with AWWA standards. The stripes shall be applied by one of the methods described below:
 - a. Pipes striped during manufacturing of the pipe shall have continuous stripes that run parallel to the axis of the pipe located at no greater than 90 degree intervals around the pipe and that will remain intact during and after installation of the pipe.
 - b. Pipes striped during installation shall incorporate blue tape or blue paint. The tape or paint shall be applied in a continuous line that runs parallel to the axis of the pipe and that is located along the top of the pipe.
- 3. All pipe with an internal diameter of 24" or greater, tape or paint shall be applied in continuous lines along each side of the pipe as well as along the top of the pipe.

D. Force Mains and Gravity Sewer:

 All Ductile iron pipe used within the wastewater system shall be lined with polyethylene in accordance with ASTM D1248. Pipe and fittings shall be lined as specified herein. Each piece of pipe shall bear a marking denoting the class to which it belongs. Pipes shall have green stripes applied to the pipe wall and shall conform to standards above.

2.4 SPECIALS AND FITTINGS

- A. Fittings for Potable, Raw, Non-Potable Irrigation, Reclaimed and Reuse Water Systems:
 - Fittings shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53 or ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 for diameters 3 inches through 48 inches, and shall have a minimum pressure rating of 350 psi for pipe sizes 6 inches

through 24 inches and 250 psi for sizes larger than 24 inches. Ductile iron fittings shall be double cement lined, seal coated inside and outside with an asphaltic material in accordance with AWWA C104 as specified.

B. Fittings for Wastewater System:

1. Fittings in direct contact with wastewater 8 inches in diameter and smaller, shall be interior coated with a 12 mil thickness of coal tar epoxy coating. Pipe and fittings, for force mains 10 inches in diameter and larger, shall be interior coated with either a 20 mil to 40 mil thickness polyethylene as specified above or a 12 mil thickness of coal tar epoxy coating in conformance with ASTM 1248. Pipe and fittings shall have an outside asphaltic coating as specified in AWWA Standard C151. Each piece of pipe shall bear a marking denoting the class to which it belongs.

2.5 DESIGN OF PIPE

- A. General: The pipe furnished shall be ductile iron pipe, lined as specified, with rubber gasketed joints.
- B. The pipe shall be designed, manufactured, tested, inspected, and marked according to applicable requirements previously stated and except as hereinafter modified, shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C150 and ANSI/AWWA C151.
- C. Pipe Dimensions: The pipe shall be of the diameter and class shown. The minimum wall thickness for each pipe size shall be as specified herein or shown on the Drawings.
- D. Fitting Dimensions: The fittings shall be of the diameter shown and class specified.
- E. Joint Design: Ductile Iron pipe and fittings shall be furnished with mechanical joints, push-on joints and flanged joints as follows:
 - 1. For buried pipe applications, unless otherwise indicated, mechanical and push-on joints shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11, with the minimum pressure rating of 350 psi, and shall be as manufactured by U.S. Pipe Co. (Tyton Joint), Clow Corp. (Super Bell-Tite Joint), or American Cast Iron Pipe Co. (Fastite Joint), Alltite, Star, or Engineer of Record approved equal. Restrained joint shall be capable of deflection during assembly. Deflection shall not exceed the manufacturer recommendations. Tee head bolts and nuts for restrained joints shall be manufactured of Corten-A, high strength, low alloy, corrosion resistant steel.
 - 2. For above-ground or buried vault applications, unless otherwise indicated, flanged joints shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C115/A21.15, with the minimum pressure rating of 250 psi. All above-ground fittings shall be painted blue.
 - 3. Use manufactured, labeled gasket lubricant for push on joints with trade name and pipe manufacturer name, other lubricants are prohibited.
 - 4. Nuts and bolts for flanged joints shall be 304 stainless, as specified by the CITY, and conform to ANSI/AWWA C111.

- F. Restraining Devices: Restraining joints shall be placed at all bends, tees, plugs, caps, reducers, and other fittings to provide lateral support and to prevent pipe joints and fittings from pulling apart under pressure, and shall conform to the City Standard Details (see Typical Conflict Crossings Detail Drawing). Concrete thrust blocks shall only be utilized if approved by City Utilities or as shown on the Detail Drawings, and shall have a minimum compressive strength of 3,000 psi at 28 days. Do not disturb soil in the thrust block area prior to pouring concrete. Both concrete thrust blocks and restrained joints or tie rods must be used when, in the judgment of the Engineer of Record, the nature and criticality of the installation is such as to require positive assurance of stability. Fittings and pipes shall be wrapped with 8 mil thick polyethylene prior to pouring concrete, sot that no concrete comes in direct contact with the surface of the fitting or pipe. Concrete shall cure a minimum of 7 days prior to placing the line under pressure. Contractor shall not backfill around thrust blocks until approval is obtained from the City Field Inspector. See Section 02650 page 10 for more information on thrust blocks.
 - Joint restraint devices for ductile iron mechanical joint pipe and ductile iron mechanical joint fittings to ductile iron pipe shall be EBAA Iron Sales, Series 1100 Megalug (R), Uniflange, Romac Industries, Sigma, Lok-Type or Tr-Flex manufactured by U.S. Pipe Co., Lok-Fast or Lok-Ring manufactured by American Cast Iron Pipe Co., or Star Restraint.
 - 2. Bell joint restraint devices for ductile iron push joint pipe shall be EBAA Iron Inc., Series 1700 Megalug (R) for bell restraint.
 - Restrained push-on joints for push joint pipe shall be U.S. Pipe and Foundry, TR Flex, McWane Inc., Super-Lock, American Cast Iron Pipe Company, Lok-Ring or Flex-Ring.
- G. For bell-and-spigot ends with rubber gaskets, the clearance between the bells and spigots shall be such that when combined with the gasket groove configuration and the gasket itself will provide watertight joints under all operating conditions when properly installed. Require the pipe manufacturer to submit details complete with significant dimensions and tolerances and also to submit performance data indicating that the proposed joint has performed satisfactorily under similar conditions. In the absence of a history of field performance, the results of a test program shall be submitted.
- H. Gaskets shall be a Buna N, Neoprene, or a Nitryl-based rubber product approved by the City Manager or designee. Gaskets shall have clean tips unless otherwise specified. Elastomeric gaskets conforming to ASTM F-477 shall also be acceptable.
- I. Shop-applied interior linings and exterior coatings shall be applied evenly to the nominal thickness specified. Holiday free cement is not possible to manufacture. Exterior coatings: asphalt coating for buried pipe or primed pipe cannot be furnished holiday free.

2.6 CEMENT-MORTAR LINING

- A. Cement-Mortar Lining For Shop Application: Except as otherwise provided herein, interior surfaces of all ductile iron pipe shall be cleaned and lined in the shop with cement-mortar lining applied centrifugally in conformity with ANSI/AWWA C104. Ductile-Iron pipe fittings need not have the cement-mortar lining applied centrifugally. The lining machines shall be of a type that has been used successfully for similar work. Every precaution shall be taken to prevent damage to the lining. If lining is damaged or found faulty at delivery site, the damaged or unsatisfactory portions shall be repaired in the filed in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C104.
- B. The nominal wet lining thickness shall be as follows:

Nominal Factory Nominal Replacement		
Nominal Pipe	Applied Lining Lining	
Diameter (in.)	Thickness (in.)	Thickness (in.)
3-12	1/8	1/8
14-24	3/16	3/16
30-64	1/4	1/4

C. Protection of Pipe Lining/Interior: All shop-applied cement mortar lining shall be given a seal coat of asphaltic material in conformance with ANSI/AWWA C104.

2.7 EXTERIOR COATING OF PIPE

A. Exterior Coating of Buried Piping: The exterior coating shall be an asphaltic coating approximately 1 mil thick, conforming to ANSI/AWWA C151.

2.8 CORROSION PROTECTION

A. If specifically approved by City Utilities for use, exterior protection shall be provided for underground ductile iron pipe and fittings within areas of severe corrosive conditions. This shall be accomplished by the installation of polyethylene encasement through the area of concern. The soil test evaluation to determine the necessity for extra protection in suspect areas shall be those set forth in ANSI Standard A21.5. Additionally, where other existing utilities are known to be cathodically protected, ductile iron pipe crossing said utility shall be protected for a distance of 20 feet to each side. If ductile iron pipe is to be installed parallel to and within 10 feet of cathodically protected pipe, then protection shall be provided for the entire length. Steel pipe shall not be installed in severe corrosion areas.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF PIPE

- A. Handling and Storage: Carefully handle and protect all pipe, fittings, etc., against damage, impact shocks, and free fall and in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C600. Do not place pipe directly on rough rocky ground, but in such instances support the pipe in a manner that will protect the pipe against injury whenever stored at such trench site or elsewhere. Do not install any pipe where the lining or coating show defects that may be harmful as determined by the ENGINEER. Repair such damaged lining or coating, or furnish and install a new undamaged pipe.
- B. Repair or replace all pipe damaged prior to Substantial Completion or during warrantee period.
- C. Inspect each pipe and fitting prior to installation to insure that no damaged portions of pipe are installed.
- D. Before placement of pipe in the trench, thoroughly clean each pipe or fitting of any foreign substance that may have collected therein, and keep the pipe clean at all times thereafter. For this purpose, close the openings of all pipes and fittings in the trench during any interruption to the work.
- E. Pipe Laying: Install the pipe in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C600.
- F. Lay pipe directly on the bedding material. Refer to the Collier County Utilities Standards and Procedures Ordinance Section 9.1.2 for laying and backfilling requirements. No blocking will be permitted, and the bedding shall be such that it forms a continuous, solid bearing for the full length of the pipe. Make excavations as needed to facilitate removal of handling devices after the pipe is laid. Form bell holes at the ends of the pipe to prevent point loading at the bells or couplings. Make excavations as needed outside the normal trench section at field joints to permit adequate access to the joints for field connection operations and for application of coating on field joints.
- G. Where necessary to raise or lower the pipe due to unforeseen obstructions or other causes, the ENGINEER may change the alignment and/or the grades. Such change may be made by the deflection of joints, by the use of bevel adapters, or by the use of additional fittings. However, in no case shall the deflection in the joint exceed 70 percent of the maximum deflection recommended by the pipe manufacturer. No joint shall be misaligned any amount which will be detrimental to the strength and water tightness of the finished joint.
- H. Pipe and Specials Protection: Protect the openings of all pipe and specials with suitable bulkheads to prevent unauthorized access by persons, animals, water, or any undesirable substance. At all times, provide means to prevent the pipe from floating.
- I. Pipe Cleanup: As pipe laying progresses, keep the pipe interior free of all debris. Completely clean the interior of the pipe of all sand, dirt, mortar splatter and any

other debris following completion of pipe laying, pointing of joints, and any necessary interior repairs per ANSI/AWWA C600 and C602 prior to testing and disinfecting the completed pipeline. For pipe larger than 12" diameter, utilize a polyurethane foam plug "Poly Pig" to remove all debris from main.

3.2 RUBBER GASKETED JOINTS

A. Rubber Gasketed Joints: Immediately before jointing pipe, thoroughly clean the bell end of the pipe, and place a clean rubber gasket in the bell groove. Carefully clean the bell and spigot end of push-on joint pipe, and lubricate with a vegetable-based lubricant or per manufacturer's recommendation. Insert the spigot end of the pipe section into the bell of the previously laid joint and telescope into the proper position. Do not tilt the pipe to insert the spigot into the bell.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF PIPE APPURTENANCES

- A. Installation of Valves: Handle all valves in a manner to prevent any injury or damage to any part of the valve. Thoroughly clean and prepare all joints prior to installation. Adjust all stem packing and operate each valve prior to installation to insure proper operation.
- B. Install all valves so that the valve stems are plumb and in the location shown on the Drawings.
- C. Mechanical joints consisting of bell, socket, gland, gasket, bolts, and nuts shall conform to ANSI Standard A21.11. Bolts and nuts shall be high strength, low alloy, Cor-Ten, T-Head Type having hexagonal nuts. Bolts and nuts shall be machined through and nuts shall be tapped at right angles to a smooth bearing surface. Single sealed gasket push-on type joints shall conform to the requirements of ANSI A21.11 and shall be Tyton, Fastite, Superbelltite, Alltite, or Engineer of Record approved equal.
- D. Mechanical joint retainer glands may be used to restrain mechanical joint pipe and fittings to the plain end of ductile iron pipe and fittings when used in conjunction with thrust blocks of reduced size. The Utilities ENGINEER must approve thrust block size. Maintain joint flexibility.

3.4 TESTING AND DISINFECTION

A. Test completed water or force main pipeline in accordance with Section 02676. Disinfect completed water pipeline in accordance with Section 02675.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02675

DISINFECTION

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Disinfection of all pipelines, tanks, structures, conduits and equipment that are to store, handle or carry potable water. Furnish all labor, water, chemicals and equipment, including taps, corporation stops, temporary pumps and other items necessary to perform the Work, except as otherwise specified.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are (most recent codes and standards shall be utilized):
 - 1. AWWA A100 Water Wells
 - 2. AWWA C651 Disinfecting Water Mains
 - 3. AWWA C652 Disinfection of Water-Storage Facilities
 - 4. AWWA C654 Disinfection of Water Wells

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Disinfection Standards: Disinfect in accordance with AWWA C651 for water mains, AWWA C652 for water storage facilities and equipment, and AWWA C654 disinfection of water wells.
- B. Chlorinated Water Disposal: Dispose of old highly chlorinated water in accordance with applicable regulations and AWWA C655.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 FLUSHING

A. After coordination with the CITY Water Distribution Section, perform all flushes, pigging or swabbing, disinfection and post flushes in the presence of Water department personnel. Fill all water lines with potable water, pig or swab (optional

at the discretion of the City or Engineer of Record), and perform a line flushing (full bore flush). All lines larger than 12 inches in diameter shall be pigged to clear debris prior to flushing. Use a swab-type pig for HDPE pipe. Use a 5- to 7-lb. density poly-jacketed bullet style pig for all other pipe material. Under no circumstances is a pig or swab considered reusable. A section of pipe shall be inserted in the gap specified in the jumper shown in the Standard Details to connect the new construction to the existing facilities for the purpose of accomplishing the full-bore flush. Immediately after completion of the flush, remove the connection. The facilities shall be capped and returned to the jumper connection shown in the Standard Details until final connection is permitted by City Manager or designee at the completion of construction and after finalization of all test procedures and bacterial clearance for new water facilities.

3.2 WATER MAIN DISINFECTION

- A. Following acceptable pressure testing, disinfect all sections of the water distribution system and receive approval thereof from the appropriate agencies, prior to placing in service. Provide advance notice of 48 hours to the City Manager or designee before disinfecting procedures start. The disinfection shall be accomplished in accordance with the applicable provisions of AWWA Standard C651, "Disinfecting Water Mains" and all appropriate approval agencies.
- B. The disinfecting agent shall be free chlorine in aqueous solution with sustained concentration for 48 hours of not less than 50 parts per million. After 48 hours, if chlorine solution contains at least 25 parts per million of chlorine, the line may then be flushed and samples taken at various points. Chlorine may be derived from Chlorine gas, or 70% (high test) calcium hypochlorite (HTH or Perchloron, or equal). Administration may be by any of the several methods described in AWWA Standard C651 as proposed by the CONTRACTOR and approved by the ENGINEER. Proposals as to method must be made prior to commencement of the disinfection process.
- C. Following contact with chlorine solution, the system shall be thoroughly flushed out. Schedule water sampling in coordination with the CITY Utilities Department. The CITY Utilities Department will obtain all water samples for analysis.
- D. If samples do not demonstrate satisfactory results, the line shall be flushed and a resample taken. If the samples fail on the second attempt, redisinfection per AWWA standards must be repeated until two satisfactory samples are obtained. The period between samples must be a minimum of 24 hours.
- E. After approval of the samples, and before placing the system in service, perform another flushing of the water lines to remove any stagnant water.

3.3 DISINFECTION PROCEDURES FOR WELLS

A. Disinfect wells and equipment in accordance with AWWA C654.

3.4 DISINFECTION PROCEDURES FOR TANKS

- A. Disinfect potable water storage tanks and equipment in accordance with AWWA C652, Method 2 or 3, using sodium hypochlorite.
 - 1. In Method 2, spray method, spray the entire interior surface of the tank with chlorinated water containing 200 mg/l of available chlorine. After spraying, allow the tank to stand at least two hours before filling with fresh water.
- B. After disinfection, allow the tanks and equipment to overflow until the chlorine residual is approximately 2 mg/l.

3.5 BACTERIAL SAMPLE POINTS

- A. For the purpose of new water main construction, bacterial sampling points shall be positioned at the beginning of each new system, at 1000-foot intervals and all dead ends unless otherwise directed. These sampling points will be utilized by Utilities personnel for water main bacterial clearance procedures. See Section 1 Design Criteria, Section 1.10 for more information. At the completion of the project, when authorization is given by the City Manager or designee, permanent sampling points shall remain every 3000 feet or one at 2/3 of the length from the point of connection to the CITY system if the line is less than 3000 feet long. All others shall be removed down to the main and properly capped by the CONTRACTOR. The permanent sampling points shall be constructed as shown in the Utility Detail Drawings. City staff will review the permanent sampling point locations during final plans review.
- B. Appropriately located fire hydrants will be utilized for sampling points. Under this circumstance, the Contractor will be solely responsible for maintaining the hydrants in a satisfactory environment for conducting the bacterial testing.

END OF SECTION

EXHIBIT A-1

NO TEXT FOR THIS PAGE

SECTION 02676

PRESSURE AND LEAKAGE TESTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Testing for any signs of leakage in all pipelines and structures required to be watertight.
 - 1. Test gravity sewers and drain lines by infiltration/exfiltration testing.
 - 2. Test all other pipelines with water under the specified pressures.
- B. Operation of Existing Facilities: Conduct all tests in a manner to minimize as much as possible any interference with the day-to-day operations of existing facilities or other contractors working on the site.

1.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Written Notification of Testing: Provide written notice when the work is ready for testing, and make the tests as soon thereafter as possible.
 - 1. Personnel for reading meters, gauges, or other measuring devices, will be furnished.
 - 2. Furnish all other labor, equipment, air, water and materials, including meters, gauges, smoke producers, blower, pumps, compressors, fuel, water, bulkheads and accessory equipment.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. AWWA C600 Installation of Ductile-Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances
 - 2. AWWA C605 Underground Installation of PVC Pressure Pipe and Fittings for Water

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
- B. Testing Report: Prior to placing the sewer system in service submit for review and approval a detailed report summarizing the leakage test data, describing the test procedure and showing the calculations on which the leakage test data is based.

Reference Sewer Line Data

- a. For Low Pressure Testing
 - (1) The length and diameter of the section of line tested (MH to MH), including any laterals.
 - (2) A complete description of the test procedure, including:
 - (a) Trench backfilling and sewer cleaning status
 - (b) Type of plugs used and where
 - (c) Depth of sewer, and ground water pressure over sewer pipe
 - (d) Stabilization time period and air pressure
 - (e) Actual air test pressures used if ground water is present
 - (f) The time allowed by specifications
 - (g) The actual test time
 - (h) The air pressure at beginning and end of test
 - (3) The name of the inspector/tester and the date(s) and time(s) of all testing performed, including any retesting.
 - (4) A description of any repairs made.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 LEAKAGE TESTING

- A. All new sewer and water pipelines installed shall be tested for leakage. The test used will be Hydrostatic Testing for pressure lines and Infiltration/Exfiltration Testing for gravity lines. Tests to be performed will be indicated by the ENGINEER and witnessed by the ENGINEER and the City Manager or designee.
 - 1. Flushing

- a. Flush all mains to remove all sand and other foreign matter. The velocity of the flushing water shall be at least 4 fps. Flushing shall be terminated at the direction of the ENGINEER. Dispose of the flushing water without causing nuisance or property damage.
- Install temporary flush out connections on all dead end water mains at the locations shown on plans and in accordance with the Collier City Standard Details.
- 2. Hydrostatic Testing for DIP and PVC Pipelines:

Perform hydrostatic testing of the system as set forth in the following, and conduct said tests in the presence of the City Manager or designee and other authorized agencies, with 48 hours advance notice provided.

Piping and appurtenances to be tested shall be within sections between valves unless alternate methods have received prior approval from the City Manager or designee. Testing shall not proceed until concrete thrust blocks are in place and cured, or other restraining devices installed. Thoroughly clean and flush all piping prior to testing to clear the lines of all foreign matter. While the piping is being filled with water care shall be exercised to permit the escape of air from extremities of the test section, with additional release cocks provided if required.

Perform hydrostatic testing with a sustained minimum pressure of 150 psi for a period of not less than two (2) hours. If sustained pressure goes 5 psi above or below 150 psi during the first two (2) hours, the test fails (AWWA regulation). After two (2) hours, use the AWWA formula if less than 5 psi to determine whether test fails. Testing shall be in accordance with the applicable provisions as set forth in the most recent edition of AWWA Standards C600 for Ductile Iron Pipe and C605 for PVC Pipe. The allowable rate of leakage shall be less than the number of gallons per hour determined by the following formula:

$$L = \frac{SD (P)^{1/2}}{133.200}$$

Where,

L = Allowable leakage in gallons per hour;

S = Length of pipe tested in feet;

D = Nominal diameter of pipe in inches;

P = Average test pressure maintained during the leakage test in pounds per square inch

For 150 psi, L =
$$(9.195 \times 10^{-5})$$
 SD

The testing procedure shall include the continued application of the specified pressure to the test system, for the one-hour period, by way of a

pump taking supply from a container suitable for measuring water loss. The amount of loss shall be determined by measuring the volume displaced for the said container.

Should the test fail, repair the fault and repeat the test until results are within the established limits. Furnish the necessary labor, water, pumps, and gauges at specified location(s) and all other items required to conduct the required testing and perform necessary repairs. All visible leaks and cracked pipe, fittings, valves, pipe couplings, and the like shall be repaired or replaced regardless of the amount of leakage.

General - All sanitary sewers and associated service lines shall be constructed watertight to prevent infiltration and/or exfiltration. Since all the water and sewage in the lines will be treated at the treatment plant, special care and attention must be given to securing watertight construction. Gravity sewer visual inspections – on completion of each block or section of sewer, or at such other times as the Engineer of Record may direct, the block or section of sewer is to be cleaned, tested, and inspected. Each section of the sewer is to show, on examination from either end, a full circle of light between manholes. Each manhole, or other appurtenance to the system, shall be of the specified size and form, be watertight, neatly and substantially constructed, with the rim set permanently to design position and grade. All repairs shown necessary by the inspection are to be made. with broken or cracked pipe replaced, all deposits removed, and the sewers left true to line and grade, entirely clean and ready for use. See Section 01400 1.5.A.4. for further information on gravity sewer line and manhole testing.

3. Hydrostatic Testing for HDPE Pipelines:

Perform hydrostatic testing of all HDPE pipelines as set forth in the following, and conduct said tests in the presence of the City Manager or designee and other authorized agencies, with 48 hours advance notice provided.

Provide all labor, equipment and material required for testing the pipeline upon completion of installation, pipe laying and backfilling operations, and placement of any required temporary roadway surfacing.

Disinfect all HDPE potable water mains prior to testing in accordance with the requirements of Section 02675 – Disinfection.

Test pipelines at 150 psi.

Field test all HDPE pipelines for leakage in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations for the size and class of pipeline installed. Unless other procedures recommended by the manufacturer are approved by the City Manager or designee, pressure test the pipeline as follows:

- a. Fill pipeline slowly with water. Maintain flow velocity less than two (2) feet per second.
- b. Expel air completely from the line during filling and again before applying test pressure. Expel air by means of taps at points of highest elevation. Following completion of the testing, the taps shall be tightly plugged unless otherwise specified.
- c. Apply initial test pressure and allow to stand without makeup pressure for two (2) to three (3) hours, to allow for diametric expansion or pipe stretching to stabilize.
- d. After this equilibrium period, apply the specified test pressure and turn the pump off. The final test pressure shall be held for not less than two (2) hours.
- e. Upon completion of the test, the pressure shall be bled off from the location other than the point where the pressure is monitored. The pressure drop shall be witnessed by the City Manager or designee at the point where the pressure is being monitored.

Allowable amount of makeup water for expansion of the pipeline during the pressure test shall conform to Table III, Test Phase Make-up Amount, contained in the manual "Inspections, Test and Safety Considerations" published by the Plastics Pipe Institute, Inc.

If any test of pipeline installed exceeds the amount of makeup water as allowed above, locate and repair the cause of leakage and retest the pipeline, without additional cost to the CITY. Repair all visible leaks regardless of the amount of leakage.

4. Force Main Pressure Testing: All force mains shall be subject to pressure testing at the following standards:

System Operating Pressure 50 PSI or less	Test pressure 100 PSI	<u>Duration</u> 2 hours
Greater than 50 PSI	150 PSI or 2	2 hours
	times the	
	operating	
	pressure,	
	whichever is	
	greater.	

Allowable leakage on force mains shall be computed utilizing the standards for water loss in conformance with AWWA C600, the latest revision thereof. Following the hydrostatic and leakage tests, all wastewater force mains constructed under this contract shall be flushed to remove sand, loose dirt, and other debris. Flushing velocity shall be a minimum of 2.5 fps. Flushing shall continue until clean water flows from the force main; however, the

Contractor shall endeavor to use the minimum amount of flushing water required to complete the work. Absolutely no direct connections shall be permitted to a potable water system for the purpose of obtaining flushing water for wastewater force mains; the potable water supply shall be protected with an air gap or reduced pressure principle backflow prevention assembly approved by the Department. Temporary blowoffs may be required for the purpose of flushing the force main. The Department shall be notified at least 72 hours prior to fluching wastewater force mains. Blowoffs and drainage piping used for flushing shall not be discharged to any wastewater gravity sewer or pumping station wet well.

5. Infiltration/Exfiltration Testing for Gravity Lines

The allowable limits of infiltration or exfiltration for the entire system, or any portion thereof, shall not exceed a rate of 50 gallons per inch of inside pipe diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours. No additional allowance shall be made for house service lines. Any part of or all of the system shall be tested for infiltration or exfiltration, as directed by the ENGINEER or as required by the City Manager or designee. The procedures and limitations for conducting infiltration/exfiltration tests shall be established at the pre-construction conference on a project-by-project basis. Air testing of gravity sewer mains may be required. All testing shall be run continuously for 24 hours, unless the City Inspector can visually verify that this test duration is not required due to the observed infiltration/exfiltration rate. The amounts of infiltration or exfiltration shall be determined by pumping water into or out of calibrated drums, or by other methods approved by the Public Works Division, such as in-line V-notch weirs. Where infiltration or exfiltration exceeds the allowable limits specified herein, locate and repair the defective pipe, joints or other faulty construction at no additional cost to the CITY. If the defective portions cannot be located, remove and reconstruct as much of the work as is necessary in order to conform to the specified allowable limits. All visible leaks shall be repaired regardless of the amount of leakage. Provide all labor, equipment and materials required and conduct all testing required under the direction of the ENGINEER.

- a. Infiltration: Prior to testing for infiltration, the system shall be pumped out so that normal infiltration conditions exist at the time of testing. The cumulative results of the entire collection system results shall not be a satisfactory method for gauging infiltration compliance. Each sewer section between manholes must permit infiltration no greater than the maximum allowable, as specified above.
- b. Exfiltration: The exfiltration test, when required due to groundwater levels, will be conducted by filling the portion of the system being tested with water to a level 2 feet above the top of the pipe being tested or 2 feet above the existing groundwater in the trench, whichever is higher.. Plugs shall be used to close the upstream and downstream manhole inlets. The cumulative results of the entire collection system results shall not be a satisfactory method for gauging

exfiltration compliance. Each sewer section between manholes must permit exfiltration no greater than the maximum allowable, as specified above. Exfiltration shall be measured by determining the amount of water required to maintain the initial water elevation for the one (1) hour period from the start of the test. The maximum allowable leakage, including manholes, shall be 50 gallons per inch of inside pipe diameter per mile of pipe per day.

6. Low Pressure Air Testing

Contractor shall conduct air testing in accordance with ASTM specifications:

- a. ASTM C-828 for clay pipes.
- b. ASTM C-924 for concrete pipes.
- c. ASTM F-1417 for plastic pipes.

When low pressure air testing of gravity sewer mains is specifically required, or if in the opinion of the Engineer of Record, conditions are such that infiltration measurements may be inconclusive. all testing shall be run continuously for 24 hours, unless the City Inspector can visually verify that this test duration is not required due to the observed infiltration/exfiltration rate.

When air testing is specifically required, after completing backfill of a section of gravity sewer line, conduct a Line Acceptance Test using low pressure air. The test shall be performed using the below stated equipment, according to state procedures and under the supervision of the ENGINEER and in the presence of the City Manager or designee, with 48 hours advance notice.

d. Equipment:

- (1) Pneumatic plugs shall have a sealing length equal to or greater than the diameter of the pipe to be inspected.
- (2) Pneumatic plugs shall resist internal bracing or blocking.
- (3) All air used shall pass through a single control panel.
- (4) Three individual hoses shall be used for the following connections:
 - (a) From control panel to pneumatic plugs for inflation.
 - (b) From control panel to sealed line for introducing the low-pressure air.

(c) From sealed line to control panel for continually monitoring the air pressure rise in the sealed line.

e. Procedure:

All pneumatic plugs shall be seal tested before being used in the actual test installation. One length of pipe shall be laid on the ground and sealed at both ends with the pneumatic plugs to be checked. Air shall be introduced into the plugs to 25 psi. The sealed pipe shall be pressurized to 5 psi. The plugs shall hold against this pressure without bracing and without movement of the plugs out of the pipe.

After a manhole-to-manhole reach of pipe has been backfilled and cleaned and the pneumatic plugs are checked by the above procedure, the plugs shall be placed in the line at each manhole and inflated to 25 psi. Low-pressure air shall be introduced into this sealed line until the internal air pressure reaches 4 psi greater than the average back pressure of any ground water that may be over the pipe. At least two (2) minutes shall be allowed for the air pressure to stabilize. After the stabilization period (3.5 psi minimum pressure in the pipe), the air hose from the control panel to the air supply shall be disconnected. The portion of the line being tested shall be termed "Acceptable", if the time required in minutes for the pressure to decrease from 3.5 to 2.5 psi (greater than the average back pressure of any ground water that may be over the pipe) is greater than the time shown for the given diameters in the following table:

<u>Minutes</u>
4.0
5.0
5.5
7.5
8.5
11.5

Time in Minutes = 0.472 D D = Diameter of pipe in inches

In areas where ground water is known to exist, install capped pipe adjacent to the top of the sewer lines. This shall be done at the time of the sewer line is installed. Immediately prior to the performance of the Line Acceptance Test, the ground water shall be determined by removing the pipe cap, and a measurement of the height in feet of water over the invert of the pipe shall be taken. The height in feet shall be divided by 2.3 to establish the pounds of pressure that will be added to all readings. (For example, if the height of water is 11-1/2 feet, then the added pressure will be 5 psi. This increases the 3.5 psi to 8.5 psi, and the 2.5 psi to 7.5 psi. The allowable drop of one pound and the timing remain the same).

If the installation fails to meet this requirement, determine the source of the leakage and repair or replace all defective materials and/or workmanship, all at no additional cost to the CITY.

3.2 LEAKAGE TESTS FOR STRUCTURES

- A. Structure Leakage Testing: Perform leakage tests of manholes, wet wells, tanks, vaults and similar purpose structures before backfilling, by filling the structure with water to the overflow water level and observing the water surface level for the following 24 hours.
 - 1. Make an inspection for leakage of the exterior surface of the structure, especially in areas around construction joints.
 - If visible leaks appear, repair the structure by removing and replacing the leaking portions of the structure, waterproofing the inside, or by other methods approved.
 - 3. Water for testing will be provided by the CITY at the CONTRACTOR's expense.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02999

RESTORATION AND MISCELLANEOUS WORK AND CLEANUP

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. This Section includes operations that cannot be specified in detail as separate items but can be sufficiently described as to the kind and extent of work involved. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment and incidentals to complete the work under this Section.
- B. The work of this Section includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Restoring of sidewalks, driveways, curbing and gutters.
 - 2. Crossing utilities.
 - Relocation of existing water lines, low pressure, gas lines, telephone lines, electric lines, cable TV lines and storm drains as necessary, all as shown on the drawings.
 - 4. Restoring easements and rights-of-ways.
 - 5. Cleaning up.
 - 6. Incidental work.

1.2 WORK SPECIFIED UNDER OTHER SECTIONS

A. Complete all work in a workmanlike manner by competent workmen in full compliance with all applicable sections of these Specifications.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Materials required for this Section shall be of at least the same type and quality as materials that are to be restored. Where possible, reuse existing materials that are removed and then replaced, with the exception of paving.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 RESTORING OF CURBING, FENCES, AND GUARD RAILS

A. Protect existing curbing. If necessary, remove curbing from joint to joint and replace after backfilling. Replace curbing that is damaged during construction with curbing of equal quality and dimension.

3.2 CROSSING UTILITIES

A. This item shall include any extra work required in crossing culverts, water courses, drains, water mains, and other utilities, including all sheeting and bracing, extra excavation and backfill, or any other work required for the crossing, whether or not shown on the drawings.

3.3 RELOCATIONS OR REPLACEMENT OF EXISTING GAS LINES, TELEPHONE LINES, ELECTRIC LINES, CABLE TV LINES AND DRAINAGE CULVERT

- A. Notify the proper authority of the utility involved when relocation or replacement of these lines is required. Coordinate all work by the utility so that the progress of construction will not be hampered.
- B. Reference all side drains, side ditches, swales, and storm sewers as to grade and location prior to construction, maintain them during construction, and repair them as necessary after construction. Where drainage structures are disturbed and must be replaced, the minimum size replacement shall be twelve inches (12"). All drainage culverts installed shall have mitered ends in conformance with the City Standard Details. Place the culvert to the specified elevations and regrade or reshape the swale and road shoulders that have been disturbed or damaged during construction.

3.4 PROTECTION AND RESTORATION OF PROPERTY

Α. Protection and Restoration of Property: During the course of construction, take special care and provide adequate protection in order to minimize damage to vegetation, surfaced areas, fences, and structures within the construction right-ofway, easement or site, and take full responsibility for the replacement or repair Immediately repair any damage to private property created by encroachment thereon. Should the removal or trimming of valuable trees, shrubs, or grass be required to facilitate the installation within the designated construction area, this work shall be done in cooperation with the City and/or local communities which the work takes place. Said valuable vegetation, removed or damaged, shall be replanted, if possible, or replaced by items of equal quality, and maintained until growth is re-established. Tree limbs which interfere with equipment operation and are approved for pruning shall be neatly trimmed and the tree cut coated with a tree paint. Topsoil damaged in the course of work shall be replaced in kind with suitable material, graded to match existing grade. Following construction completion, the work area along the route of the installation shall be finish grade to elevations compatible with the adjacent surface, with grassing or hand raking required within developed areas.

B. Existing lawn surfaces damaged by construction shall be re-graded and re-sodded or re-seeded. These areas shall be maintained until all work under this Contract has been completed and accepted.

3.5 CLEANING UP

- A. Remove all construction material, excess excavation, buildings, equipment and other debris remaining on the job as a result of construction operations and shall render the site of the work in a neat and orderly condition.
- B. Work site clean-up shall follow construction operations without delay and in accordance with Section 01710.

3.6 INCIDENTAL WORK

A. Do all incidental work not otherwise specified, but obviously necessary for the proper completion of the Contract as specified and as shown on the drawings.

END OF SECTION

EXHIBIT A-1

NO TEXT FOR THIS PAGE

SECTION 03100

CONCRETE FORMWORK

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Provide concrete formwork for architectural concrete and structural concrete as specified to form concrete to profiles shown.
 - 1. Provide concrete with smooth rubbed finish.
 - 2. Structural concrete is defined as all concrete that is not architectural concrete.
- B. Related Work Specified in Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 03200 Concrete Reinforcement

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ACI 318 Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete
 - 2. ACI SP-4 Formwork for Concrete

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
 - CONTRACTORS Shop Drawings: Proposed form layout drawings and tie pattern layout drawings for Concrete. Review of these drawings does not relieve the CONTRACTOR of responsibility for adequately designing and constructing forms.
 - 2. Samples: Pieces of each type of sheeting, chamfer strips, form ties, form liners and rustication strips

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Formwork Compliance: Use formwork complying with ACI SP-4, ACI 347 and ACI 303R.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

- A. Acceptable manufacturers are listed below. Other manufacturers of equivalent products may be submitted.
 - Release Agent Magic Kote VOC by Symons Corporation
 - 2. Form coating A.C. Horn Corporation, Brooklyn, NY
 - Form liners
 Dura-Tex by Symons Corporation, Des Plaines, IL
 - Rustications
 Symons Corporation, Des Plaines, IL

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Structural Concrete: Provide structural concrete form materials as follows:
 - 1. Obtain approval for form material before construction of the forms.
 - 2. Use a barrier type form release agent.
 - 3. Use form ties, hangers, and clamps of such type that, after removal of the forms, no metal will be closer than one inch from concrete surface. Wire ties will not be permitted.
 - 4. Provide ties with swaged washers or other suitable devices to prevent seepage of moisture along the ties. Leave the ties in place.
 - 5. Use lugs, cones, washers, or other devices that do not leave holes or depressions greater than 7/8-inch in diameter.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 DESIGN

- A. Design Responsibility: Be responsible for the design, engineering and construction of the architectural concrete formwork and the structural concrete formwork. Conform the work to the recommendations of ACI SP-4 and ACI 303R.
- B. Setting Time and Slag Use: The presence of fly ash or ground granulated blast furnace slag in the concrete mix for architectural concrete and structural concrete will delay the setting time. Take this into consideration in the design and removal of the forms.

- C. Responsibility During Placement: Assume and take sole responsibility for adequate design of all form elements for support of the wet concrete mixtures specified and delivered.
- D. Consistency: Design forms to produce concrete members identical in shape, lines and dimensions to members shown.

3.2 CONSTRUCTION DETAILS FOR FORMWORK

- A. Structural Concrete Details: Follow the following details for all structural concrete:
 - 1. Provide forms that are substantial, properly braced, and tied together to maintain position and shape and to resist all pressures to which they may be subjected. Make forms sufficiently tight to prevent leakage of concrete.
 - Determine the size and spacing of studs and wales by the nature of the work and the height to which concrete is placed. Make forms adequate to produce true, smooth surfaces with not more than 1/8-inch variation in either direction from a geometrical plane. Provide horizontal joints that are level, and vertical joints, which are plumb.
 - 3. Supply forms for repeated use in sufficient number to ensure the required rate of progress.
 - 4. Thoroughly clean all forms before reuse and inspect forms immediately before concrete is placed. Remove deformed, broken, or defective forms from the work.
 - 5. Provide temporary openings in forms at convenient locations to facilitate cleaning and inspection.
 - Coat the entire inside surfaces of forms with a suitable form release agent just prior to placing concrete. Form release agent is not permitted on the reinforcing steel.
 - 7. Assume and take responsibility for the adequacy of all forms and remedying any defects resulting from their use.

3.3 FORM REMOVAL

A. Structural Concrete Form Removal: Do not remove forms for structural concrete until the concrete has hardened sufficiently to support its own load safely, plus any superimposed load that might be placed thereon.

3.4 TOLERANCES

A. Tolerance Limits: Design, construct and maintain concrete form and place the concrete to provide completed concrete work within the tolerance limits set forth in ACI SP-4.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03200

CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Requirements for providing concrete reinforcement as shown and specified herein. Reinforcement includes all steel bars, wire and welded wire fabric as shown and specified.
- B. Related Work Specified in Other Sections Includes:
 - 1. Section 03100 Concrete Formwork
 - 2. Section 03410 Precast Concrete Structures

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ACI SP66 ACI Detailing Manual
 - ACI 318 Latest edition "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete"
 - ASTM A 185 Steel Welded Wire Fabric, Plain, for Concrete Reinforcement
 - 4. ASTM A 615/A615M Deformed and Plains Billet-Steel Bars for Concrete
 - 5. ASTM A 706/A706M Low Alloy Steel Deformed Bars for Concrete Reinforcement
 - 6. ASTM A 775/A775M Epoxy Coated Reinforcing Steel Bars
 - 7. AWS D1.4 Structural Welding Code Reinforcing Steel

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.
 - 1. Product Data and Information: Submit manufacturers literature with product data, and material description of fusion bonded epoxy coating for reinforcement and reinforcement accessories, including manufacturer's

- recommendations for field touch-up of mars and cut ends when epoxy coated reinforcement is specified to be used.
- CONTRACTORS' Shop Drawings: Submit checked Working Drawings, including bar lists, schedules, bending details, placing details and placing plans and elevations for fabrication and placing reinforcing steel conforming to "ACI Detailing Manual SP-66".
 - a. Do not bill wall and slab reinforcing in sections. Show complete elevations of all walls and complete plans of all slabs, except that, when more than one wall or slab are identical, only one such elevation or plan is required. These plans and elevations need not be true views of the walls or slabs shown. Bill every reinforcing bar in a slab on a plan. Bill every reinforcing bar in a wall on an elevation. Take sections to clarify the arrangement of the steel reinforcement. Identify all bars, but do not bill on such sections.
 - b. For all reinforcing bars, unless the location of a bar is clear, give the location of such bar or bars by a dimension to some structural feature that will be readily distinguishable at the time bars are placed.
 - c. Make the reinforcing steel placing drawings complete for placing reinforcement including the location of support bars and chairs, without reference to the design drawings.
 - d. Submit Detailer certification that every reinforcing steel placing drawing and bar list is completely checked and corrected before submittal for approval.
 - e. If, after reinforcing steel placing drawings and bar lists have been submitted for approval, a review reveals that the drawings and lists obviously have not been checked and corrected they will be returned for checking and correcting by the Detailer.
- 3. Samples: Submit the following samples when epoxy coated reinforcement is specified to be used.
 - a. 12-inch long epoxy-coated steel reinforcing bar, of any size typical to this Project
 - b. One of each type of epoxy-coated reinforcement accessory used on this Project
 - c. 12-inch long, nylon coated tie wire
- 4. Certificates: Test certificates of the chemical and physical properties covering each shipment of reinforcing steel bars. Test for bars 3/4 inches in diameter and larger shall consist of the bar being bent cold to 90 degrees around a pin 3 times the diameter of the test bar without evidence of

cracking. For bars under three-fourths (3/4") in diameter, the bend test requirements shall be that the bar shall be bent cold one hundred and eighty (180) degrees around a pin having a diameter three (3) times that of the bar under test, without evidence of breaking.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, store and handle all products and materials as specified in Division 1 (and as follows:)
 - 1. Delivery Requirements: Have reinforcing steel delivered to the work in strongly tied bundles. Identify each group of both bent and straight bars with a metal tag giving the identifying number corresponding to the reinforcing steel placing drawings and bar lists.
 - Storage: Properly store all bars in an orderly manner, with all bars completely off the ground. Keep bars clean after delivery to the site of the work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. The brand of manufacturer shall be legibly rolled on all bars, and when loaded for mill shipment, all bars shall be properly separated and tagged with manufacturer's test identification number.
- B. Acceptable manufacturers are listed below. Other manufacturers of equivalent products may be submitted.
 - 1. Mechanical connections
 - a. Dowel Bar Splicer/Dowel-In System and Coupler Splice System of the Richmond Screw Anchor System
 - b. Cadweld Rebar Splice by Erico Products Inc.
 - c. Bar Grip Splice by Barsplice Products Inc.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Steel Bars: Use new billet steel bars, deformed bars, meeting the requirements of ASTM A 615/A625M Grade 60 for reinforcing steel bars.
 - 1. Roll all reinforcing steel bars with special deformations or identifying marks indicating the ASTM Specification and Grade.
 - 2. Use bars free from defects, kinks and from bends that cannot be readily and fully straightened in the field.

- 3. Supply reinforcing bars in lengths that will allow convenient placement in the work and provide the required length of at least 40 diameters of lap of joints as shown. Provide dowels of proper length, size and shape for tying walls, beams, floors, and the like together.
- B. Epoxy Coating: Conform fusion bonded epoxy coated reinforcing steel bars to ASTM A 775/A775M when used. Leave portions of the reinforcing steel bars uncoated where mechanical connections are shown.
- C. Welded Wire Fabric: Use welded wire fabric of the electrically welded type, with wires arranged in rectangular patterns, of the sizes shown or specified and meeting the requirements of ASTM A 185.
- D. Supports and Accessories: Provide bar supports and other accessories and, if necessary, additional supports to hold bars in proper position while concrete is being placed.
 - 1. Use side form spacers against vertical or sloping forms to maintain prescribed side cover and cross position of bars.
 - 2. Use individual hi-chairs with welded cross ties or circular hoops to support top bars in slabs thicker than 8 inches.
 - 3. Bolsters, chairs and other accessories:
 - Use hot-dipped galvanized or provide plastic coated legs when in contact with forms for surfaces of concrete other than architectural surfaces.
 - b. Use stainless steel when in contact with forms for architecturally exposed surfaces.
 - c. Use epoxy coated bolsters, chairs and accessories including wire ties for epoxy coated reinforcing bars.
 - d. Use chairs of an approved type and space them properly to support and hold reinforcing bars in position in all beams and slabs including slabs placed directly on the subgrade or work mat. Do not use continuous hi-chairs for supporting of top bars in slabs over 8 inches in thickness.
- E. Mechanical Connections: Provide mechanical connections that develop at least 125 percent of the specified yield strength of the bar in tension.
- F. Stirrups and Ties: Provide stirrups and ties as shown and specified and meeting the requirements of ASTM A 185.

2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Drawing Review Prior to Fabrication: Do not fabricate any material before final review and approval of shop drawings.
- B. Bending and Cutting: Cut bars to required length and bend accurately before placing. Bend bars in the shop unless written approval for field bending is obtained. If field bending is permitted, do it only when the air temperature, where the bending operation is performed, is above 30 degrees F. Do not field bend bars that have been partially embedded in concrete.
- C. Splices: Use lapped splices for tension and compression splices unless otherwise noted.
- D. Cleaning: Clean and bend reinforcement in accordance with ACI 315 and ACI 318.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Placement: Place all bars in accordance with CRSI "Recommended Practice for Placing Reinforcing Bars".
- B. Tolerances: Place bars used for top reinforcement in slabs to a vertical tolerance of plus or minus 1/4-inch. Place all other reinforcement to the tolerances given to ACI 318.
- C. Cleaning: Have reinforcing steel delivered without rust other than that accumulated during transportation to the work. At all times, fully protect reinforcing steel from moisture, grease, dirt, mortar and concrete. Before being placed in position, thoroughly clean reinforcing steel of all loose mill scale and rust and of any dirt, oil, grease coatings, or other material that might reduce the bond. If there is a delay in depositing concrete, inspect and satisfactorily clean the steel immediately before the concrete is placed.
- D. Bar Positioning: Place bars in the exact positions shown with the required spacing and cross wire bars securely in position at intersections to prevent displacement during the placing of the concrete. Fasten the bars with annealed wire of not less than 17 gauge or other approved devices.
- E. Bar Extension Beyond Formwork: On any section of the work where horizontal bars extend beyond the length of the forms, perforate the form or head against which the work ends or at the proper places to allow the bars to project through a distance at least equal to the lap specified.
- F. Unacceptable Materials: Do not place reinforcing steel with damaged, unsuitably bonded epoxy coating or rusting. If approved, mars, exposed threads of

- mechanical connections and cut ends may be field coated with approved epoxy coating material.
- G. Review of Placement: Have reinforcing placement reviewed by the ENGINEER before concrete is placed.
- H. Welding Not Approved: Do not use reinforcing bar assemblies made by welding of any kind, or accessories of any kind which require field welding to reinforcing bars.
- I. Welding Approved: Where welding of reinforcing steel is shown, AWS D1.4 "Structural Welding Code Reinforcing Steel" applies.
- J. Tension and Compression Lap Splices: Conform tension and compression lap splices to ACI 318 with all supplements. Avoid splices at points of maximum tensile stress wherever possible. Provide temperature bars with the clear spacing shown. Stagger all bar splices in hoop tension bars in circular tanks with not more than 50 percent of the bars spliced in any one direction. Have welded splices made by certified welders in accordance with AWS D1.4.
- K. Welded Wire Fabric: Place welded wire fabric in the positions shown, specified or required to fit the work. Furnish and place suitable spacing chairs or supports, as specified for bars, to maintain the fabric in the correct location. Where a flat surface of fabric is required, provide flat sheets, when available. Otherwise reverse roll the fabric or straighten to make a perfectly flat surface before placing. Obtain approval for the length of laps not indicated.
- L. Concrete Cover: Place reinforcing steel and welded wire fabric and hold in position so that the concrete cover, as measured from the surface of the bar or wire to the surface of the concrete, is as shown or specified.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03310

CONCRETE, MASONRY MORTAR AND GROUT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Cement, sand, aggregate admixtures and water for use in concrete, masonry mortar and grout.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - 1. ASTM C 91 Masonry Cement
 - 2. ASTM C 144 Aggregate for Masonry Mortar
 - 3. ASTM C 150 Portland Cement
 - 4. ASTM C 207 Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes
 - 5. ASTM C 270 Mortar for Unit Masonry
 - 6. ASTM C 231 Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete
 - 7. ASTM C 404 Aggregate for Masonry Grout
 - 8. ASTM C 476 Grout for Masonry
 - ASTM C 780 Preconstruction and Construction Evaluation of Mortars for Plain and Reinforced Unit Masonry
 - 10. ASTM C 1019 Sampling and Testing Grout
 - 11. CRD C-619 Specification for Grout Fluidifier.
 - 12. CRD C-621 Specification for Non-Shrink Grout.
 - 13. Brick Institute of America Research Report No. 15
 - 14. ACI 530.1/ASCE 6-92 Specifications for Masonry Structures

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Provide all submittals, including the following, as specified in Division 1.

- B. Product Data and Information: Submit the following:
 - Furnish notarized certificates of manufacture as evidence that the cement conforms to the specified requirements. Include mill-test reports on the cement.
 - 2. Furnish notarized certificates to verify that the hydrated lime and aggregates meet the specified requirements.
 - 3. Furnish laboratory tests as evidence that the air content and masonry mortar compressive strength meet the requirements of ASTM 270 Type N and that the efflorescence tendency meets the requirements of the wick test in Brick Institute of America Research Report No. 15.
 - 4. Furnish laboratory tests as evidence that the masonry grout compressive strength is equal to or greater than 2,500 psi at 28 days.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. General: Deliver, store and handle all mortar and grout materials as recommended by the manufacturers and as specified in Division 1 (and as follows:)
- B. Cement: Store cement in weathertight buildings that will exclude moisture and contaminants. Do not use cement that has deteriorated from storage.
- C. Hydrated Lime: Store hydrated lime in weathertight buildings which will exclude moisture and contaminants.
- D. Aggregates: Keep aggregates clean and free from all other materials during transportation and handling. Stockpile aggregate in a manner to prevent segregation.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 CEMENT

A. Portland Cement shall be of a standard brand and shall conform to the requirements of ASTM C150-latest edition, except as hereinafter stated. One bag of cement shall be considered as weighing 94 pounds. Type I shall be used unless higher cement is specified, in which event Type III shall be used. For Type I, the maximum amount of tricalcium silicate shall be 60 percent. Cement may be shipped either in paper or cloth sacks and the package shall have the brand and name of manufacturer plainly marked on the outside. All cement shall be stored in weatherproof buildings in such a manner as will prevent absorption of moisture by the lower layers. Shipment shall be segregated by lot for identification. Type I cement which has been in storage more than 90 days shall be re-tested before use. Where carload shipments are used, a certificate from an approved testing laboratory shall be submitted prior to use of such cement on the job.

2.2 AGGREGATE

A. Fine Aggregate:

1. Composition: Fine aggregate shall consist of natural sand and shall be graded from coarse to fine within the following limits shown in the table below. Sand failing to meet the minimum requirement for material passing the Number 50 and/or Number 100 Sieve may be used, provided other satisfactory inorganic fine materials are added. If two sands are used, each must be mixed, after separate weighing, in proportions approved by the City Manager or designee.

U.S. Standard Square Opening Sieve	Percent of Total By Weight Passing	
	Minimum	Maximum
No. 4	97	100
No. 8	80	100
No. 30	25	75
No. 50	10	30
No. 100	2	10
No. 200 (By Washing)	0	4

- Stockpiling: Fine aggregate shall be stored on a well-drained site, which has been cleared, grubbed and cleaned. Stockpiles shall be built up so as to prevent segregation of large and small particles.
- 3. Unsuitable Materials in Fine Aggregate: Not more than one percent (1%) by weight of clay lumps or soft, disintegrated or coated grains shall be present in the fine aggregate. It shall also be free from foreign material such as dirt, wood, paper, burlap, or other unsuitable material. When tested in accordance with AASHTO T-21-27, it shall show a color not darker than standard. When tested for mortar strength in accordance with AASHTO T-71-38, the fine aggregate shall have a tensile strength at three (3) days (Type III), or at seven (7) days, (Type I); not less than 95 percent of that developed by mortar having the same water-cement ratio and consistency, made of the same cement and graded Ottawa Sand having a fineness modulus of 2.40, plus or minus 0.05.

B. Coarse Aggregate:

 Composition: Coarse aggregate shall consist of crushed stone. It shall be washed to remove clay, loam and dust. At his/her discretion, the City Manager or designee may waive the washing requirement for stone having a loss of not more than thirty per cent (30%) when tested in accordance with the provisions of AASHTO T-96-38. 2. Unsuitable Material in Coarse Aggregate: The coarse aggregate shall not contain more than the following percentages of deleterious material:

Soft Fibrous, Disintegrated Particles (Weight)	3.0%
Clay Lump (Weight)	0.2%
Finer Than No. 200 Sieve (Weight)	0.5%
Flat or Elongated Particles (Count)	10.0%

When subjected to AASHTO Test T-96-38, the aggregate shall have a loss not greater than sixty-five percent (65%). Aggregate shall be free from loam, wood, leaves, or other foreign material.

3. Gradation: For unreinforced foundations, for paving or for other unreinforced mass concrete, the gradation of coarse aggregate shall be as shown in Table 1. For reinforced footings, reinforced walls over 6" in thickness, ordinary floor slabs and similar structures, the gradation shall be as shown on Table 2. For handrails, reinforced walls, thin reinforced floor slabs electrical conduit encasement, and similar construction, the gradation shall be as shown on Table 3.

Table 1		
Percent Passing Square Opening Sieve	Percent By Weight	
2-1/2 inch	100	
2 inch	95 – 100	
1 inch	35 – 70	
½ inch	10 – 30	
No. 4	0 – 5	
Table 2		
Percent Passing Square Opening Sieve	Percent By Weight	
1-1/2 inch	100	
1 inch	90 – 100	
½ inch	25 – 60	
No. 4	0 – 10	
No. 8	0 – 5	

Table 3		
Percent Passing Square Opening Sieve	Percent By Weight	
1 inch	100	
¾ inch	90 – 100	
3/8 inch	20 – 55	
No. 4	0 – 10	
No. 8	0 – 5	

4. Stockpiles: Stockpiles shall be constructed in layers not exceeding three feet (3') in height, and material shall be deposited in such manner as to prevent segregation of coarse and fine materials. Each type of aggregate shall be placed in a separate stockpile. Stockpile sites shall be cleared, grubbed and drained before using.

2.3 HYDRATED LIME

A. Provide hydrated lime meeting the requirements of ASTM C 207.

2.4 WATER

A. Water shall be clean and free from salt, oil or organic substances. Laboratory tests shall be made to determine suitability of any water for use in concrete unless it is secured from a public water supply.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 CONCRETE PROPORTIONING

- A. Concrete aggregate shall be proportioned by weight. When the sources of supply shall have been determined by the CONTRACTOR and approved by the Engineer, the mix shall be set by an approved testing laboratory. Mix shall be designed for a "slump" suitable for the character of structure in which the concrete is to be incorporated. All concrete shall be as specified herein.
- B. After a suitable design mix has been approved by the Engineer, it shall not be changed so long as materials of the same characteristics are used in the mix. Within the limits of the various cement factors shown above, the mix shall be varied until the homogenous workable mixture, suitable for the class of structure intended, has been obtained.

3.2 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Concrete mixing shall be by means of a modern batch mixer equipped with an accurately operating water measuring device and an automatic time locking device.
- B. Where a central batching plant is not operated, each mixer must have available an approved portable weighing device for use in proportioning. Each batch shall be mixed for one and one-half (1½) minutes after charging has been completed, and during such mixing period, that drum shall operate with a peripheral speed of not less than one-hundred and fifty-three (153), nor more than two-hundred and twenty-five (225) feet per minute. The number of revolutions per minute shall be between fourteen (14) and twenty (20). Retempering concrete or use of concrete in which initial set has taken place will not be allowed. Transit mixed concrete from an approved batching plant and suitable truck mixer may be as approved by Engineer of Record.

3.3 PIPE GROUT

- A. Mix lean grout for backfilling the space surrounding the pipe sections in tunnel or other areas as specified or directed in the proportion of 1 part Portland cement to 12 parts sand by volume.
- B. Mix grout to a consistency that can be pumped into the pipe. Use a grout fluidifier to reduce water quantity and improve workability.

3.4 TESTING

- A. Masonry Mortar: Make and test specimens for preconstruction and construction evaluation of masonry mortar in accordance with the requirements of ASTM C 780.
- B. Masonry Grout: Make and test specimens for preconstruction and construction evaluation of masonry grout in accordance with the requirements of ASTM C 1019.
- C. Concrete shall contain cement, coarse aggregate, and fine aggregate meeting the Specifications contained in previous paragraphs of this Part. Unless otherwise specified or shown in the plans, the design strength of the several elements included in the plans shall be:
 - 1. Four thousand (4,000) pounds minimum compressive strength per square inch at twenty-eight (28) days for all piers, reinforced walls, floors, slabs, precast structures and other special sections where specifically shown on the plans or Standard Details.
 - 2. Two thousand five hundred (2,500) pounds minimum compressive strength per square inch at twenty-eight (28) days for all blocking, reinforced footings, for retaining walls not subject to hydrostatic pressure, or where specifically shown on the plans or shown in the Standard Details.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 05540

METAL CASTINGS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Miscellaneous ferrous and nonferrous castings.
 - This classification includes wheel guards, valve boxes, manhole frames and covers, manhole steps, stop plank grooves, brackets and supports for piping and gutter inlets, floor drains, cleanouts and special malleable iron castings and inserts.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. Codes and standards referred to in this Section are:
 - ASTM A 27/A27M Specification for Steel Castings, Carbon for General Applications
 - 2. ASTM A 47 Specification for Ferric Malleable Iron Castings
 - 3. ASTM A 48 Specifications for Gray Cast Iron Castings
 - 4. ASTM A 148/A148M Specifications for Steel Castings
 - 5. ASTM A 536 Specifications for Ductile Iron Castings
 - 6. ASTM B 26/B26M Aluminum
 - 7. ASTM B 148 Aluminum Bronze Sand Castings
 - 8. ASTM B 584 Manganese Bronze

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 WORKMANSHIP

A. Provide castings accurately made to the approved dimensions, and plane or grind castings where marked or where otherwise necessary to secure flat and true surfaces. Make allowance in the patterns so that the specified thickness is not reduced. Provide manhole covers which conform to the details shown and which are true and seat at all points. Supply castings showing the name of the manufacturer and the country of manufacture. No plugging or welding of defective castings will be permitted.

2.2 WEIGHTS

A. Reject castings with a weight which is less than the theoretical weight based on required dimensions by more than 5 percent. Provide facilities at the site for weighing castings in the presence of the ENGINEER, or furnish invoices showing true weights, certified by the supplier.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Erect all castings to accurate grades and alignment, and when placing in concrete carefully support castings to prevent movement during concreting.

3.2 PAINTING

A. Deliver all manhole castings to the job site unpainted. If painting is specified, clean metal castings thoroughly before painting. Give manhole frames and covers and valve boxes one coat of primer and two coats of an approved asphaltum varnish or other approved coating at the point of manufacture. Paint all other castings as specified in the City Standard Details.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15100

WATER VALVES AND APPURTENANCES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE OF WORK

A. Furnish all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required and install complete and ready for operation all valves and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. Codes, specifications, and standards referred to by number or title form a part of this Section to the extent required by the references to codes, specifications, and standards. Latest revisions, as of the date of bid opening, apply, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings or specified in this Section.

B. Standards

Designation	Title
ANSI/AWWA C110	Standard for Ductile Iron and Gray Iron Fittings
ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11	Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings
ANSI/AWWA C500	Metal-Seated Gate Valves for Water Supply Service 3"-48", 200 psi working pressure 3"-12" size
ANSI/AWWA C509	Resilient-Seated Gate Valves 3" through 30" NPS, for Water and Sewage Systems, 200 psi working pressure 3"-12"
ANSI/AWWA C512	Air Release, Air/Vacuum, and Combination Air Valves for Waterworks Service
ANSI/AWWA C515	Reduced-Wall Resilient-Seated Gate Valves for Water Supply Service 3"-48", 200 psi working pressure for all sizes
ANSI/AWWA C800	Underground Service Line Valves and Fittings, ½"-2"
ANSI/B16.1	Cast/ductile Iron Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, Class 125
ANSI/B16.3	Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings, Class 150 and 300

ANSI/B16.5	Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, Steel Nickel Alloy and Other Special Alloys				
ASTM A276	Specification for Stainless and Heat-Resisting Steel Bars and Shapes				
ASTM A231	Specification for Steel Casting, Austenitic, for High-Temperature Service				
ASTM A743	Specification for Castings, Iron-Chromium, Iron-Chromium-Nickel, and Nickel-Base Corrosion-Resistant for General Application				
MSS SP-60	Connecting Flange Joint Between Tapping Sleeves and Tapping Valves				

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. References to valve sizes on the Drawings and in the Specifications are intended to be nominal size, and shall be interpreted as nominal size.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: as specified in:
 - 1. General Conditions;
 - 2. Supplementary General Conditions;

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing: Test valves as specified in this Section.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL:

- A. All valves and appurtenances shall be of the size shown on the Drawings and as far as possible all equipment of the same type shall be from one manufacturer.
- B. All valves and appurtenances shall have the name of the maker and the working pressure for which they are designed cast in raised letters upon some appropriate part of the body.

2.2 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers for gate valves shall be U.S. Pipe, AVK, Clow, American Darling, Kennedy, Mueller, Tyler, or Ford .

2.3 DESIGN

- A. Resilient-Seated Wedge or Gate Valves
 - 1. Valves for pipe 2 inches (2") in diameter and smaller shall conform to the requirements of AWWA C800, C509 or C515 (latest revisions), and gate valves shall be cast/ductile iron, single wedge, non-rising stem, screwed bonnet, 125 pounds S.P., 200 pounds W.O.G with stuffing box repackable under pressure and all parts renewable. Ends shall be as shown or indicated on the drawings. Air release line valves, bacterial sampling station line valves and curb stops shall be Mueller or Ford. Corporation stops shall be Mueller,or Ford Brass Ball Valves. Valves shall open by turning to the left (counter-clockwise), when viewed from the stem.
 - 2. Resilient-seated wedge, or gate valves larger than 2 inches (2") in diameter shall have a cast/ductile iron body, non-rising stem, and be bronze mounted gate valves, mechanical joint conforming to requirements of the AWWA Standard C509 or C515 and shall be provided with a 2 inch square operating nut with the word "open" and an arrow cast in the metal to indicate direction. Valves shall open by turning to the left (counter-clockwise), when viewed from the stem. Valves shall be resilient-seated wedge gate type and shall turn to the left (counter clockwise) to open. The wedge or gate shall be cast/ductile iron per ASTM A536, minimum 65,000-psi strength and, completely encapsulated with urethane rubber, permanently bonded to the wedge or gate to meet ASTM test for rubber metal bond, ASTM D429. The valve stems for non-rising stem assemblies shall be cast bronze with integral collars in full compliance with AWWA. OS & Y stems shall be on bronze bar stock. The NRS stem stuffing box shall be the O-ring seal type with two rings located above thrust collar; the two rings shall be replaceable with valve fully open and subjected to full rated working pressure. The minimum safe working pressure shall be 200 psi.
 - 3. There shall be two low torque thrust bearings located above and below the stem collar. The stem nut shall be independent of wedge and shall be made of solid bronze. There shall be a smooth unobstructed waterway free of all pockets, cavities and depressions in the seat area. The body and bonnet shall be coated with fusion-bonded epoxy both interior and exterior. For aboveground service, the exterior ferrous parts of all valves shall be coated as follows: 1) prior to shipment from the factory, valves shall be shop painted with one coat, 1.5 mils dry film thickness, of a combination lead and chromate primer with rust-inhibitive pigments and synthetic resins; 2) following installation in the filed, valves shall be painted with one coat, 1.5 mils dry film thickness, of a combination lead and chromate primer with rustinhibitive pigments and synthetic resins; valves shall be finish painted with two coats, 1.4 mils dry film thickness each coat, of a medium to long oil alkyd resin coating; the color of the finish coats shall be in accordance with the piping color code in the painting schedule. Each valve, aboveground or below ground, shall have the manufacturers name, pressure rating and year manufactured cast on body. The valve shall be designed and tested to be

opened and closed under a hydrostatic pressure of at least twice the specified working pressure.

B. Valves for Buried Service and Valve Boxes

- 1. Valves for buried service shall meet all the requirements as specified herein for interior except that buried valves shall have mechanical joint ends. Place a Gate Box Aligner (valve box aligner) (order through USA Bluebook Stock #MC-75181) over the valve stem in order to help keep valve box aligned during backfilling. Extension stems shall be provided on all buried valves when operating nut is deeper than 4 feet below final grade.
- 2. All buried valves shall have cast/ductile-iron three-piece valve boxes, valve boxes shall be provided with suitable heavy bonnets to extend to such elevation at the finished grade surface as directed by the ENGINEER. The top section shall be set to allow equal movement above and below finished grade. The barrel shall be two-piece, screw type. The upper section shall have a flange at the bottom having sufficient bearing area to prevent settling. shall be designed so as to prevent the transmission of surface loads directly to the valve or piping, and shall be complete with cast/ductile iron covers. Covers shall have "WATER" cast into the top. The covers shall be so constructed as to prevent tipping, rocking, or rattling. The valve boxes shall be coated inside and outside with an asphaltic coating prior to machining, so that the machined seating surfaces will be free of any coating. All valve boxes located in major paved roadways shall have locking covers. Valve boxes shall be Dewey Brothers VBX-TE 100 (6-5/16 inch cover), Tyler/Union Model 461, Clow Corp. F-2450, or Engineer of Record approved equal.
- 3. Where valves are located out of pavement, the boxes shall be adjusted to finished grade with a concrete collar as shown in the Details.
- 4. Valve boxes shall be of the heavy duty, traffic bearing cast/ductile iron, adjustable screw type with a drop cover. The valve box assembly shall consist of a bottom section, top section and cover which is cast from gray iron, formulated to ASTM specification A-48 latest revision, minimum tensile of 21,000 psi and shall be free from blowholes, shrinkage or other imperfections not true to pattern. The shaft size shall be 5 1/4" and the adjustable length shall be from 18" to 36". The wall thickness shall be 1/4". The weight of the assembly shall be 61 pounds ± 2 pounds, with the cover weight being a minimum of 13 pounds.
- 5. The name of the manufacturer and foundry of origin shall be cast into each of the components of the assembly in legible form. The assembly shall be suitable for highway traffic wheel loads of 16,000 pounds and shall withstand a proof load test of 25,000 pounds without failure or permanent deflection.

- 6. Valve box cover shall be painted Federal Safety blue for "water," white for "raw water," and purple for "reclaimed water." See Detail Drawing for word to cast into cover (eg. "Water" for potable water mains).
- C. Check Valves (Sewer/Water/Reuse)
 - 1. All swing check valve bodies shall be Val-Matic Series 500 with back flow activator or APCO Series 100 rubber flapper swing checks.
 - 2. Valve exterior to be painted with Red Oxide Phenolic Primer. Materials shall be certified to the following ASTM specifications:

Body, cover, disc Ductile Iron or approved shop drawing ASTM A126, Class B Disc Suna-N (NBR) ASTM D2000 – BG

Disc Seat Buna-N or metal

Cushion cylinder Corrosion-resistant material Commercial

- 3. Swing check valves shall have a shaft of single and continuous stainless steel, extending both sides of the body with a lever and weight. The air cushion cylinder, when specifically required, shall be constructed of corrosion resistant material and the piston shall be totally enclosed within the cylinder and not open at one end. The air cushion cylinder assembly shall be externally attached to either or both sides of the valve body and shall permit adjustability to cushion the closure of the valve. Cushioning shall be by air trapped in the cushion cylinder, which shall be fitted with a one-way adjustable control check valve to cushion disc contact to the seat at the shut-off point. The bottom cylinder head shall be swivel mounted and not rigid to follow the change of force angles as the lever raises or lowers to open or close the check valve. Valve shall prevent backflow on normal pump shut off or power failure, at zero velocity and be watertight. The disc shall be cast/ductile iron utilizing a double clevice hinge connected to a ductile iron disc arm. The disc arm assembly shall be suspended from a stainless steel shaft, which passes through a seal retainer on both sides of the valve body.
- 4. Rubber flapper swing valves shall have a heavily constructed cast/ductile iron body and cover. The body shall be long pattern design (not wafer) with integrally cast-on end flanges. The flapper shall be Buna-N having an Oring seating edge and be internally reinforced with steel. Flapper shall be captured between the body and the body cover in a manner to permit the flapper to flex from closed to full open position. Flapper shall be easily removed without the need to remove the valve from line. The check valves shall have full pipe size flow area. Seating surface to be on a 45° angle requiring the flapper to travel only 35° from closed to full open position for minimum head loss. Valve has non-slam closure characteristics. Flapper shall create an elastic spring effect to assist the flapper to close against a slight head to prevent or minimize slamming. Valve shall be designed for

- 175 psi working pressure for water. The valve shall be suitable for buried service, in which case, stainless cover bolts shall be furnished.
- 5. Valve exterior to be painted with Red Oxide Phenolic Primer Paint as accepted by the FDA for use in contact with Potable Water.

D. Backflow Prevention Devices

 Backflow prevention devices shall be reduced pressure principle assemblies or double check assemblies and shall be USC approved, and shall meet all requirements of County Ordinance 97-33. Refer to Detail Drawings.

E. Air Release Valves

- 1. Air Release Valves shall be Val-Matic Model 100-200 or Engineer of Record approved equal.
- Air Release Valves shall be float operated and both the air/vacuum and air release functions shall be performed by a combination valve housed in a single body.
- 3. The valve shall automatically exhaust large quantities of air during the filling of the pipeline. The valve shall be capable of venting air up to sonic velocity without blowing shut, closing only after all the air has been vented. The air release port shall automatically release small pockets of air from the pipeline while the pipeline is in operation and under pressure, to keep the system free of accumulated air. The valve shall automatically open to allow air to re-enter during draining or whenever a negative pressure occurs.
- 4. Combination air valves shall be of the size shown on the plans and conform to the requirements of AWWA C512 and be of the "kinetic" design capable of exhausting air at up to sonic velocity without blowing shut.
- 5. The air release valve shall have a maximum working pressure of 300 psi, unless otherwise indicated on the drawings, and shall have been tested at a pressure not less than 300 psi.
- Body, cover, and baffle shall be ASTM A126 Class B cast/ductile iron with stainless steel floats and replaceable seats of Buna-N or other suitable material. Plastic or bronze components are not acceptable. Screens shall be installed on the opening of all air release valves.
- 7. Valves 3-inch size and smaller shall have a threaded inlet connection, and valves over 3 inches shall have a flanged inlet faced and drilled per ANSIB16.1 Class 250. Valves shall have a threaded outlet on valves to 4 inch size and a protective cowl on larger sizes. Connections from corporation stops to air release valves shall be brass for rigidity.
- 8. Air release valves shall be Val-Matic Series 100-200 or Engineer of Record approved equal.

9. One-inch (1") NPT inlet and outlet shall be provided, unless otherwise specified on the drawings.

F. Tapping Valves and Sleeves

- 1. All tapping sleeve assemblies (for 3" or larger service lines) shall meet the requirements of AWWA Standards C110, latest revision. Cast/ductile iron tapping sleeves or stainless steel wrap-around sleeves, and cast/ductile iron valves shall be used to make live taps into the existing water mains where shown on the drawings. Sleeve bodies must be of stainless steel. The flanges must conform to AWWA C207 Class D ANSI 150# drilling. All bolts and nuts shall be as specified. Tapping sleeves shall be as manufactured by Mueller, American Valve and Hydrant, Kennedy Valve, or Engineer of Record approved equal.
- 2. CONTRACTOR shall verify type of existing main prior to ordering. The tapping valve shall have an inlet flange to match the sleeve and a mechanical joint outlet for connection to water main pipe. Tapping valve shall meet the requirements for valves specified in this manual. The sleeve shall have provisions for a tap and shall be pressure tested at 150 psi for a minimum of 30 minutes prior to tapping. After installation, wrap sleeve and valve with vinyl before pouring support and thrust block.

G. Service Connection Materials

1. Service Saddles

- Service saddles or fittings shall be used with taps to all types of pipe.
 Gasket shall be cemented in place and confined in a retaining groove.
 Saddles shall be cast/ductile iron or stainless steel saddles with double brass straps.
- b. Tapping sleeves and valves shall be used for all taps, with tap being performed at least 3' from AC pipe couplings and PVC joints.
- c. Service saddles shall be Smith-Blair, Ford, Rockwell, or Engineer of Record approved equal, with AWWA threaded corporation stop connections.

Water Meters

a. Potable Water Meters: Potable water meters provided for service connections to the CITY water distribution system shall be designed to accept an encoder compatible with the CITY Automatic Meter Reading (AMR) system. The CITY will install the meter and the AMR encoder unit on 2" and smaller meters; the meter box cover shall be set ½" to 1" above finished grade in unpaved areas, and flush to grade in paved

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areas; meter box shall be concrete box with cast or ductile iron lid in paved areas that are traffic bearing or in unpaved areas that are next to alleys; meter box shall be concrete with concrete lid in sidewalks. All meters 3" and larger shall be purchased by the owner and installed by the contractor, with the CITY or contractor installing the AMR. All potable water meters larger than 2" shall be installed above ground and shall be equipped with a backflow preventer installed by the CONTRACTOR at his expense. The type of backflow device utilized for potable lines shall be as shown in the Detail Drawings. The master meter assemblies shall be built in accordance with the Detail Drawings. The location of all meters shall be clearly shown on the construction plans.

b. Non-Potable Irrigation Water Meters: Non-potable water meters provided for service connections to the CITY non-potable reclaimed distribution system shall have a purple cover and be stamped "Reclaimed", and be designed to accept an encoder compatible with the CITY Automatic Meter Reading (AMR) system. The CITY will install the meter and the AMR encoder unit on 2" and smaller meters. All meters 3" and larger shall be purchased by the owner and installed by the contractor, with the CITY or contractor installing the AMR. Master meter assemblies shall be built in accordance with the design details in the Detail Drawings. The locations of all meters shall be clearly shown on the construction plans.

3. Corporation Stops for Service Connections

a. Corporation stops shall meet the requirements of AWWA C800, and shall be Mueller, Ford, or City approved equal; with the 1" being CC and the 2" being IPS, and ends AWWA thread x compression, and both being CTS.

4. Water Service Tubing

- a. Water service connection tubing shall be blue polyethylene municipal service tubing as shown on the Detail Drawings. Color of tubing for reclaimed water shall be purple.
- Polyethylene tubing shall meet the requirements of AWWA Standard C901. Polyethylene tubing shall be PE 3408 polyethylene, SDR 9 Class 200.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install all valves and appurtenances in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and in the locations shown, true to alignment and rigidly and properly supported. Repair any damage to the above items to the satisfaction of the

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ENGINEER before they are installed. Following installation of aboveground valves, touch-up nicks and scratches of exterior painted surfaces with the same finish coating as specified herein.

- B. After installation, test all valves and appurtenances for at least one hour at the working pressure corresponding to the class of pipe, unless a different test pressure is specified. If any joint proves to be defective, repair it to the satisfaction of the ENGINEER.
- C. Install all floor boxes, brackets, extension rods, guides, the various types of operators and appurtenances as shown on the Drawings that are in masonry floors or walls, and install concrete inserts for hangers and supports as soon as forms are erected and before concrete is poured. Before setting these items, check all plans and figures, which have a direct bearing on their location and assure the proper location of these valves and appurtenances during the construction of the structures.
- D. Flanged joints shall be made with Series 300, stainless steel bolts. All exposed bolts shall be made with Series 300 stainless steel bolts.
- E. Prior to assembly of split couplings, thoroughly clean the grooves as well as other parts. The ends of the pipes and outside of the gaskets shall be moderately coated with petroleum jelly, cup grease, soft soap or graphite paste, and the gasket shall be slipped over one pipe end. After the other pipe has been brought to the correct position, center the gasket properly over the pipe ends with the lips against the pipes. The housing sections then shall be placed. After the bolts have been inserted, tighten the nuts until the housing sections are firmly in contact, metal-to-metal, without excessive bolt tension.
- F. Prior to the installation of sleeve-type couplings, thoroughly clean the pipe ends for a distance of 8". Soapy water may be used as a gasket lubricant. A follower and gasket, in that order, shall be slipped over each pipe to a distance of about 6" from the end, and the middle ring shall be placed on the already laid pipe end until it is properly centered over the joint. Insert the other pipe end into the middle ring and bring to proper position in relation to the pipe already laid. The gaskets and followers shall then be pressed evenly and firmly into the middle ring flaires. After the bolts have been inserted and all nuts have been made up finger-tight, uniformly tighten diametrically opposite nuts progressively all around the joint, preferably by use of a torque wrench of the appropriate size and torque for the bolts.
- G. Carefully inspect each valve, open it wide and then tightly close it and test the various nuts and bolts for tightness. Special care shall be taken to prevent any foreign matter from becoming lodged in the valve seat. Gate valves, unless shown otherwise, shall be set with their stems vertically above the centerline of the pipe. Remove and replace any valve that does not operate correctly.
- H. Place a Gate Box Aligner (valve box aligner) (order through USA Bluebook Stock #MC-75181) over the valve stem in order to help keep valve box aligned during backfilling. Carefully center valve boxes over the operating nuts of the

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valves so as to permit a valve wrench or key to be fitted easily to the operating nut. Valve boxes shall be set to conform to the level of the finished surface and held in position by a ring of concrete placed under the support flange as shown in Section 3, Utility Detail Drawings. The valve box shall not transmit surface loads to the pipe or valve. Exercise care to prevent earth and other material from entering the valve box. Any valve box which is out of alignment or whose top does not conform to the finished ground surface shall be dug and reset. Before final acceptance of the work, adjust all valve boxes to finish grade. Valve extension stems or risers shall not be used.

3.2 SHOP PAINTING

A. Ferrous surfaces of valves and appurtenances shall receive a coating of epoxy in accordance with AWWA Standard C550 and meets or exceeds all test requirements including the Food and Drug Administration Document Title 21 of the Federal Regulations on Food Additives, Section 175.000 entitled "Resinous and Polymeric Coating"; Impact Test Requirement in accordance with the ASTM D2794.

END OF SECTION

CITY OF NAPLES UTILITIES SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS MANUAL

SECTION 3

UTILTIES DETAIL DRAWINGS

CITY OF NAPLES

WELL HEAD IMPROVEMENTS

WELLS 401, 402, 403, 417, 421, & 414

- I. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION, DEPTH AND CHARACTER OF ALL UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY RESPECTIVE UTILITY OWNERS AS LISTED BELOW AND FIELD VERIFY LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS OF UTILITIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE CAUSED BY HIS
- CITY OF NAPLES (WATER, WASTEWATER, AND REUSE): (239) 213-4799 FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT: 1-800-868-9554 COMCAST CABLE: (239) 786-1282

- · IN ADDITION, PRIOR TO STARTING WORK, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY LOCAL PUBLIC SERVICE AGENCIES INCLUDING POLICE AND FIRE DEPARTMENTS
- 2. EXISTING UTILITIES AND DIMENSIONS AS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE AND MUST BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN AND LISTED ABOVE SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED AS BEING ALL INCLUSIVE OF UTILITIES IN THE AREA. ANY INTERRUPTION OF SERVICE SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE OWNER OF THE UTILITY.

 3. PIPE AND FITTINGS TO BE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. ALL PIPING AND FITTINGS SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PRESSURE PIPE, CLASS 150, CONFORMING TO SPECIFICATION 02630. BELOW GRADE FITTINGS SHALL BE MECHANICAL JOINT. WATER MAINS SHALL BE SOLID BLUE IN COLOR AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE AWWA FOR POTABLE WATER USE.

 4. ALL PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE PRESSURE TESTED PER SPECIFICATION SECTION 02676.
- INCHES SHALL BE MAINTAINED FOR OTHER UTILITIES. 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN A MINIMUM HORIZONTAL EDGE TO EDGE SEPARATION OF 10 FEET AND A MINIMUM VERTICAL WALL TO WALL SEPARATION OF 18 INCHES BETWEEN THE PROPOSED WATER MAINS AND WASTEWATER MAINS. WHEN THIS SEPARATION CANNOT BE MAINTAINED, THE WASTEWATER MAIN SHALL BE ENCASED IN CONCRETE. A MINIMUM VERTICAL WALL TO WALL SEPARATION OF 12
- 6. ALL PIPING SHALL HAVE 3 FEET MINIMUM COVER. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE PROPER GRADE ELEVATIONS AND ALIGNMENTS.
 7. MAXIMUM PIPE DEFLECTIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 80% OF THE MANUFACTURER'S MAXIMUM RECOMMENDATIONS.
 8. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SODDED AND RESTORED TO MATCH EXISTING BY THE CONTRACTOR, PER SPECIFICATION 02400.
 9. IF IT IS DETERMINED THAT UTILITY POLES REQUIRE HOLDING OR RELOCATION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTING CITY, STATE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 10. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTING CITY, STATE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 10. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTING CITY, STATE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 10. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTING CITY, STATE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 10. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTING CITY, STATE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 10. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTING CITY, STATE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 11. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTENCE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 11. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTENCE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 11. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WASHING THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTENCE OR COUNTY ROADWAY PAVEMENT (CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES SHALL 11. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLVED TO THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTING PROCEDURES SHALL 11. THE PIPING WITHOUT DAMAGING THE EXISTEN

- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT PLACE ANY FILL MATERIALS WITHIN A WETTED DITCH OR WETLAND AREA WHEN WORKING ADJACENT TO EITHER TYPE OF AREA.

 12. DEWATERING MAY BE REQUIRED IN SOME AREAS TO ACHIEVE THE NECESSARY EXCAVATION AND SUBSEQUENT CONSTRUCTION, BACKFILLING AND COMPACTING, CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ANY NECESSARY DEWATERING PERMITS. ALL DEWATERING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION OF THE SPECIFICATIONS.

 13. PRIOR TO BID PREPARATION, THE CONTRACTOR MUST BECOME FAMILIARIZED WITH THE OVERALL SITE CONDITION AND PERFORM ADDITION AS DETERMINED NECESSARY TO UNDERSTAND THE LIMIT AND DEPTH OF EXPECTED ORGANIC SILT PEAT AREAS, ADEQUACY OF EXISTING, MATERIALS AS FILL, DEWATERING REQUIREMENTS, CLEAN FILL REQUIRED FROM OFFSITE, AND MATERIALS TO BE INCIDENTAL TO THE CONTRACT AND NO EXTRA COMPENSATION WILL BE ALLOWED. THE MATERIALS ANTICIPATED TO THE CONTRACTOR DUE TO INADEQUATE INVESTIGATION OF EXISTING PRIOR TO USE AS BACKFILL AND THE CONTRACTOR MAY HAVE TO BRING IN MATERIALS AT NO EXTRA COST FROM OFFSITE TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPACTION AND PROPER FILL.

 BE INCIDENTAL TO THE CONTRACT AND NO EXTRA COMPENSATION WILL BE ALLOWED. THE MATERIALS ANTICIPATED TO BE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION MAY REQUIRE DRYING PRIOR TO USE AS BACKFILL AND THE CONTRACTOR AND PROPER FILL.

- 16. CHAPTER 533-851 OF THE FLORIDA STATUTES REQUIRES THAT AN EXCAVATOR NOTITY ALL GAS UTILITIES A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) WORKING DAYS RIGOR TO EXCENTING.

 15. WORK HOURS SHALL BE BETWEEN 750 A.M. AND 5:00 PM, MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY. WORK OUTSIDE OF THESE HOURS SHALL BE APPROVED AT THE SOLE DISCRETION OF THE CITY OF NAPLES. CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING WATER MAINS TO BE MADE DURING LOW PERIOD AND MUST BE COORDINATING WITH UTILITY DEPARTMENT.

 16. CONTRACTOR SHALL WORK TO MAINTAIN TWO LANES OF TRAFFIC AT ALL TIMES AND ACCESS TO EXISTING RESIDENCES SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION ON ALL ROADWAYS.

 17. CONTRACTOR SHALL MORE AND WILL BE PERFORMED AS CONSTRUCTION AREAS TO THEE CONCLUSION OF THE PROJECT.

 18. BACTERIOLOGICAL SAMPLING POINTS SHALL BE DESIGNATED BY THE COLLIER COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT. BEFORE ANY PORTION OF THE MAIN WATER IS TO BE PLACED IN SERVICE IT SHALL BE DISINFECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIRE TO AMBINATION OF WATER AND WASTEWATER. FOR COLLIER COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT. BEFORE ANY PORTION OF THE MAIN WATER IS TO BE PLACED IN SERVICE WITH THE CONCLUSION OF THE REPORT.

 19. ALL EXPOSED DUCTILE IRON PIPE, FITTINGS AND SPECIALS SHALL BE PAINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR POURTING AND CONSTRUCTION PAIN AND FOR SHALL MAINTAIN COPIES OF ALL APPLICABLE PRIMTIS AND CONSTRUCTION PLANS ON-SITE AND SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ALL AREAS CONTAINING ADJACENT DRAINAGE, INCLUDING CANALS OR CREEKS.

 21. FOR ALL VALVES, ETC. CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR POURING CONCRETE DENTIFICATION PAD AS DISPLAYED IN THE DRAWNG DETAILS.

 22. FOR ALL VALVES, ETC. CONTRACTOR'S REPONSIBLE FOR POURING CONCRETE DENTIFICATION PAD AS DISPLAYED IN THE DRAWNG DETAILS.

 23. DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR POURING CONCRETE DENTIFICATION PAD AS DISPLAYED IN THE DRAWNG DETAILS.

INDEX OF SHEETS

D-2	D-1	C-6	C-5	C-4	C-3	C-2	C-1	G-2	G-1	Sheet No.1
Pictures	Detail	Well 414	Well 417	Well 421	Well 413	Well 402	Well 401	Location Map	Cover and Index	Description

THESE DRAWINGS ARE A COMBINATON OF SEVERAL REFERENCE DRAWINGS PROVIDED TO THE CITY. THESE DRAWINGS ARE TO BE USED AS REFERENCE ONLY. THE USER SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR OBTAINING ALL CURRENT UTILITY LOCATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE BY POT-HOLING ALL CRITICAL UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE TO ANY UNDERGROUND UTILITY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RETORE ALL SOD, PAVEMENT, IRRIGATION, LANDSCAPING, DRIVEWAYS, CURBING, ETC. TO

Cover, CITY OF NAPLES General Head Improvements UTILITIES DEPARTMENT Votes, and Index

DATE: NOV SHEET G-1 FILE NO. 2012

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Cypress

Lake

Harlem
Harlem
Heights
San Carlos
Sorvey
Fort Myers
Park

Corkscrew
Regional
Estero Bay
Springs

Estero Bay
Watershed

Manor

Fortion

Carangetree

Maples

Pelson Bay
Vineyards

Pelson Bay
Vineyards

Annor

State Forest

Fortia Painter
Watershed

Manor

State Forest

Fortia Painter
Watershed

Fortia Painter
Watershed

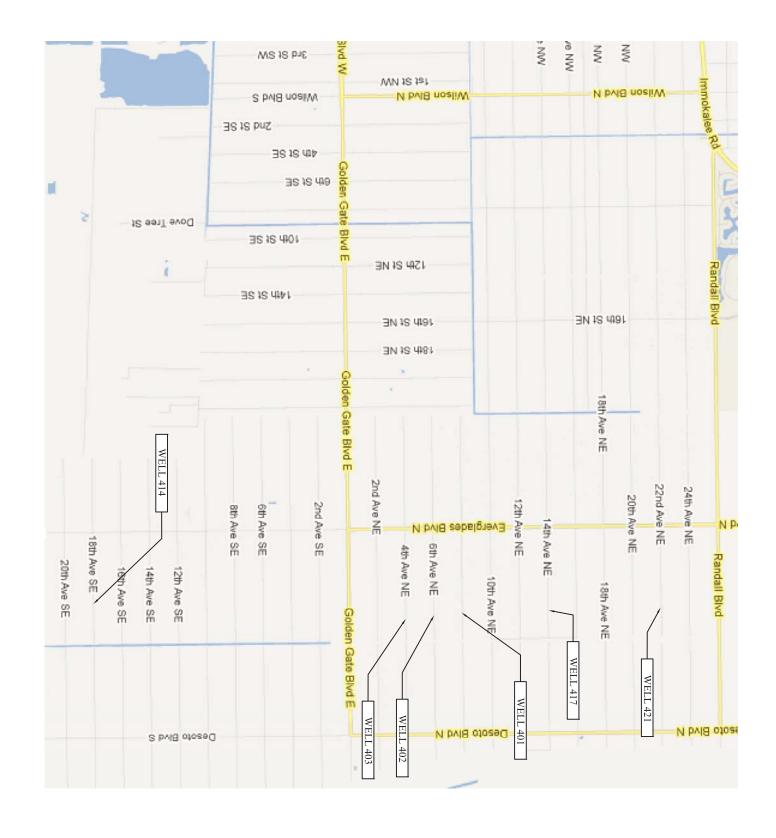
Fortia Painter

State Forest

Fakahatchee

Strand Preserve

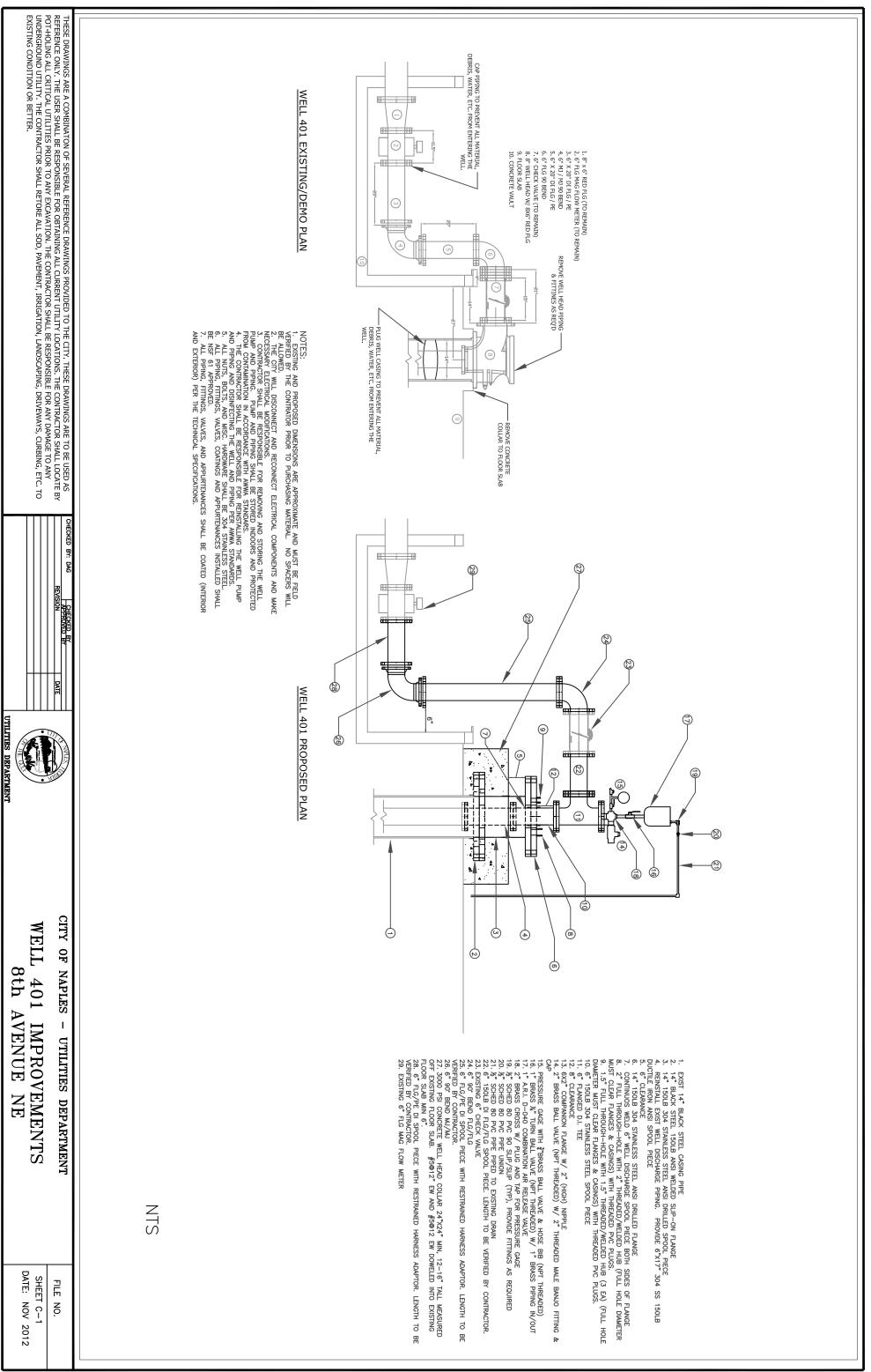
Strand Preserve

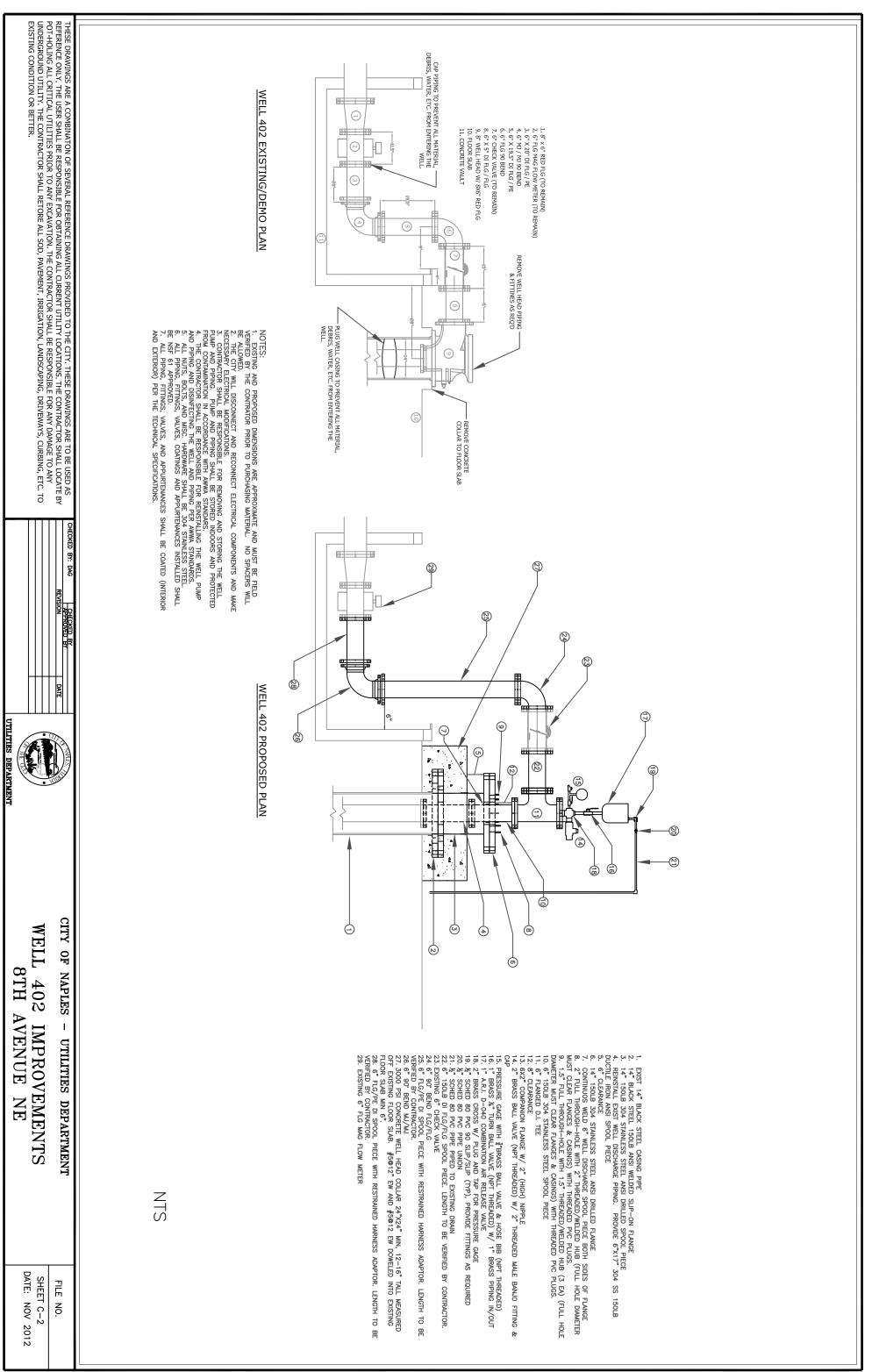


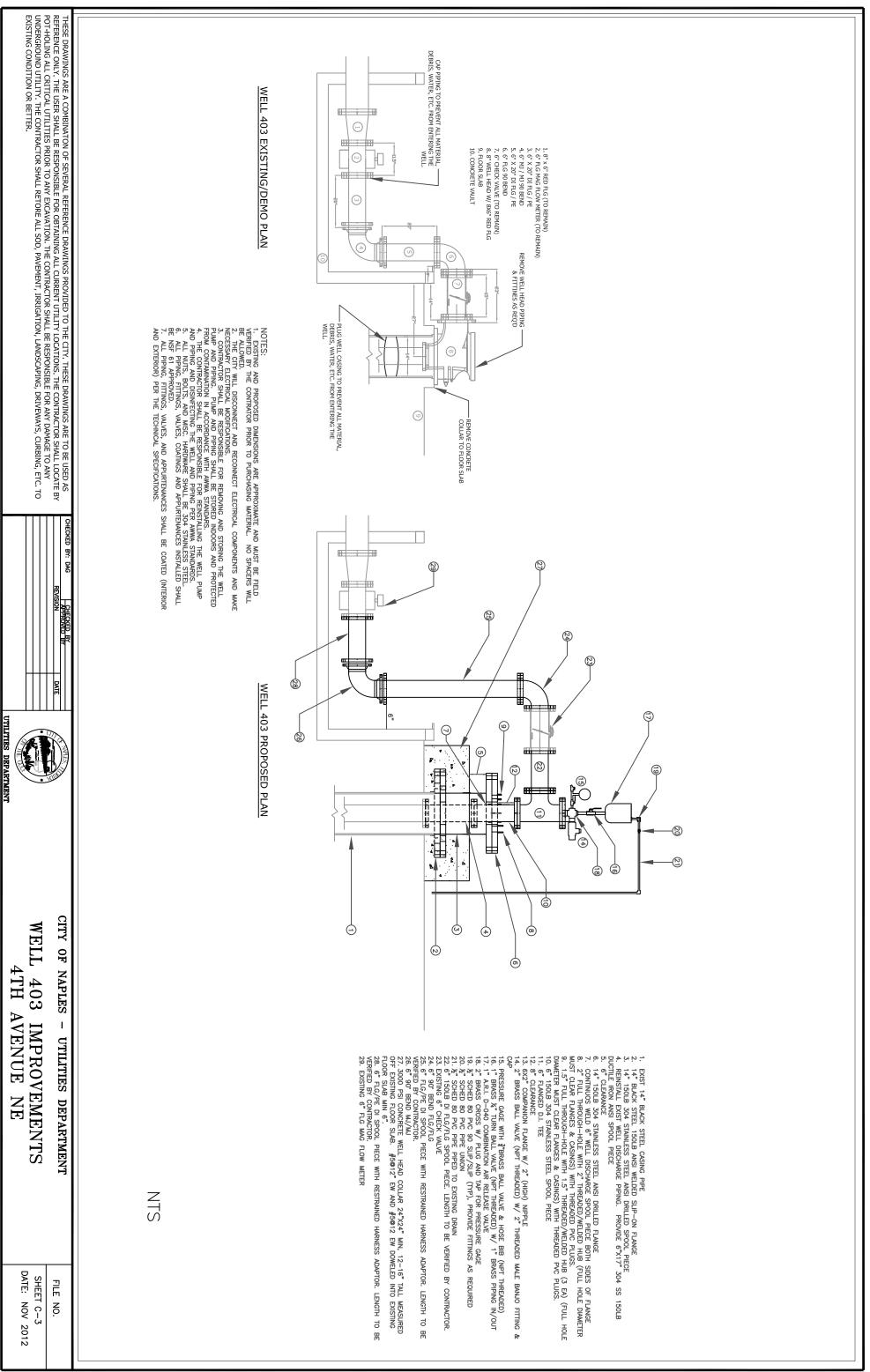
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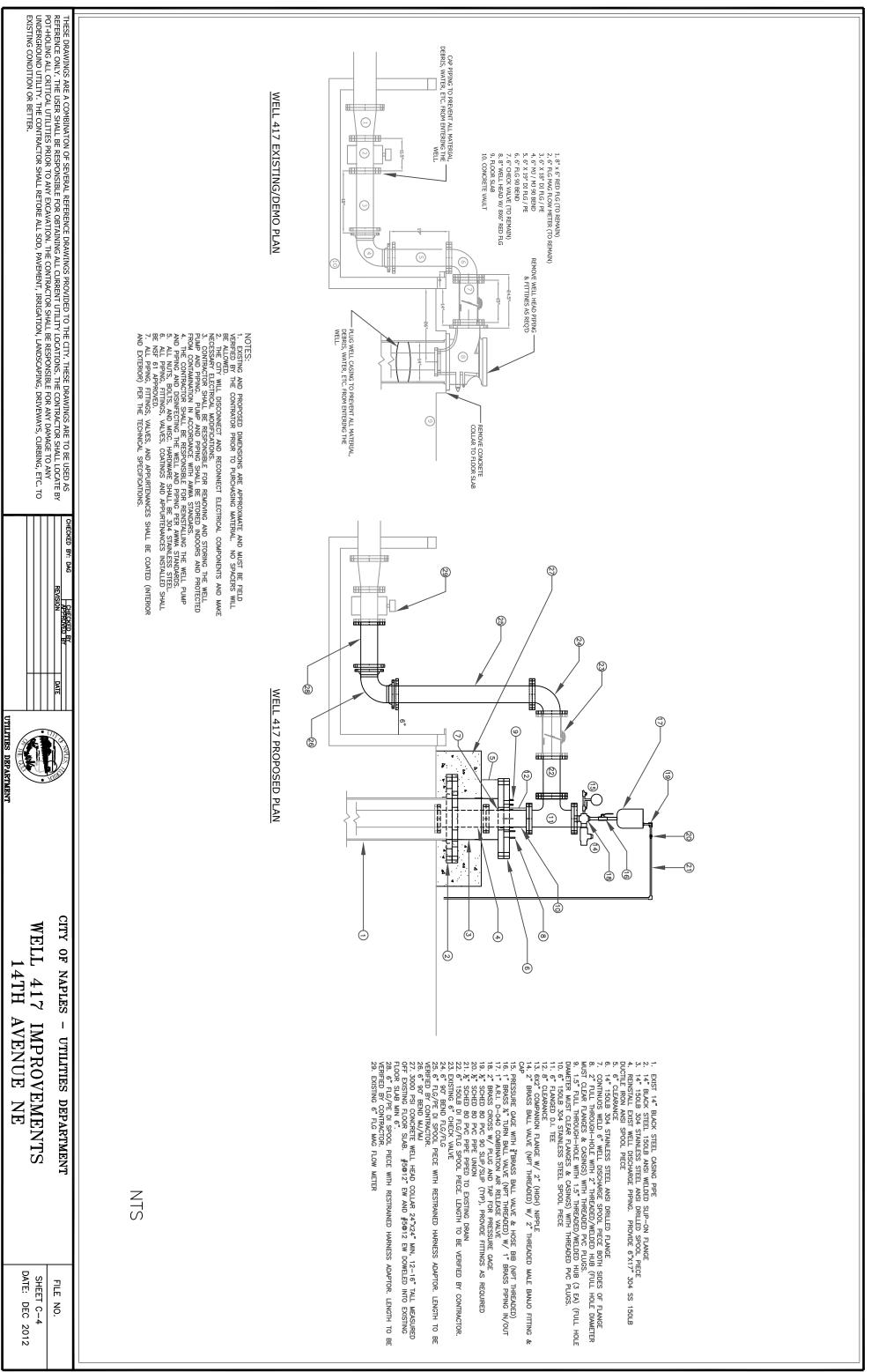
SHEET G-2

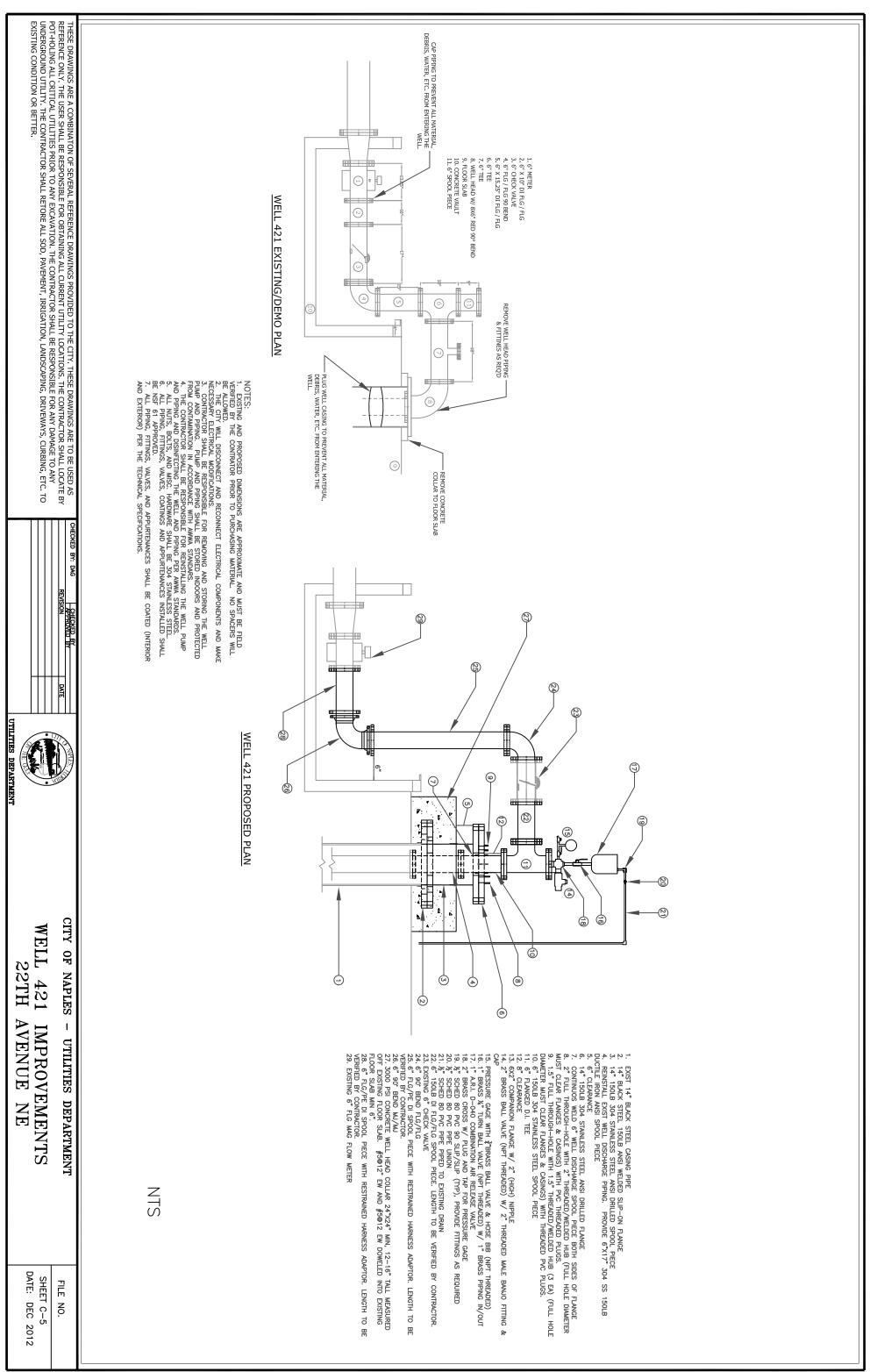
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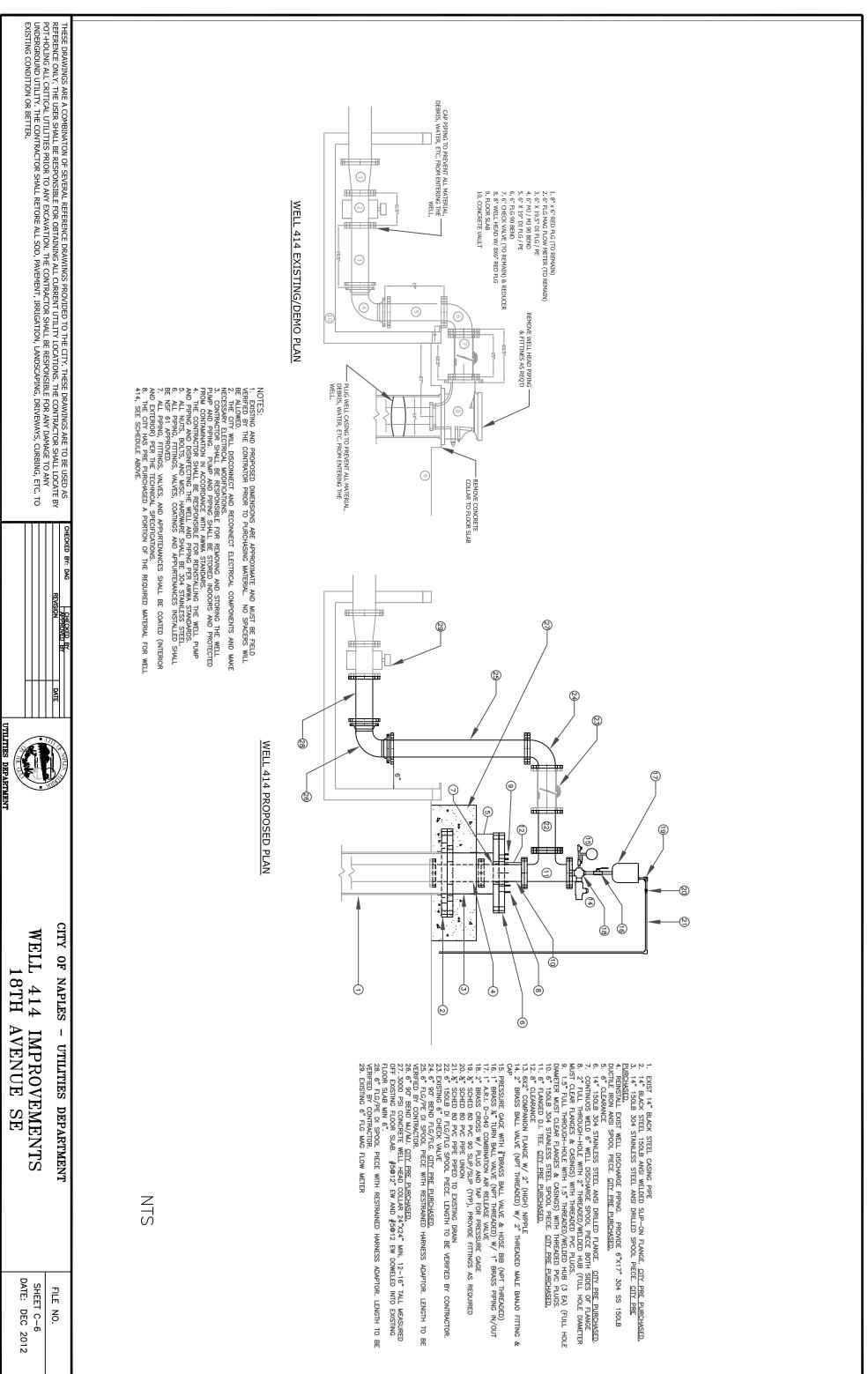


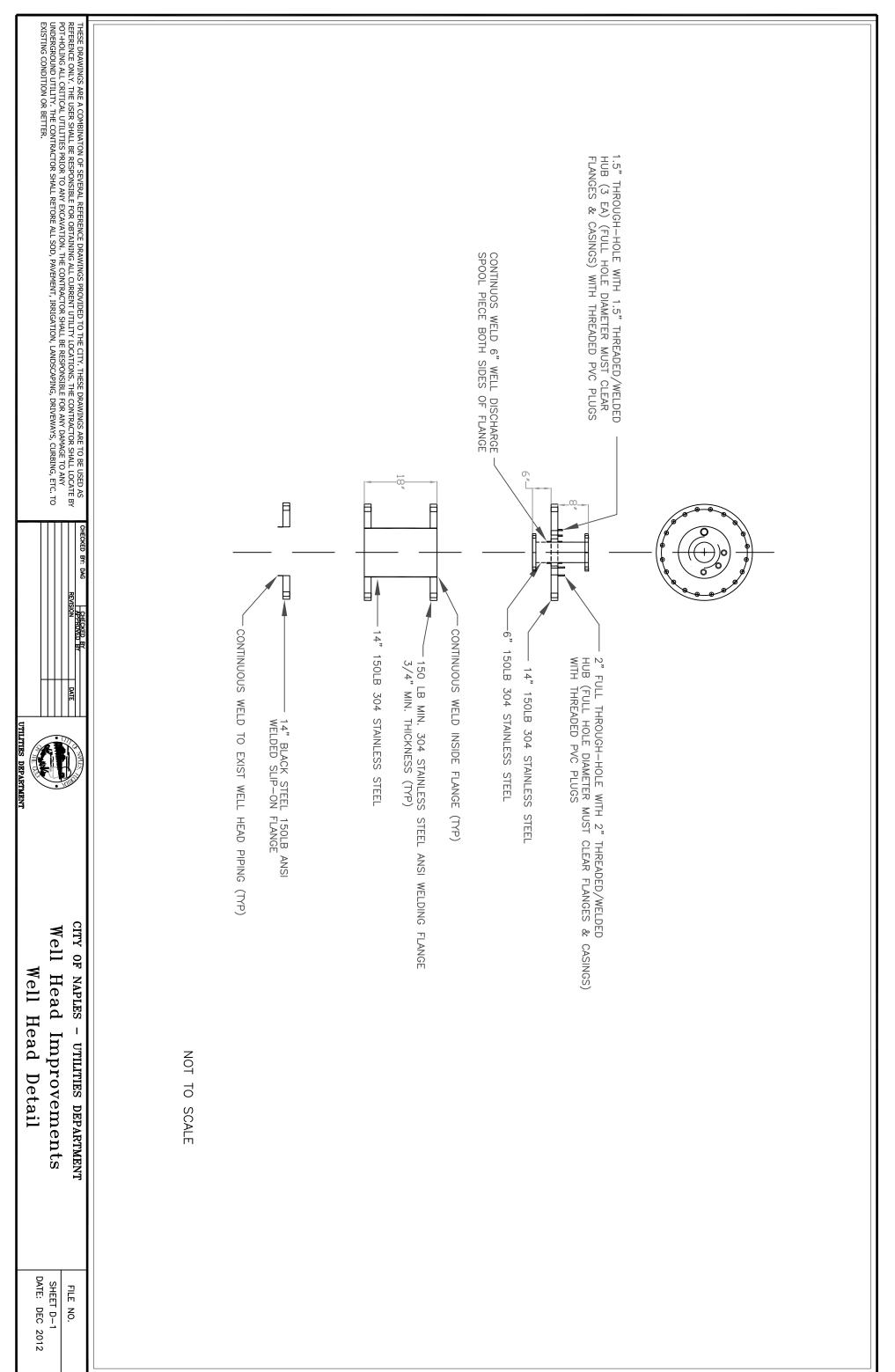






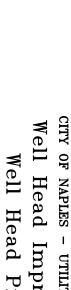




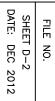


TYPICAL COMPLETED WELLS





Well Head Improvements UTILITIES DEPARTMENT Pictures

















TYPICAL EXISTING WELLS





Bid Schedule

No.	Description	Unit	Quantity	Unit Price	Total
1	Well 401	LS	1	\$18,500.00	\$18,500.00
2	Well 402	LS	1	\$18,500.00	\$18,500.00
3	Well 403	LS	1	\$18,500.00	\$18,500.00
4	Well 417	LS	1	\$18,500.00	\$18,500.00
5	Well 421	LS	1	\$18,500.00	\$18,500.00
6	Well 414	LS	1	\$12,376.54	\$12,376.54
7	City Controlled Contingency	LS	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
	Total			·	\$109,876.54

- 1. Price for Well 401 shall include all cost for preparatory work, mobilizing and demobilizing, insurance, permitting, maintenance of traffic, field engineering, construction schedule, shop drawings, preconstruction photography, demolition, disposal, plugging, capping, welding, storing material and equipment (new and existing); removal and reinstallation of pump, piping, and fittings (as applicable); furnishing and installation of new piping and fittings; concrete work, coating, testing, and all other related items as required per the Drawings and Specification, and City of Naples requirements.
- 2. Price for Well 402 shall include all cost for preparatory work, mobilizing and demobilizing, insurance, permitting, maintenance of traffic, field engineering, construction schedule, shop drawings, preconstruction photography, demolition, disposal, plugging, capping, welding, storing material and equipment (new and existing); removal and reinstallation of pump, piping, and fittings (as applicable); furnishing and installation of new piping and fittings; concrete work, coating, testing, and all other related items as required per the Drawings and Specification, and City of Naples requirements.
- 3. Price for Well 403 shall include all cost for preparatory work, mobilizing and demobilizing, insurance, permitting, maintenance of traffic, field engineering, construction schedule, shop drawings, preconstruction photography, demolition, disposal, plugging, capping, welding, storing material and equipment (new and existing); removal and reinstallation of pump, piping, and fittings (as applicable); furnishing and installation of new piping and fittings; concrete work, coating, testing, and all other related items as required per the Drawings and Specification, and City of Naples requirements.
- 4. Price for Well 417 shall include all cost for preparatory work, mobilizing and demobilizing, insurance, permitting, maintenance of traffic, field engineering, construction schedule, shop drawings, preconstruction photography, demolition, disposal, plugging, capping, welding, storing material and equipment (new and existing); removal and reinstallation of pump, piping, and fittings (as applicable); furnishing and installation of new piping and fittings; concrete work, coating, testing, and all other related items as required per the Drawings and Specification, and City of Naples requirements.
- 5. Price for Well 421 shall include all cost for preparatory work, mobilizing and demobilizing, insurance, permitting, maintenance of traffic, field engineering, construction schedule, shop drawings,

preconstruction photography, demolition, disposal, plugging, capping, welding, storing material and equipment (new and existing); removal and reinstallation of pump, piping, and fittings (as applicable); furnishing and installation of new piping and fittings; concrete work, coating, testing, and all other related items as required per the Drawings and Specification, and City of Naples requirements.

6. Price for Well 414 shall include all cost for preparatory work, mobilizing and demobilizing, insurance, permitting, maintenance of traffic, field engineering, construction schedule, shop drawings, preconstruction photography, demolition, disposal, plugging, capping, welding, storing material and equipment (new and existing); removal and reinstallation of pump, piping, and fittings (as applicable); furnishing and installation of new piping and fittings; installation of City pre-purchased materials, concrete work, coating, testing, and all other related items as required per the Drawings and Specification, and City of Naples requirements.

GENERAL INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall not commence work until he has obtained all the insurance required under this heading, and until such insurance has been approved by the Owner, nor shall the Contractor allow any subcontractor to commence work until all similar insurance required of the subcontractor has also been obtained and approved by the Owner.

Certificates of insurance must be issued by an authorized representative of the insurance company at the request and direction of the policyholder and must include sufficient information so as to identify the coverage and the contract for Owner's improvements for which they are issued. Certificates of insurance must be issued by a nationally recognized insurance company with a Best's Rating of no less than B+VII, satisfactory to the Owner, and duly licensed to do business in the state of said Contract.

The Contractor shall procure and maintain, during the life of this Contract, Workmen's Compensation Insurance for all of his employees to be engaged in work under this Contract, and he shall require any subcontractor similarly to provide Workmen's Compensation Insurance for all of the latter's employees to be engaged in such work, unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the Contractor's insurance. In case any employees are to be engaged in hazardous work under this Contract, and are not protected under this Workmen's Compensation statute, the Contractor shall provide, and shall cause each subcontractor to provide, adequate coverage for the protection of such employees. It is acceptable to use a State-approved Workmen's Compensation Self-Insurance fund.

The Contractor shall take out and maintain during the life of this Contract, Public Liability and Property Damage and shall include Contractual Liability, Personal Injury, Libel, Slander, False Arrest, Malicious Prosecution, Wrongful Entry or Eviction, Broad Form Property Damage, Products, Completed Operations and XCU Coverage to be included on an occurrence basis, and to the full extent of the Contract to protect him, the Owner, and any subcontractor performing work covered by this Contract from damages for personal injury, including accidental death, as well as from claims for property damage, which may arise from operations under this contract, whether such operations be by himself or by a subcontractor, or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by either of them. The Contractor shall also maintain automobile liability insurance including "non-owned and hired" coverage. The entire cost of this insurance shall be borne by the Contractor.

The amount of such insurance shall be no less than \$1,000,000 annual aggregate for bodily injury and property damage combined per occurrence.

The City of Naples must be named as Additional Insured on the insurance certificate <u>and the following must also be stated on the certificate</u>. "These coverage's are primary to all other coverage's the City possesses for this contract only." The City of Naples shall be named as the Certificate Holder. The Certificate Holder shall read as follows:

The City of Naples 735 Eighth Street South Naples, Florida 34102

No City Division, Department, or individual name should appear on the Certificate.

No other format will be acceptable.

The Certificate must state the bid number and title.

When using the ACORD 25 - Certificate of Insurance only the most current version will be accepted.

The City of Naples requires a copy of a cancellation notice in the event the policy is cancelled. The City of Naples shall be expressly endorsed onto the policy as a cancellation notice recipient.

[If other insurance or insurance requirements or any waivers, attach as Exhibit C-1through C-__]

EXHIBIT D

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH IMMIGRATION LAWS

The undersigned, is the Voungquist Brothers, Inc. ("the CONTRACTOR"), and hereby certifies to the following:

- 1. The CONTRACTOR is in full compliance with all provisions of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 ("IRCA"), as well as all related immigration laws, rules, regulations pertaining to proper employee work authorization in the United States.
- 2. The undersigned has verified that the CONTRACTOR has obtained and maintains on file, and will continue to obtain and maintain on file, all documentation required by law, including but not limited to, Form I-9, Employment Eligibility Verification, for all persons employed by or working for the CONTRACTOR in any capacity on any project for the City of Naples (CITY). All such persons have provided evidence of identity and eligibility to work to the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the IRCA and related law. The undersigned hereby affirms that no person has been or will be employed by the CONTRACTOR to work on projects for the CITY who is not authorized to work under law. The undersigned further affirms that the CONTRACTOR's files will be updated by written notice any time that additional employees work on projects for the CITY.
- 3. The CONTRACTOR will have its contractors, subcontractors, suppliers and vendors who are involved in projects for the CITY to sign a written acknowledgment that they too are in compliance with immigration law. It is understood that failure to do so could result in the CONTRACTOR being liable for any violation of the law by such third parties.
- 4. The CONTRACTOR will fully cooperate with and have its contractors, subcontractors, suppliers and vendors to fully cooperate with, all inquiries and investigations conducted by any governmental agency in connection with proper compliance with the laws pertaining to appropriate work authorization in the United States.
- 5. The undersigned, on behalf of the CONTRACTOR, acknowledges that this Certification may be relied upon by the CITY, its officers, directors, employees, and affiliates or related persons and entities.
- 6. If it is found that the CONTRACTOR has not complied with the laws pertaining to proper employment authorization, and any legal and administrative action ensues against the CITY, the CONTRACTOR will indemnify, defend and hold the CITY harmless along with their officers, directors, employees, and affiliated or related persons and entities.
- 7. The CONTRACTOR acknowledges that the CITY by their authorized representatives shall have the right, at any time, upon 24 hours notice, to examine the CONTRACTOR's books and records to confirm that the CONTRACTOR is in compliance with the terms of this certification.

Executed this 6th day of February , 2013.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

STATE OF HURITA
COUNTY OF LEE
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this day of day o
bears a serial number of other identifying number.
Christine Fulbright
CHRISTINE FULBRIGHT MY COMMISSION # EE 205603 EXPIRES: October 7, 2016 Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters Print Name: NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF Plorida Commission Number: EE 205403
My Commission Expires: 10-7-16
(Notary Seal)

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